



LHO - 0815

LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – VIII) Examination, October 2015 WOMEN, POVERTY AND DEVELOPMENT LAWS

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: 1) Answer any 8 questions from 1 to 12.

2) Question 13 and 14 are compulsory. (8×8=64)

 Constitution of India emphasises equal status to men and women and ensures no discrimination on the basis of gender. Comment with case law.

- A Hindu marriage was purely considered a sacrament. Has the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 brought about any change?
- Write an essay on the essentials of a Muslim marriage and comment whether the laws of marriage provide the Muslim women with security and protections.
- Under the Hindu law of succession, womens' status has undergone a tremendous change. Discuss with reference to Pre-Act and Post Act position.
- The Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939, confers upon a Muslim wife the right to seek judicial divorce. Discuss the grounds.
- Discuss offences relating to marriage under the Indian Penal Code.
- Critically analyse the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961. Does the law require further amendments or has it brought about the desired change?
- Discuss the position of women under Industrial Laws.
- 9. Critically analyse the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986.
- Rape is the most inhuman of all offences and is a gross violation of a womens human rights. Comment.
- Discuss rescue, remedial and rehabilitation measures and provision under the Prevention of Immoral Traffic Act.
- 12. What are the conditions in which a pre-diagnostic technique may be conducted on a woman?



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- 13. Write notes on any two: (2x3=6)

- a) Section 125 Cr.P.C.
- b) Indecent representation of women.
- c) Miscarriage.
- 14. Write short notes on any two:

(2×21/2=5)

- a) Sati
- b) National Commission for Women
- c) Termination of pregnancy.

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Critically analyse the Downy Prohibition Act, 1961. Does the Day require further