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LHO - 1314

## LL.B. (Hons.) (Semester – X) Examination, October 2014 INDIAN EVIDENCE ACT

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: 1) Answer any 8 questions from Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 12.

2) Q. No. 13 and Q. No. 14 are compulsory. slon from a slinW

 $(8 \times 8 = 64)$ 

- Explain the law relating to dying declarations.
- What is an admission? List out persons whose admissions Constitute evidence against a party.
- Discuss the principles of Burden of Proof in detail.
- 4. Write short notes on:
  - a) Judgement in Rem
  - b) Judgement in personam.
- 5. Explain the facts which the court is bound to take judicial notice of.
- Explain the situations when anything said or written by one conspirator is relevant against other conspirator.
- 7. Briefly discuss the exceptions to the principle of excluding Hearsay evidence.
- 8. State and explain the principle of estoppel incorporated under the law of evidence.
- 'Privileged communications admit of certain exceptions'. Explain this statement in detail.
- Explain the various presumptions available under the Indian Evidence Act.
- Explain when expert opinion is relevant under the Indian Evidence Act.
- 'Confessions made to a police officer of any one in his custody is not admissible'.
   Explain the statement with exception, if any.



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13. Write short notes on any two:

 $(2 \times 3 = 6)$ 

- a) Fact in Issue
- b) Plea of Alibi
- c) Ambiguous documents.

14. Write short note on any two:

(2×2.5=5)

- a) Proof of legitimacy of child
- b) Leading question
- c) Child witness.