Roll No.
Total No. of Pages : 03
Total No. of Questions : 18

> B.Tech. (CSE) (2018 Batch) (Sem.-3)
> MATHEMATICS-III
> Subject Code : BTAM304-18
> M.Code : 76438

Time : 3 Hrs.
Max. Marks : 60

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

## SECTION-A

Solve the following :

1. Show that the limit for the function $f(x, y)=\frac{x^{2}+y^{2}}{x^{2}-x^{2}}$ does not exists as $(x, y) \rightarrow(0,0)$.
2. Evaluate the integral $\int_{-1}^{1} \int_{0}^{z} \int_{x-z}^{x+z} d y d x d z$.
3. Check the convergence of the following sequences whose nth term is given by $a_{n}=\left(\frac{3 n+1}{3 n-1}\right)^{n}$.
4. State Cauchy Integral test for convergence of a positive term infinite series.
5. Write down the Taylor's series expansion for $\sin x$ about $x=\frac{\pi}{2}$.
6. Solve by reducing into Clairaut's equation : $p=\log (p x-y)$, where $p=\frac{d y}{d x}$.
7. Solve the differential equation $\frac{d y}{d x}+y \cot x=x \operatorname{cosec} x$
8. Determine whether the differential equation is exact

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\left(x^{2}+y^{2}+2 x\right) d x+2 y d y=0
$$

9. Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+\frac{d y}{d x}+y=0$
10. Find Particular integral for $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-2 \frac{d y}{d x}+y=e^{-x}$

## SECTION-B

11. Using Method of Lagrange Multipliers, find the maximum and minimum distance of the point $(3,4,12)$ from the sphere $x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}=1$.
12. Solve by changing order of integration : $\int_{0}^{a} \int_{y}^{a} \frac{x}{x^{2}+y^{2}} d x d y$, a is any positive constant.
13. For what value(s) of $x$ does the series converge (i) conditionally (ii) absolutely? $x-\frac{x^{2}}{\sqrt{2}}+\frac{x^{3}}{\sqrt{3}}-\ldots .$. to $\infty$. Also find the interval of convergence.
14. Solve the differential equation :
$\left(x y^{3}+y\right) d x+2\left(x^{2} y^{2}+x+y^{4}\right) d y=0$
15. Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-3 \frac{d y}{d x}+2 y=x e^{3 x}+\sin 2 x$.

## SECTION-C

16. a) Check the convergence of the series $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n+1}-\sqrt{n}}{n^{3 / 2}}$.
b) Find by double integration, the area lying inside the circle $r=a \sin \theta$ and outside the cardiode $r=a(1-\cos \theta)$.
17. a) Solve the differential equation $\frac{d y}{d x}+\frac{x}{1-x^{2}} y=x \sqrt{y}$.
b) Solve the differential $x y p^{2}-\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right) p+x y=0$, where $p=\frac{d y}{d x}$.
18. a) Solve by Method of Variation of parameters $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+y=\sec x$.
b) Solve $(1+x)^{2} \frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+(1+x) \frac{d y}{d x}+y=\cos \ln (1+x)$.

NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

