

1681_2008_2_S48

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

First year B.Sc. (Nursing - Basic) Degree Examination - Sept / Oct 2008

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 80 Marks

MICROBIOLOGY (Revised Scheme)

Q.P. CODE: 1681

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS (Answer any Two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- List the mycobacteria of medical importance. Describe the laboratory diagnosis of pulmonary tuberculosis. How is the disease prevented in the community
- Define nosocomial infections. Enumerate the bacteria causing nosocomial infections. What are the steps taken to control such infections
- 3. List the viruses causing hepatitis. Write briefly on the laboratory diagnosis of hepatitis B virus. Add a note on it's prophylaxis

SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any Eight)

 $8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ Marks}$

- kaukei cou Differences between bacteria and viruses
- 5. Aetiology and pathogenesis of filariasis
- Candida albicans 6.
- 7. Bacterial growth curve
- 8. Bacterial exotoxin
- 9. Flagella
- Life cycle of entamoeba histolytica 10.
- Laboratory diagnosis of Diphtheria 11
- 12. Life cycle of taenia saginata
- 13. Mumps

SHORT ANSWERS

 $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- List four sexually transmitted viral infections 14.
- List four nematodes seen in intestine 15
- 16. Define zoonosis. Give two examples of zoonotic infections
- 17. Define inclusion body. Give two examples of viral inclusion bodies
- 18. Enterotoxigenic Eschcoli
- 19. Define Iatrogenic infection
- 20. Define biological vectors and give two examples
- 21. Diagram of IgG
- 22. Uses of an autoclave
- Casoni test 23
