

UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT  
SCHOOL OF DISTANCE EDUCATION  
QUESTION BANK  
HIS1 B01 THE TRENDS IN HISTORIOGRAPHY  
Core Course of BA HISTORY  
(2019 Admission)  
SEMESTER I  
MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS.

1. Historiography as an independent branch of history emerged in ..... century.

- a) 19 th
- b) 17 th
- c) 20 th
- d) 18 th

2. Fatwa -i- jahandari is a work of .....

- a) Barani
- b) Kalhana
- c) Ferishta
- d) Abul fazal.

3. Tarikh -i- firoz shahi is written by .....

- a) Barani
- b) Kalhana
- c) Ferishta
- d) Abul fazal.

4. Barani was born in .....

- a) 1286
- b) 1635
- c) 1263
- d) 1359

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.Barani was born at.....

- a) kathial
- b) Delhi
- c) Ajmer
- d) Agra.

6. The great work of Abul Fazal was titled

- a) Akbarnama
- b) Gulamgiri
- c) Mubarak-shahi
- d) Firoz Shahi.

7. Rajatarangini consist of .....books.

- a) 8
- b) 3
- c) 6
- d) 5

8. The word history derived from.....word,

- a) Greek
- b) Latin
- c) Chinese
- d) Persian.

9. Rajatarangini consist of .....verses.

- a) 5000
- b) 8000
- c) 12000
- d) 3000

10. Rajarangini was translated into English by.....

- a) Max muller
- b) Aurel Stein
- c) William jones
- d) Prince.

11. Rajatarangini was divided into.....parts

- a) 3
- b) 2
- c) 7
- d) 10.

12. The first part of the rajatarangini deals with .....

- a) Legendary kings
- b) Buddhism
- c) Jainism
- d) Hinduism.

13. the third part of rajatarangini deals with the contemporary .....dynasty.

- a) Lohara
- b) utpala
- c) Karkotaka
- d) none of these.

14. Harshcharitha was witten by .....

- a) Jayanaka
- b) Bana
- c) Atula
- d) Prithviraj.

15. Mushakavamsa was work of .....

- a) Jayanaka
- b) Jana
- c) Atula
- d) Prithviraj

16. Atula was a contemporary of .....

- a) Ramaghata
- b) Harsha
- c) Akbar

d) Jahangir.

17. Abul Fazal was born at....

- a) Kathial
- b) Delhi
- c) Ajmer
- d) Agra.

18. The third part of the akbarnama was known as.....

- a) Ain-i-akbari
- b) Jahangiri
- c) Babarnama
- d) Tarikha.

19. Kalhana was the son of .....

- a) Simuka
- b) Kanpaka
- c) Jayasimha
- d) Bana.

20. Rajatarangini was completed in .....

- a) 1148
- b) 1234
- c) 1206
- d) 1341.

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1. The second part of Rajatarangini deals with

- a) Karkota and Utpala
- b) Utpala and Lohara
- c) Svratra and Kalhana
- d) none of these.

22. Valmiki authored

- a) Ramayana
- b) Mahabharata
- c) Rajatarangini
- d) Ganga.

23. Itihasa - Purana was compiled in .....period

- a) Sultanate
- b) Mughal
- c) Gupta & post Gupta
- d) Mourya.

24. Thus it was, the meaning of.....

- a) Itihasa
- b) Purana
- c) Karma
- d) Moksha.

25. Vyasa was the compiler of .....

- a) Ramayana

- b) Mahabharatha
- c) Rajatarangini
- d) Ganga.

26. Rajyasree was the sister of .....

- a) Harsha
- b) Bana
- c) Kalhana
- d) Atula.

27. Abul fazal was the court poet of .....

- a) Akbar
- b) Jahangir
- c) Babar
- d) Sher sha.

28. History derived from the Greek word.....

- a) Istoria
- b) Tarik
- c) Isnad
- d) none of these.

29. Tarik -i-ferishta is the work of .....

- a) Muhammed Qasim ferishta
- b) Muhammed bin Thughlaq
- c) Balban.
- d) Minhaj-us-Siraj

30. The father of Positivism.

- a) Comte
- b) Marx
- c) Hegel
- d) Vico.

31. Comte was a .....philosopher.

- a) English
- b) French
- c) Portuguese
- d) Chinese.

32. who is hailed as the father of history.

- a) Herodotus
- b) Thucydides
- c) Xenophen
- d) Livy.

33. History of Greco-Persian war was written by .....

- a) Herodotus
- b) Thucydides
- c) Xenophen
- d) Llivy.

34. Father of scientific history.

- a) ) Herodotus
- b) Thucydides
- c) Xenophen
- d. Livy.

35. History of peloponesian war was authored by.....

- a ) Herodotus
- b) Thucydides
- c) Xenophen
- d)Livy.

36. Name of the greatest Christian historian

- a) St.augustin
- b) Thucydides
- c) Xenophen
- d)Livy.

37. City of God was authored by.....

- a) St.augustin
- b) Thucydides
- c) Xenophen
- d. Livy.

38. Universal History was related to

- a)Ibn khaldun
- b)Herodotus
- c) Marx
- d) Akbar.

39. Ibn Khaldun was a .....historian

- a)Arab
- b) European
- c) Indian
- d) Greek.

40. Muqqadima was a part of.....

- a)Universal history
- b) Cultural history
- c) Indian history
- d) Chinese history.

41. Universal History was divided into .....books.

- a) Three
- b) Two
- c) One
- d) none.

42. Al Tariff is a part of .....

- a) Universal history
- b) Indian history
- c) Chinese history

d) Histories.

43. Who is known as the father of anti-cartesianism

- a) Vico
- b) Descartes
- c) Bacon
- d) Comte.

44. Giambattista Vico belongs to.....

- a) Italy
- b) France
- c) Canada
- d) Karnataka.

45. The New Science is a work of.....

- a) Vico
- b) Descartes
- c) Bacon
- d) Comte.

46. The first modern historian

- a) Ranke
- b) Hegel
- c) Spengler
- d) Toynbee.

47. Seminar was introduced by .....

- a) Ranke
- b) Hegel
- c) Spengler
- d) Toynbee.

48. Historische Zeitschrift was related to.....

- a) Ranke
- b) Hegel
- c) Spengler
- d) Toynbee.

49. Historische Zeitschrift is a.....

- a) Journal
- b) Seminar
- c) Paper
- d) none of these.

50. French history is a work of .....

- a) Ranke
- b) Hegel
- c) Spengler
- d) Toynbee.

51. The founder of historical materialism.

- a) Marx

- b) Hegel
- c) Herder
- d) Voltaire.

52. A contribution to the critique of Political Economy is written by .....

- a) Marx
- b) Hegel
- c) Herder
- d) Voltaire.

53. Father of scientific socialism

- a) Marx
- b) Engels
- c) Mao
- d) none

54. Communist Manifesto was written in .....

- a) 1857
- b) 1848
- c) 1875
- d) 1900.

55. The Concepts, thesis, anti -thesis and synthesis is introduced by.....

- a) Ranke
- b) Hegel
- c) Spengler
- d) Marx.

56. A Study of History is written by.....

- a) Ranke
- b) Hegel
- c) Spengler
- d) Toynbee.

57. The theory of challenge and response was propounded by

- a) Ranke
- b) Hegel
- c) Spengler
- d) Toynbee

58. Toynbee was a .....historian

- a) British
- b) Arab
- c) French
- d) German

59. Yin and Yang related to.....

- a) Chinese
- b) Indian
- c) West Asia
- d) Persian.

60 The great man theory was popularised by

- a) Bury
- b) Carlyle
- c) Croce
- d) Hegel.

61. Who defined history is a science no less and no more.

- a) Bury
- b) Carlyle
- c) Carr
- d) Hegel

62. Who authored the work a History of Greece.

- a) Herder
- b) Vico
- c) Fucault
- d) Bury.

63. Annales was formed in .....

- a) 1921
- b) 1929
- c) 1945
- d) 1931.

64. Annales school of historiography emerged in.....

- a) England
- b) U.S.A.
- c) France
- d) Germany .

65. The Annales was a.....

- a) Book
- b) Journal
- c) Movement
- d) Pamphlet.

66..... was the first editor of the Annales.

- a) Marc Bloch
- b) Bury
- c) Descartes
- d) Vico.

67. Fuedal Society is a seminal work of.....

- a) Marc Bloch
- b) Bury
- c) Descartes
- d) Vico.

68. Historian's craft is written by.....

- a) Marc Bloch
- b) Bury



- c) Descartes
- d) Vico.

69. The second editor of annals was

- a) Febver
- b) Braudel
- c) Laduree
- d) Dobb.

70. The mediterranean and the Mediterranean world in the age of Philip is a master piece of....

- a) Febver
- b) Braudel
- c) Laduree
- d) Dobb.

71. Fernard Braudel was the editor of annals during

- a) 1929-1944
- b) 1944-1956
- c) 1956-1968
- d) none of these.

72. ....was not an editor of the Annales.

- a) Marc Ferro
- b) Jacques legoff
- c) Pirrenne
- d) Mar Auge.

73. What is History is written by....

- a) E.H. Carr
- b) Gibbon
- c) Toyenbee
- d) Bloch.

74. The term subaltern was firstly used

- a) Guha
- b) Gramsci
- c) Mussolini
- d) Pirrenne.

75. The term subaltern Historiography refers to

- a) History from below
- b) History from above
- c) Total history
- d) Oral history.

76. Prison Note Books is a work of.....

- a) Guha
- b) Gramsci
- c) Mussolini
- d) Pirrenne.

77. Subaltern studies as historiographical trend was started in

- a) 1960s
- b) 1950s
- c) 1970s
- d) 1990s

78. Subaltern studies as historiographical trend started in india.

- a) 1960s
- b) 1980s
- c) 1970s
- d) 1990s

79. Ranajit Guha is a ..... historian

- a) Colonial
- b) Imperialist
- c) Subaltern
- d) Marxist

80. Post modernism was started in

- a) America
- b) Europe
- c) West Asia
- d) Asia.

81. The post modern condition : A report on Knowledge is authored by.....

- a) Jenkins
- b) Lyotard
- c) Washbrook
- d) Stein.

82. On What Is History is work of.....

- a) Jenkins
- b) Lyotard
- c) Washbrook
- d) Stein.

83. .... is not a work of K. Jenkins.

- a) on what is history
- b) Why history
- c) Rethinking History
- d) Histories.

84. Gender History started in .....

- a) 1960s
- b) 1950s
- c) 1970s
- d) 1990s

85. Gerda Lerner was specialised in .....

- a) Women's Studies
- b) Cultural History
- c) Ecological Studies

d) Anthropology.

86. The Lady and the Mill Girl is a work of .....

- a) G. Lerner
- b) Partha Chatterjee
- c) Shahid Amin
- d) Lalit Amani.

87. Archaeology of knowledge was published in .....

- a) 1969
- b) 1989
- c) 1789
- d) 1769.

88. History of Sexuality was published in .....

- a) 1976
- b) 1886
- c) 1995
- d) 1890.

89. Foucault was a ..... philosopher.

- a) French
- b) American
- c) English
- d) Danish.

90. History of sexuality is a seminal work of .....

- a) Jenkins
- b) Marx
- c) Foucault
- d) Lerner.

91. Madness and civilization was written by .....

- a) Jenkins
- b) Marx
- c) Foucault
- d) Lerner.

92. Food History was started by .....

- a) F.F. Armesto
- b) D.D. Kossambi
- c) Romila Thapar
- d) None of these.

93. Romila Thapar is a ..... historian

- a) Indian
- b) American
- c) British
- d) French.

94. Asoka and The Decline of Mauryas was published in .....

- a) 1960

- b) 1985
- c) 1990
- d) 1970

95. Elementary Aspects of A Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India is work of .....

- a) R.Guha
- b) P.Chatterjee
- c) G.Pandey
- d) S.Sarkar.

96.Rethinking History was published in .....

- a)1995
- b) 1985
- c) 1990
- d) 1945.

97.The New Nature of History was written by.....

- a) Herodotus
- b) Thucydides
- c) Arthur Marwick
- d)Ibn Batuta.

98. Cultural Past is work of .....

- a) F.F.Armesto
- b) DD.Kossambi
- c) Romila Thapar
- d) None of these.

99. .... is the oldest veda.

- a) Rigveda
- b) Yajur veda
- c) Sama veda
- d)Atharva veda.

100.Clio is the patron god of .....

- a) Politics
- b) History
- c) Sociology
- d)Economics.

#### ANSWERS.

- |      |      |
|------|------|
| 1.A  | 75.A |
| 2.A  | 76.B |
| 3.A  | 77.A |
| 4.A  | 78.B |
| 5.A  | 79.C |
| 6.A  | 80.B |
| 7.A  | 81.B |
| 8.A  | 82.A |
| 9.B  | 83.D |
| 10.B | 84.A |

11.A	85.A
12.A	86.A
13.A	87.A
14.B	88.A
15.C	89.A
16.A	90.C
17.D	91.C
18.A	92.A
19.B	93.A
20.A	94.A
21.A	95.A
22.A	96.A
23.C	97.C
24.A	98.C
25.B	99.A
26.A	100.B
27.A	
28.A	
29.A	
30.A	
31.B	
32.A	
33.A	
34.B	
35.B	
36.A	
37.A	
38.A	
39.A	
40.A	
41.A	
42.A	
43.A	
44.A	
45.A	
46.A	
47.A	
48.A	
49.A	
50.A	
51.A	
52.A	
53.A	
54.B	
55.B	
56.D	
57.D	
58.A	
59.A	
60.B	
61.A	
62.D	

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63.B  
64.C  
65.B  
66.A  
67.A  
68.A  
69.A  
70.B  
71.B  
72.C  
73.A  
74.B

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