

www.FirstRanker.com

www.FirstRanker.com

B.A. L.L.B. Semester IV April 2015

PROPERTY LAW

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: 1) Answer any eight questions from Q. No. 1 to 12 $(8 \times 8 = 64)$

2) Q. No. 13 and 14 is compulsory

1. State and explain vested and contingent interest and state differences if any.

- 2. State and explain the Doctrine of Part Performance.
- 'A right of alienation is incidental to and inseparable from the beneficial ownership of property'. Discuss in detail the conditions restraining alienation.
- 4. 'For a valid transfer of property, the property must be transferrable property'. State the exceptions to this.
- 5. Explain the Doctrine of Election.
- 6. 'There cannot be a direct transfer to an unborn'. Explain the concept of transfer for the benefit of unborn person.
- 7. What is an easement? Explain the modes of acquisition of easement.
- 8. Define sale. Explain the seller's rights and liabilities.
- Explain the rights and liabilities of Lessor and Lessee.
- 10. Briefly explain the concept of Marshalling, Contribution and Subrogation.
- 11. Define Gift. Explain how a gift can be revoked.
- Discuss various types of mortgages.
- 13. Write short notes on any 2 of the following:-

 $(3 \times 2 = 6)$

- a) Exchange
- b) Charge.
- c) Onerous gift
- 14. Render legal advice on any 2 of the following by giving reasons and citing relevant provisions of law:
 ($2 \times 2.5 = 5$)
- a) A leased a house and garden to B who takes possession of the properties. A then sells the said properties to C. C is now pleading that he had no knowledge (notice) of Bs right as a lessee. Advise B.
- b) There is a contract of sale of a piece of land between A and B in 1999. The contract is in writing, stamped, attested and duly executed but not registered by A who is the seller. B, has performed his part of the contract i.e. has paid the price. On the basis of such contract B takes the possession of land. Now, A refuses to sell the property to B. Advise B.
- c) A, B and C are co-owners of a piece of land having equal shares. The land is subject to mortgage. C sells his 1/3rd share to D without effecting partition. Can D be substituted in place of C.?
