



Topic:- ME MTECH S2

1) A family of arcs is obtained in the Smith chart by varying normalized reactance in a range of,

[Question ID = 4165]

- 0 to 1 [Option ID = 16654]
- $-j\infty$  to  $+j\infty$  [Option ID = 16655]
- 0 to  $+j\infty$  [Option ID = 16656]
- $-1$  to 0 [Option ID = 16657]

Correct Answer :-

- $-j\infty$  to  $+j\infty$  [Option ID = 16655]

2) A  $75\ \Omega$  quarter wave transformer is connected to a  $125\ \Omega$  TV receiver. The impedance at the input of this transformer will be,

[Question ID = 4166]

- $25\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16658]
- $45\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16659]
- $75\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16660]
- $100\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16661]

Correct Answer :-

- $45\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16659]

3) If a coaxial line has dimensions  $a \times b$  cm, the conductivity of the conductors is  $\sigma$  and the permittivity of the filled medium is  $\epsilon$ . Conductance per unit length of this coaxial transmission line is given as,

[Question ID = 4167]

- $\frac{2\pi\sigma}{\ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)}$   
[Option ID = 16662]
- $\frac{2\pi\epsilon}{\ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)}$   
[Option ID = 16663]
- $\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)}$   
[Option ID = 16664]
- $\frac{1}{2\pi\epsilon\ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)}$   
[Option ID = 16665]

Correct Answer :-

- $\frac{2\pi\sigma}{\ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)}$   
[Option ID = 16662]

4) A lossless transmission line used in a TV Receiver has a capacitance of  $50\ \text{pF/m}$  and an inductance of  $20\ \text{nH/m}$ . The characteristic impedance of a 10 meter long line will be then,

[Question ID = 4168]

- $50\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16666]
- $20\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16667]
- $40\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16668]
- $100\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16669]

Correct Answer :-

- $20\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16667]

5) A one-half wavelength lossless line of  $50\ \Omega$  is terminated to a load impedance of  $50+j50\ \Omega$ , its input impedance is,

[Question ID = 4169]

- $50+j50\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16670]
- $50-j50\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16671]
- $25-j25\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16672]
- $25-j25\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16673]

Correct Answer :-

- $50+j50\ \Omega$  [Option ID = 16670]



[Question ID = 4170]

1.  $\frac{1 - \Gamma(d)}{1 + \Gamma(d)}$

[Option ID = 16674]

2.  $\frac{\Gamma(d)}{1 - \Gamma(d)}$

[Option ID = 16675]

3.  $\frac{\Gamma(d)}{1 + \Gamma(d)}$

[Option ID = 16676]

4.  $\frac{1 + \Gamma(d)}{1 - \Gamma(d)}$

[Option ID = 16677]

Correct Answer :-

•  $\frac{1 + \Gamma(d)}{1 - \Gamma(d)}$

[Option ID = 16677]

7) A copper rectangular cavity resonator is structured by  $3 \times 4 \times 1 \text{ cm}^3$ . The resonant frequency for  $TM_{110}$  mode, is  
[Question ID = 4171]

1. 6.25 GHz [Option ID = 16678]  
2. 5.81 GHz [Option ID = 16679]  
3. 8.65 GHz [Option ID = 16680]  
4. 2.04 GHz [Option ID = 16681]

Correct Answer :-

- 6.25 GHz [Option ID = 16678]

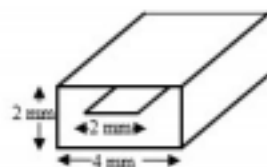
8) A transmission line of characteristics impedance  $Z_0$  is terminated in a load having VSWR=2. The normalized load impedance  $z_n$  of the transmission line is  
[Question ID = 4172]

1.  $Z_0$  [Option ID = 16682]  
2. 1 [Option ID = 16683]  
3. 0 [Option ID = 16684]  
4. 2 [Option ID = 16685]

Correct Answer :-

- 2 [Option ID = 16685]

9) In a Square coaxial transmission line shown in Fig., if the space between the conductors is filled with a material having a relative permittivity of 4.0 and the capacitance per unit length is  $6.3 \text{ pF/m}$ , the characteristic impedance of this line will be,



[Question ID = 4173]

1.  $30 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16686]  
2.  $50 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16687]  
3.  $40 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16688]  
4.  $20 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16689]

Correct Answer :-

- $30 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16686]



parabolic antenna is operating at 5 GHz and has an antenna power gain of 216. The diameter of this antenna is

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1. 16 cm [Option ID = 16691]
2. 25 cm [Option ID = 16692]
3. 36 cm [Option ID = 16693]

Correct Answer :-

- 36 cm [Option ID = 16693]

11) If a signal of 30 MHz is transmitted through a coaxial cable, which has a capacitance of 40 pF/m and an inductance of 900 nH/m. The propagation velocity for a 1m long cable is given by,

[Question ID = 4175]

1.  $2.36 \times 10^8$  m/s  
[Option ID = 16694]
2.  $1.66 \times 10^8$  m/s  
[Option ID = 16695]
3.  $2.66 \times 10^8$  m/s  
[Option ID = 16696]
4.  $1.33 \times 10^8$  m/s  
[Option ID = 16697]

Correct Answer :-

- $1.66 \times 10^8$  m/s  
[Option ID = 16695]

12) A perpendicularly polarized wave is incident at an angle of  $\theta_i = 15^\circ$  and it is propagating from medium 1 to medium 2. Medium 1 is characterized by  $\epsilon_{r1} = 9$ ,  $\mu_{r1} = 1$ ,  $\sigma_1 = 0$  and medium 2 is a free space. If the electric field intensity  $E_i = 3.0$  mV/m, the value of the magnetic field intensity  $H_i$ , will be,

[Question ID = 4176]

1. 23.87  $\mu$ A/m  
[Option ID = 16698]
2. 48.53  $\mu$ A/m  
[Option ID = 16699]
3. 15.46  $\mu$ A/m  
[Option ID = 16700]
4. 10  $\mu$ A/m  
[Option ID = 16701]

Correct Answer :-

- 23.87  $\mu$ A/m  
[Option ID = 16698]

13) If capacitor plates of area 'A' are placed 'd' distance apart and the capacitor is filled with a material having dielectric constant  $\epsilon$ , then the current through this capacitor is expressed as,

[Question ID = 4177]

1.  $\frac{\epsilon}{Ad} \frac{\partial v}{\partial t}$   
[Option ID = 16702]
2.  $\frac{Ad}{\epsilon} \frac{\partial v}{\partial t}$   
[Option ID = 16703]
3.  $\frac{\epsilon A}{d} \frac{\partial v}{\partial t}$   
[Option ID = 16704]
4.  $\frac{d}{\epsilon A} \frac{\partial v}{\partial t}$   
[Option ID = 16705]

Correct Answer :-

- $\frac{\epsilon A}{d} \frac{\partial v}{\partial t}$   
[Option ID = 16704]

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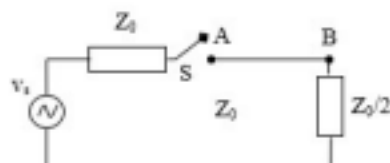


1. j 3.14 [Option ID = 16706]  
 2. j 5.53 [Option ID = 16707]  
 3. j 2.09 [Option ID = 16708]  
 4. j 10.8 [Option ID = 16709]

Correct Answer :-

- j 2.09 [Option ID = 16708]

15) A transmission line of characteristic impedance  $Z_0$  terminated by a load  $R = (1/2)Z_0$  as shown in Fig., is connected to a matched source by a switch for a short time  $t$  to produce a pulse on the line.



If the propagation time along the line is  $T$ , where  $T > t$ , the values of the reflection coefficient at point A and point B are, respectively

[Question ID = 4179]

1. 1, -1/3 [Option ID = 16710]  
 2. 1, -1 [Option ID = 16711]  
 3. 2, -1 [Option ID = 16712]  
 4. 1/2, -1/2 [Option ID = 16713]

Correct Answer :-

- 1, -1/3 [Option ID = 16710]

16) A  $\lambda/4$  transformer is connected in between generator and load, which have impedance ratio  $Z_L / Z_G = 0.16$  and  $Z_G = 50 \Omega$ . The characteristic impedance of a  $\lambda/4$  transformer is

[Question ID = 4180]

1. 8  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 16714]  
 2. 20  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 16715]  
 3. 312  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 16716]  
 4. 25  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 16717]

Correct Answer :-

- 20  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 16715]

17) The input power needed to generate an output power of 3 W from an amplifier with a power gain of 30 dB is

[Question ID = 4181]

1. 1 W [Option ID = 16718]  
 2. 100 mW [Option ID = 16719]  
 3. 1 mW [Option ID = 16720]  
 4. 3 mW [Option ID = 16721]

Correct Answer :-

- 3 mW [Option ID = 16721]

18) The VSWR of a coaxial line which has a reflection coefficient of  $0.6e^{-j60^\circ}$ , is

[Question ID = 4182]

1. 4 [Option ID = 16722]  
 2. 1 [Option ID = 16723]  
 3. 1.6 [Option ID = 16724]  
 4. 2



[Option ID = 16722]

19) When EM waves travel along a metallic waveguide in which there is a discontinuity due to some lossy material filled in a small length and the other end is terminated with a matched load. The discontinuity will cause

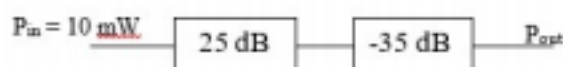
[Question ID = 4183]

1. Progressive waves throughout the line. [Option ID = 16726]
2. Progressive waves on the generator side and standing waves on the matched load side. [Option ID = 16727]
3. Standing waves on the generator side and progressive waves on the matched load side. [Option ID = 16728]
4. Standing waves throughout the line. [Option ID = 16729]

Correct Answer :-

- Standing waves on the generator side and progressive waves on the matched load side. [Option ID = 16728]

20) The power output of an input power of 10 mW in the following system, is



[Question ID = 4184]

1. 5 dBm [Option ID = 16730]
2. 10 dB [Option ID = 16731]
3. 0 dBm [Option ID = 16732]
4. 10 dBm [Option ID = 16733]

Correct Answer :-

- 0 dBm [Option ID = 16732]

21) At microwave frequency, hybrid(H), admittance (Y) and impedance (Z) parameters can not be measured because,

[Question ID = 4185]

1. Short and open circuit conditions are realizable over broad frequency range. [Option ID = 16734]
2. Short and open circuit conditions are unrealizable over broad frequency range. [Option ID = 16735]
3. Only short circuit condition is realizable over broad frequency range. [Option ID = 16736]
4. Only open circuit condition is realizable over broad frequency range. [Option ID = 16737]

Correct Answer :-

- Short and open circuit conditions are unrealizable over broad frequency range. [Option ID = 16735]

22) Noise temperature (T) and gain(G) are two important parameters of satellite antenna. Out of the following, the antenna having largest G/T ratio is

[Question ID = 4186]

1. Cassegrain antenna [Option ID = 16738]
2. Pyramidal antenna [Option ID = 16739]
3. Parabolic reflector [Option ID = 16740]
4. Dipole antenna [Option ID = 16741]

Correct Answer :-

- Parabolic reflector [Option ID = 16740]

23) A generator of 50  $\Omega$  internal impedance and operating frequency of 1 GHz feeds a 75  $\Omega$  load via a coaxial line of characteristics impedance 50  $\Omega$ . The reflection coefficient on the feed line is,

[Question ID = 4187]

1. 0.2 [Option ID = 16742]
2. 0.67 [Option ID = 16743]
3. 1.5 [Option ID = 16744]
4. 1.05 [Option ID = 16745]

Correct Answer :-

- 0.2 [Option ID = 16742]

24) A lossless transmission line is excited by a signal of voltage  $5\angle 0^\circ$  V at 1.2 MHz. If the line is terminated by  $Z_L (= Z_0)$  at a distance 1km, the electrical length at the end point of the line is

[Question ID = 4188]

1.  $4\pi$

[Option ID = 16746]

2.  $6\pi$

[Option ID = 16747]



[Option ID = 16749]

Correct Answer :-

- $8\pi$

[Option ID = 16748]

25) The modulated microwave signal with 1 kHz square wave modulating signal is detected by

[Question ID = 4189]

1. Tunable detector [Option ID = 16750]
2. VSWR meter [Option ID = 16751]
3. Spectrum analyzer [Option ID = 16752]
4. Slotted line [Option ID = 16753]

Correct Answer :-

- Tunable detector [Option ID = 16750]

26) A parabolic dish has a gain of 40 dB at 3GHz. The diameter of this dish is

[Question ID = 4190]

1. 4.08 m [Option ID = 16754]
2. 8.02 m [Option ID = 16755]
3. 3.04 m [Option ID = 16756]
4. 1.25 m [Option ID = 16757]

Correct Answer :-

- 4.08 m [Option ID = 16754]

27) A satellite operates with 12 GHz at a distance of 36000 km has effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP) of 20 dBW. The flux density at receiving antenna of each station is

[Question ID = 4191]

1.  $2.21 \times 10^{-14} \text{ W/m}^2$  [Option ID = 16758]
2.  $3.6 \times 10^{-14} \text{ W/m}^2$  [Option ID = 16759]
3.  $0.614 \times 10^{-14} \text{ W/m}^2$  [Option ID = 16760]
4.  $2.0 \times 10^{-14} \text{ W/m}^2$  [Option ID = 16761]

Correct Answer :-

- $0.614 \times 10^{-14} \text{ W/m}^2$  [Option ID = 16760]

28) A broadside array operating at 100cm wavelength consist of 4 half-wave dipoles spaced 50cm apart. Each element carries radio frequency current in the same phase and of magnitude 0.5 A. The radiated power will be

[Question ID = 4192]

1.  $34\pi^2 \text{ W}$  [Option ID = 16762]
2.  $16\pi^2 \text{ W}$  [Option ID = 16763]
3.  $20\pi^2 \text{ W}$  [Option ID = 16764]
4.  $50\pi^2 \text{ W}$  [Option ID = 16765]

Correct Answer :-

- $20\pi^2 \text{ W}$  [Option ID = 16764]

29) Charge needed within a unit sphere centred at the origin for producing a potential field,  $V = -6r^2/\epsilon_0$  for the distance  $r \leq 1$  meter, is

[Question ID = 4193]

1.  $30\pi$  Coulomb  
[Option ID = 16766]
2.  $240\pi$  Coulomb  
[Option ID = 16767]
3.  $120\pi$  Coulomb  
[Option ID = 16768]
4.  $180\pi$  Coulomb  
[Option ID = 16769]

Correct Answer :-

- $120\pi$  Coulomb

[Option ID = 16768]

30) A material has conductivity of  $10^{-2} \text{ mho/m}$  and a relative permittivity of 4. The frequency for which conduction current





1. 180 MHz [Option ID = 16770]  
 2. 180 MHz [Option ID = 16771]  
 3. 27 MHz [Option ID = 16772]  
 4. 45 MHz [Option ID = 16773]

Correct Answer :-

- 45 MHz [Option ID = 16773]

31) For a electricity short dipole of length 80 cm operating at 30 MHz, the loss resistance ( $R_{loss}$ ) is 1.5  $\Omega$ . Its radiation efficiency is

[Question ID = 4195]

1. 92.4 %  
 [Option ID = 16774]  
 2. 94.9 %  
 [Option ID = 16775]  
 3. 102.5 %  
 [Option ID = 16776]  
 4. 86.7 %  
 [Option ID = 16777]

Correct Answer :-

- 94.9 %  
 [Option ID = 16775]

32) A Hertzien dipole of length  $\lambda/50$  has an efficiency of 6.5%. The total quality factor for this dipole is

[Question ID = 4196]

1. 1  
 [Option ID = 16778]  
 2. 0.20  
 [Option ID = 16779]  
 3. 7  
 [Option ID = 16780]  
 4. 5.5  
 [Option ID = 16781]

Correct Answer :-

- 0.20  
 [Option ID = 16779]

33) The value of integral  $\int_0^{\pi} \sin^3 \theta d\theta$  is given by

[Question ID = 4197]

1. 8/3  
 [Option ID = 16782]  
 2. 4/3  
 [Option ID = 16783]  
 3. 1/2  
 [Option ID = 16784]  
 4. 2/3  
 [Option ID = 16785]

Correct Answer :-

- 4/3  
 [Option ID = 16783]

34) The region specified by  $\{(\rho, \phi, z): 3 \leq \rho \leq 5, \frac{\pi}{8} \leq \phi \leq \frac{\pi}{4}, 3 \leq z \leq 4.5\}$  in cylindrical coordinates has volume of

[Question ID = 4198]

1. 4.712



3. 2.725

[Option ID = 16788]

4. 5.725

[Option ID = 16789]

Correct Answer :-

• 4.712

[Option ID = 16786]

35) With the initial condition  $x(1) = 0.5$  the solution of the differential equation,  $t \frac{dx}{dt} + x = t$  is

[Question ID = 4199]

1.  $x = \frac{t}{2}$

[Option ID = 16790]

2.  $x = t - \frac{1}{2}$

[Option ID = 16791]

3.  $x = t^2 - \frac{1}{2}$

[Option ID = 16792]

4.  $x = \frac{t^2}{2}$

[Option ID = 16793]

Correct Answer :-

•  $x = \frac{t}{2}$

[Option ID = 16790]

36) The Newton - Raphson method is used to solve the equation  $f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x - 8 = 0$ . Taking the initial guess as  $x = 5$ , the solution obtained at the end of the first iteration is

[Question ID = 4200]

1. 2.2903

[Option ID = 16794]

2. 4.515

[Option ID = 16795]

3. 4.2903

[Option ID = 16796]

4. 2.515

[Option ID = 16797]

Correct Answer :-

• 4.2903

[Option ID = 16796]

37) The inverse Laplace transform of the function  $\frac{s+5}{(s+1)(s+3)}$  is equal to

[Question ID = 4201]

1.  $2e^{-t} + e^{-3t}$

[Option ID = 16798]

2.  $e^{-t} + 2e^{-3t}$

[Option ID = 16799]

3.  $e^{-t} - 2e^{-3t}$

[Option ID = 16800]

4.  $2e^{-t} - e^{-3t}$

[Option ID = 16801]

Correct Answer :-

•  $2e^{-t} - e^{-3t}$



[Question ID = 4202]

1. 4 MHz

[Option ID = 16802]

2. 8 GHz

[Option ID = 16803]

3. 4 GHz

[Option ID = 16804]

4. 8 MHz

[Option ID = 16805]

Correct Answer :-

• 8 MHz

[Option ID = 16805]

39) A message signal given by  $m(t) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cos \omega_1 t - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \sin \omega_1 t$  is amplitude-modulated with a carrier of frequency  $\omega_c$  to generate  $s(t) = [1 + m(t)] \cos \omega_c t$ .

What is the power efficiency achieved by this modulation scheme?

[Question ID = 4203]

1. 20%

[Option ID = 16806]

2. 11.11%

[Option ID = 16807]

3. 8.33%

[Option ID = 16808]

4. 25%

[Option ID = 16809]

Correct Answer :-

• 20%

[Option ID = 16806]

40) The number of quantization levels with 8-bits required to reduce the quantization noise by a factor of 4 would be

[Question ID = 4204]

1. 1024 [Option ID = 16810]

2. 64 [Option ID = 16811]

3. 256 [Option ID = 16812]

4. 512 [Option ID = 16813]

Correct Answer :-

• 512 [Option ID = 16813]

41) An ideal band - pass channel 500 Hz - 2000 Hz is deployed for communication. A modem is designed to transmit bits at the rate of 4800 bits/s using 16 - QAM. The roll off factor of a pulse with a raised cosine spectrum that utilizes the entire frequency band is

[Question ID = 4205]

1. 0.20

[Option ID = 16814]

2. 0.25

[Option ID = 16815]

3. 0.30

[Option ID = 16816]

4. 0.15

[Option ID = 16817]

Correct Answer :-

• 0.25

[Option ID = 16815]



[Question ID = 4206]

1. 1200 Hz

[Option ID = 16818]

2. 400 Hz

[Option ID = 16819]

3. 600 Hz

[Option ID = 16820]

4. 1400 Hz

[Option ID = 16821]

Correct Answer :-

• 1200 Hz

[Option ID = 16818]

43) The Vestigial Side Band (VSB) modulation is preferred in TV systems because It reduces the bandwidth requirement to half it avoids phase distortion at low frequency

[Question ID = 4207]

1. 1 only

[Option ID = 16822]

2. 2 only

[Option ID = 16823]

3. Neither 1 nor 2

[Option ID = 16824]

4. Both 1 and 2

[Option ID = 16825]

Correct Answer :-

• Neither 1 nor 2

[Option ID = 16824]

44) A communication channel distributed by Gaussian noise has a bandwidth of 6 kHz and S/N ratio of 15. The maximum transmission rate that such a channel can support is

[Question ID = 4208]

1. 48 kbits/s [Option ID = 16826]

2. 24 kbits/sec [Option ID = 16827]

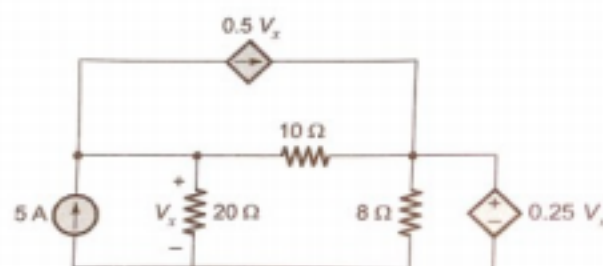
3. 2.4 kbits/s [Option ID = 16828]

4. 32 kbits/s [Option ID = 16829]

Correct Answer :-

• 24 kbits/sec [Option ID = 16827]

45) In the given circuit, the value of  $V_x$  is



[Question ID = 4209]

1. 12 V

[Option ID = 16830]

2. 10 V

[Option ID = 16831]

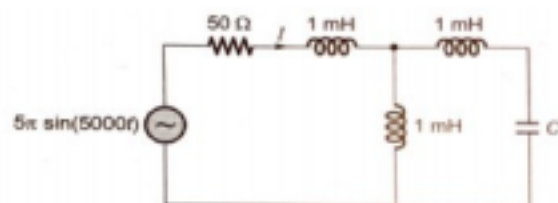
3. 0.8 V

Correct Answer :-

- 8 V

[Option ID = 16833]

46) In the circuit shown, the current  $I$  flowing through the  $50\ \Omega$  resistor will be zero if the value of Capacitor  $C$  (in  $\mu\text{F}$ ) is



[Question ID = 4210]

1.  $15\ \mu\text{F}$

[Option ID = 16834]

2.  $20\ \mu\text{F}$

[Option ID = 16835]

3.  $10\ \mu\text{F}$

[Option ID = 16836]

4.  $22.5\ \mu\text{F}$

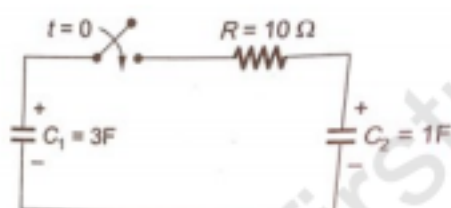
[Option ID = 16837]

Correct Answer :-

- $20\ \mu\text{F}$

[Option ID = 16835]

47) In the circuit shown, the initial voltages across the capacitors  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are 1V and 3V, respectively. The switch is closed at time  $t = 0$ . The total energy dissipated (in Joules) in the resistor  $R$  until steady state is reached, is



[Question ID = 4211]

1. 1.5 J

[Option ID = 16838]

2. 1.0 J

[Option ID = 16839]

3. 0.5 J

[Option ID = 16840]

4. 2 J

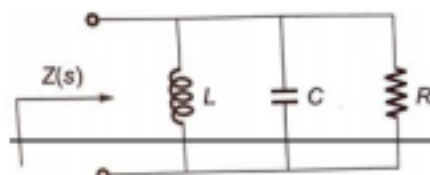
[Option ID = 16841]

Correct Answer :-

- 1.5 J

[Option ID = 16838]

48) The driving point impedance of the following network is given by  $Z(s) = \frac{0.2s}{s^2 + 0.1s + 2}$



The component values are



2.  $L = 5\text{ H}, R = 0.5\ \Omega, C = 0.1\text{ F}$

[Option ID = 16843]

3.  $L = 0.1\text{ H}, R = 2\ \Omega, C = 5\text{ F}$

[Option ID = 16844]

4.  $L = 5\text{ H}, R = 2\ \Omega, C = 0.1\text{ F}$

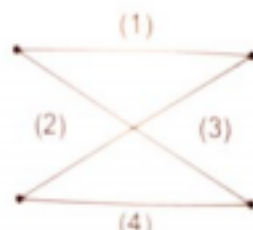
[Option ID = 16845]

Correct Answer :-

- $L = 0.1\text{ H}, R = 2\ \Omega, C = 5\text{ F}$

[Option ID = 16844]

49) In the following graph, the number of trees (P) and the number of cut-sets (Q) are



[Question ID = 4213]

- $P = 2, Q = 6$  [Option ID = 16846]
- $P = 2, Q = 2$  [Option ID = 16847]
- $P = 4, Q = 6$  [Option ID = 16848]
- $P = 4, Q = 10$  [Option ID = 16849]

Correct Answer :-

- $P = 4, Q = 6$  [Option ID = 16848]

50) If  $z = e^x \sin y, x = \log_e t$  and  $y = t^2$  then  $\frac{dz}{dt}$  is given by

[Question ID = 4214]

- $\frac{e^x}{t} (\sin y - 2t^2 \cos y)$   
[Option ID = 16850]
- $\frac{e^x}{t} (\sin y + t^2 \cos y)$   
[Option ID = 16851]
- $\frac{e^x}{t} (2 \sin y + t^2 \cos y)$   
[Option ID = 16852]
- $\frac{e^x}{t} (\sin y + 2t^2 \cos y)$   
[Option ID = 16853]

Correct Answer :-

- $\frac{e^x}{t} (\sin y + 2t^2 \cos y)$

[Option ID = 16853]

51) If,  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3x & 0 \\ x & x \end{bmatrix}$  and  $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ . Then the value of x is

[Question ID = 4215]

- $1/3$   
[Option ID = 16854]
- $1/2$   
[Option ID = 16855]
- $1/6$   
[Option ID = 16856]
- $1$   
[Option ID = 16857]



52) The minimum value of  $\left(x^2 + \frac{250}{x}\right)$

[Question ID = 4216]

1. 45

[Option ID = 16858]

2. 50

[Option ID = 16859]

3. 25

[Option ID = 16860]

4. 75

[Option ID = 16861]

Correct Answer :-

• 75

[Option ID = 16861]

53)  $\int \frac{e^x dx}{e^x - 1}$  is equal to

[Question ID = 4217]

1.  $\log(e^x + 1)$

[Option ID = 16862]

2.  $\log(1 - e^x)$

[Option ID = 16863]

3.  $\log(e^{-x} - 1)$

[Option ID = 16864]

4.  $\log(e^x - 1)$

[Option ID = 16865]

Correct Answer :-

•  $\log(e^x - 1)$

[Option ID = 16865]

54) A box contains 5 black and 5 red balls. Two balls are randomly picked one after another from the box, without replacement. The probability for balls being red is

[Question ID = 4218]

1.  $2/9$  [Option ID = 16866]

2.  $2/5$  [Option ID = 16867]

3.  $1/2$  [Option ID = 16868]

4.  $1/7$  [Option ID = 16869]

Correct Answer :-

•  $2/9$  [Option ID = 16866]

55) The value of  $\int_{0.2}^{2.2} x^2 e^x dx$  by using one-segment trapezoidal rule is most nearly

[Question ID = 4219]

1. 11.672

[Option ID = 16870]

2. 43.729

[Option ID = 16871]

3. 24.119

[Option ID = 16872]

4. 31.807

[Option ID = 16873]

Correct Answer :-

• 43.729

[Option ID = 16871]



[Question ID = 4220]

1. 24, 5

[Option ID = 16874]

2. 14, 7

[Option ID = 16875]

3. 8, 11

[Option ID = 16876]

4. 16, 4

[Option ID = 16877]

Correct Answer :-

• 16, 4

[Option ID = 16877]

57) A random process is defined by  $X(t) = A$  where  $A$  is continuous random variable uniformly distributed on  $(0, 2)$ . The auto correlation function and mean of the process are

[Question ID = 4221]

1.  $1/2$  and  $1/3$

[Option ID = 16878]

2.  $1/3$  and 3

[Option ID = 16879]

3.  $1/2$  and 1

[Option ID = 16880]

4.  $8/3$  and 2

[Option ID = 16881]

Correct Answer :-

•  $8/3$  and 2

[Option ID = 16881]

58) The density function of two random variable  $X$  and  $Y$  is

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{12} & 0 < x < 6 \text{ and } 0 < y < 4 \\ 0 & \text{else where} \end{cases}$$

The expected value of the function  $g(x, y) = (XY)^2$  is

[Question ID = 4222]

1. 96

[Option ID = 16882]

2. 32

[Option ID = 16883]

3. 48

[Option ID = 16884]

4. 128

[Option ID = 16885]

Correct Answer :-

• 128

[Option ID = 16885]

59) The radiation resistance of an infinitesimal dipole of overall length  $l = \lambda/40$  is

[Question ID = 4223]

1.  $2 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16886]

2.  $50 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16887]

3.  $0.493 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16888]

4.  $0.316 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16889]

Correct Answer :-

•  $0.493 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16888]





60) Nyquist sampling rate for the signal  $x(t) = 0.5 \cos(50\pi t) \cos^2(100\pi t)$  where 't' is in seconds, is

[Question ID = 4224]

1. 150 samples per second

[Option ID = 16890]

2. 300 samples per second

[Option ID = 16891]

3. 250 samples per second

[Option ID = 16892]

4. 200 samples per second

[Option ID = 16893]

Correct Answer :-

• 250 samples per second

[Option ID = 16892]

61) In a PCM system, if the code word length is increased from 6 to 10 bits, the signal to quantization noise ratio improves by the factor.

[Question ID = 4225]

1. 512

[Option ID = 16894]

2. 128

[Option ID = 16895]

3. 64

[Option ID = 16896]

4. 256

[Option ID = 16897]

Correct Answer :-

• 256

[Option ID = 16897]

62) In C language, what is the output of the following code

```
int main ()
```

```
{
```

```
int a = 1, b = 9, c; c = a == b; printf("%i", c);
```

```
}
```

[Question ID = 4226]

1. 4

[Option ID = 16898]

2. 0

[Option ID = 16899]

3. 1

[Option ID = 16900]

4. Error

[Option ID = 16901]

Correct Answer :-

• 0

[Option ID = 16899]

63) In C language, what is the output of the following code

```
int main ()
```

```
{
```

```
int a = 63, b = 9;
```

```
printf( "%d", a>>a/b-2);
```

```
}
```



[Option ID = 16902]

2. 2

[Option ID = 16903]

3. 3

[Option ID = 16904]

4. 1

[Option ID = 16905]

Correct Answer :-

• 1

[Option ID = 16905]

64) The decimal equivalent of hex number 1A53 is

[Question ID = 4228]

1. 6793 [Option ID = 16906]

2. 6973 [Option ID = 16907]

3. 6379 [Option ID = 16908]

4. 6739 [Option ID = 16909]

Correct Answer :-

• 6739 [Option ID = 16909]

65) A TDM link has 20 signal channels and each channel is sampled 8000 times/sec. Each sample is represented by seven binary bits and contains an additional bit for synchronization. The total bit rate for the TDM link is

[Question ID = 4229]

1. 1280 K bits/sec

[Option ID = 16910]

2. 1180 K bits/sec

[Option ID = 16911]

3. 1280 M bits/sec

[Option ID = 16912]

4. 1180 M bits/sec

[Option ID = 16913]

Correct Answer :-

• 1280 K bits/sec

[Option ID = 16910]

66) The analog output voltage ( $V_0$ ) of 6-bit digital-to-analog converter (R-2R ladder network) with  $V_{ref}$  as 7V, when the digital input is 011100 is

[Question ID = 4230]

1. 4.65 V

[Option ID = 16914]

2. 8 V

[Option ID = 16915]

3. 7.75 V

[Option ID = 16916]

4. 3.06 V

[Option ID = 16917]

Correct Answer :-

• 3.06 V

[Option ID = 16917]

67) If a tuned collector oscillator in a radio receiver has a fixed inductance of 50  $\mu$ H and has to be tuneable over the frequency band of 600 to 1000 kHz, then the range of variable capacitor to be used is

[Question ID = 4231]

1. 2576 pF to 250 pF

[Option ID = 16918]

2. 5000 pF to 760 pF



4. 3500 pF to 150 pF

[Option ID = 16921]

Correct Answer :-

- 1410 pF to 507 pF

[Option ID = 16920]

68) If current gain of a transistor in CE mode is 48 then its common - base current gain and the base current when the emitter current is 5mA are

[Question ID = 4232]

1. 0.98 and  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  A [Option ID = 16922]
2. 0.99 and  $2.5 \times 10^{-4}$  A [Option ID = 16923]
3. 0.97 and  $1.2 \times 10^{-5}$  A [Option ID = 16924]
4. 0.90 and  $1.5 \times 10^{-4}$  A [Option ID = 16925]

Correct Answer :-

- 0.98 and  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  A [Option ID = 16922]

69) An N- channel JFET requires a series resistor  $R_s$  to self bias with  $I_{DSS} = -6V$ .The value of this resistor is

[Question ID = 4233]

1. 166  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 16926]
2. 18.2  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 16927]
3. 83.25  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 16928]
4. 333  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 16929]

Correct Answer :-

- 333  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 16929]

70) In which of the following diodes,the width of the junction barrier is very high

[Question ID = 4234]

1. Photo diode [Option ID = 16930]
2. PIN diode [Option ID = 16931]
3. Schottky diodes [Option ID = 16932]
4. Tunnel diode [Option ID = 16933]

Correct Answer :-

- PIN diode [Option ID = 16931]

71) The sensitivity of photo diode depends on

[Question ID = 4235]

1. Depletion region width and excess carrier lifetime [Option ID = 16934]
2. Excess carrier life time and forward bias current [Option ID = 16935]
3. Forward bias current and light intensity [Option ID = 16936]
4. Light intensity and depletion region width [Option ID = 16937]

Correct Answer :-

- Light intensity and depletion region width [Option ID = 16937]

72) The directional derivative of  $f(x,y,z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  at the point (1,1,3) in the direction of the vector  $\hat{a} = \hat{i} - \hat{k}$  is

[Question ID = 4236]

1. 4 [Option ID = 16938]
2.  $-\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}}$

[Option ID = 16939]

3.  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}}$

[Option ID = 16940]

4. -4

[Option ID = 16941]

Correct Answer :-

- $-\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}}$

[Option ID = 16939]



If  $F(s)$  is the Fourier transform of  $f(x)$ , then Fourier transform of  $f(x-5)$  is

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1.  $\frac{1}{5} F\left(\frac{s}{5}\right)$

[Option ID = 16942]

2.  $5F\left(\frac{s}{5}\right)$

[Option ID = 16943]

3.  $e^{i5x} F(s)$

[Option ID = 16944]

4.  $e^{i5x} F\frac{s}{5}$

[Option ID = 16945]

Correct Answer :-

•  $e^{i5x} F(s)$

[Option ID = 16944]

74) The intercepts made by the plane  $3x + 4y + 2z - 12 = 0$  on the coordinate axes are

[Question ID = 4238]

1.  $(4, 3, 6)$  [Option ID = 16946]

2.  $(0, -1, 0)$  [Option ID = 16947]

3.  $(-1, -1, -1)$  [Option ID = 16948]

4.  $(1, 0, -1)$  [Option ID = 16949]

Correct Answer :-

•  $(4, 3, 6)$  [Option ID = 16946]

75) The solution of  $\int_{-1}^1 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}} dx =$

[Question ID = 4239]

1.  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

[Option ID = 16950]

2.  $-\pi$

[Option ID = 16951]

3.  $-\frac{\pi}{2}$

[Option ID = 16952]

4.  $\pi$

[Option ID = 16953]

Correct Answer :-

•  $\pi$

[Option ID = 16953]

76) The argument of the complex number  $z = \frac{1+2i}{1-2i}$  is

[Question ID = 4240]

1.  $\tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$

[Option ID = 16954]

2.  $\tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)$

[Option ID = 16955]

3.  $\tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)$

[Option ID = 16956]

4.  $\tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}\right)$

[Option ID = 16957]

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Correct Answer :-

•  $\tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)$



77) The solution of the ordinary differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$  for the boundary condition  $y = 7$  at  $x = 1$  is

[Question ID = 4241]

1.  $38.04e^{-3x}$

[Option ID = 16958]

2.  $76.05e^{-2x}$

[Option ID = 16959]

3.  $98.23e^{-\frac{x}{2}}$

[Option ID = 16960]

4.  $19.02e^{-x}$

[Option ID = 16961]

Correct Answer :-

•  $19.02e^{-x}$

[Option ID = 16961]

78) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -0.1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & \alpha \\ 0 & \beta \end{bmatrix}$  then  $\alpha + \beta =$

[Question ID = 4242]

1.  $-\frac{25}{40}$

[Option ID = 16962]

2.  $\frac{21}{20}$

[Option ID = 16963]

3.  $\frac{41}{40}$

[Option ID = 16964]

4.  $-\frac{7}{20}$

[Option ID = 16965]

Correct Answer :-

•  $\frac{41}{40}$

[Option ID = 16964]

79) ----- store data or information temporarily and pass it on as directed by the control unit

[Question ID = 4243]

1. address [Option ID = 16966]

2. register [Option ID = 16967]

3. number [Option ID = 16968]

4. memory [Option ID = 16969]

Correct Answer :-

• register [Option ID = 16967]

80) Working of the WAN generally involves

[Question ID = 4244]

1. ATM [Option ID = 16970]

2. frame delay [Option ID = 16971]

3. user agent [Option ID = 16972]

4. satellite [Option ID = 16973]

Correct Answer :-

• satellite [Option ID = 16973]

81) Positive AND gate is also a negative

[Question ID = 4245]

1. NOR gate [Option ID = 16974]

2. NAND gate [Option ID = 16975]

3. NOR gate [Option ID = 16976]



82) What is the output of the following code?

```
#include < iostream.h >

void main ()
{
    int main ;
    main = 100 ;
    count << main ++<< endl;
}
```

[Question ID = 4246]

1. Error : one cannot use main as identifier

[Option ID = 16978]

2. 100

[Option ID = 16979]

3. 101

[Option ID = 16980]

4. None of these

[Option ID = 16981]

Correct Answer :-

• 100

[Option ID = 16979]

83) What is the output of the following code?

```
#include< iostream.h>

Void main()
{
    bool a = 10 ;
    count << a <<< endl;
}
```

[Question ID = 4247]

1. error

[Option ID = 16982]

2. false

[Option ID = 16983]

3. 10

[Option ID = 16984]

4. 1

[Option ID = 16985]

Correct Answer :-

• 1

[Option ID = 16985]

84) A transmission line of characteristic impedance of  $50 \Omega$  is terminated by a load impedance of  $(100 - j50) \Omega$  and is fed by a matched generator. The measured voltage amplitude at the load terminal is 100 V. The VSWR on the line is

[Question ID = 4248]

1. 1.583 [Option ID = 16986]

2. 2.562 [Option ID = 16987]

3. 2.618 [Option ID = 16988]

4. 1.684 [Option ID = 16989]

Correct Answer :-

• 2.618 [Option ID = 16988]





When a transmission line has a load impedance same as that of the characteristic impedance, the line is said to be

[Question ID = 16990]

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1. Polarized [Option ID = 16991]
2. Parallel [Option ID = 16992]
3. Matched [Option ID = 16993]

Correct Answer :-

- Matched [Option ID = 16993]

86) The characteristic impedance of a quarter wave line is  $50 \Omega$  and load impedance of  $20 \Omega$ , the input impedance to this transformer is

[Question ID = 4250]

1.  $50 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16994]
2.  $125 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16995]
3.  $25 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16996]
4.  $150 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16997]

Correct Answer :-

- $125 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16995]

87) The minimum impedance of a transmission line is  $75 \Omega$  with SWR 4 is

[Question ID = 4251]

1.  $19.86 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16998]
2.  $18.75 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16999]
3.  $16.34 \Omega$  [Option ID = 17000]
4.  $14.44 \Omega$  [Option ID = 17001]

Correct Answer :-

- $18.75 \Omega$  [Option ID = 16999]

88) The power reflected in a transmission line, when its reflection coefficient and input power are 0.45 and 18W

[Question ID = 4252]

1. 3.645 W [Option ID = 17002]
2. 4.563 W [Option ID = 17003]
3. 2.50 W [Option ID = 17004]
4. 5.368 W [Option ID = 17005]

Correct Answer :-

- 3.645 W [Option ID = 17002]

89) Diffusion constants  $D_p$ ,  $D_n$  and mobility  $\mu_p$  and  $\mu_n$  and absolute temperature T are related as

[Question ID = 4253]

$$1. \frac{D_p}{\mu_p} = \frac{D_n}{\mu_n} = \frac{T}{11600}$$

[Option ID = 17006]

$$2. \frac{D_p}{\mu_p} = \frac{D_n}{\mu_n} = \frac{11600}{T}$$

[Option ID = 17007]

$$3. \frac{D_p}{\mu_p} = \frac{\mu_n}{D_n} = \frac{T}{11600}$$

[Option ID = 17008]

$$4. \frac{D_p}{\mu_p} = \frac{\mu_n}{D_n} = \frac{11600}{T}$$

[Option ID = 17009]

Correct Answer :-

- $\frac{D_p}{\mu_p} = \frac{D_n}{\mu_n} = \frac{T}{11600}$

[Option ID = 17006]

90) Hall coefficient  $K_H$  and charge density  $\rho$  are related as

[Question ID = 4254]

$$1. K_H = \rho$$

[Option ID = 17010]

$$2. K_H = \frac{1.5}{\rho}$$

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[Option ID = 17012]

4.  $K_H = \frac{\rho}{1.5}$

[Option ID = 17013]

Correct Answer :-

•  $K_H = \frac{1}{\rho}$

[Option ID = 17012]

91) If E is energy level of electron and  $E_F$  is Fermi level, then

[Question ID = 4255]

1. all quantum states with E less than  $E_F$  will be empty at  $T = 0$

[Option ID = 17014]

2. all quantum states with E higher than  $E_F$  will be occupied at  $T = 0$

[Option ID = 17015]

3. all quantum states with E less than  $E_F$  will be occupied at  $T = 0$

[Option ID = 17016]

4. none of these

[Option ID = 17017]

Correct Answer :-

• all quantum states with E less than  $E_F$  will be occupied at  $T = 0$

[Option ID = 17016]

92) In a uniformly doped abrupt pn junction, the doping level of the n side is 4 times the doping level of p side. The ratio of the depletion layer width is

[Question ID = 4256]

1. 0.2 [Option ID = 17018]

2. 0.25 [Option ID = 17019]

3. 0.5 [Option ID = 17020]

4. 1.0 [Option ID = 17021]

Correct Answer :-

• 0.25 [Option ID = 17019]

93) A silicon bar is doped with donor impurities  $N_D = 2.25 \times 10^{15} / \text{cm}^3$ . Given the intrinsic carrier concentration of silicon at  $T = 300\text{K}$  is  $n_i = 1.5 \times 10^{10} / \text{cm}^3$ . Assuming complete impurity ionization, the equilibrium electron and hole concentrations are

[Question ID = 4257]

1.  $n_0 = 1.5 \times 10^{16} / \text{cm}^3$  and  $p_0 = 1.5 \times 10^5 / \text{cm}^3$  [Option ID = 17022]

2.  $n_0 = 1.5 \times 10^{10} / \text{cm}^3$  and  $p_0 = 1.5 \times 10^{15} / \text{cm}^3$  [Option ID = 17023]

3.  $n_0 = 2.25 \times 10^{15} / \text{cm}^3$  and  $p_0 = 1.5 \times 10^{10} / \text{cm}^3$  [Option ID = 17024]

4.  $n_0 = 2.25 \times 10^{15} / \text{cm}^3$  and  $p_0 = 1 \times 10^5 / \text{cm}^3$  [Option ID = 17025]

Correct Answer :-

•  $n_0 = 2.25 \times 10^{15} / \text{cm}^3$  and  $p_0 = 1 \times 10^5 / \text{cm}^3$  [Option ID = 17025]

94) Consider a Ge diode operating at  $27^\circ\text{C}$  and just beyond the threshold voltage of Ge, the value of  $dV/dT$  is

[Question ID = 4258]

1.  $-2.3 \text{ mV}/^\circ\text{C}$  [Option ID = 17026]

2.  $-2.0 \text{ mV}/^\circ\text{C}$  [Option ID = 17027]

3.  $-2.1 \text{ mV}/^\circ\text{C}$  [Option ID = 17028]

4.  $-1.9 \text{ mV}/^\circ\text{C}$  [Option ID = 17029]

Correct Answer :-

•  $-2.3 \text{ mV}/^\circ\text{C}$  [Option ID = 17026]

95) The reverse saturation current of a reverse - biased PN junction diode increases 32 times due to rise in ambient temperature. If the original temperature was  $40^\circ\text{C}$ , What is the final temperature?

[Question ID = 4259]

1.  $72^\circ\text{C}$  [Option ID = 17030]

2.  $45^\circ\text{C}$  [Option ID = 17031]

3.  $90^\circ\text{C}$  [Option ID = 17032]

4.  $50^\circ\text{C}$  [Option ID = 17033]

Correct Answer :-

•  $90^\circ\text{C}$  [Option ID = 17032]

[Question ID = 4260]

1.  $0.2 \sin \omega t \cos \omega t + 2\omega \cos \omega t(1 + 0.1 \sin \omega t)$

[Option ID = 17034]

2.  $0.1 \sin \omega t + 2\omega \cos \omega t$

[Option ID = 17035]

3.  $0.1 \cos \omega t + 2\omega \sin \omega t$

[Option ID = 17036]

4.  $0.2 \sin \omega t + 2\omega \sin(1 + 0.1 \sin \omega t)$

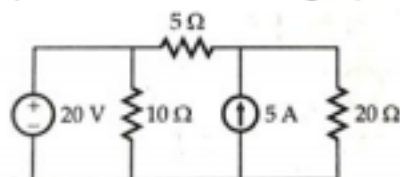
[Option ID = 17037]

Correct Answer :-

- $0.2 \sin \omega t \cos \omega t + 2\omega \cos \omega t(1 + 0.1 \sin \omega t)$

[Option ID = 17034]

97) In the circuit shown in figure, the power loss across the  $5 \Omega$  resistor is



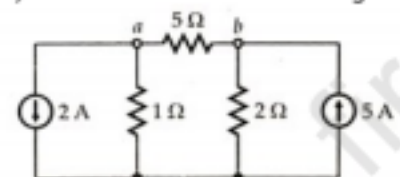
[Question ID = 4261]

1. 12 W [Option ID = 17038]  
2. 51.2 W [Option ID = 17039]  
3. 24 W [Option ID = 17040]  
4. 34 W [Option ID = 17041]

Correct Answer :-

- 51.2 W [Option ID = 17039]

98) In the circuit shown in the figure, the magnitude of current through the  $5 \Omega$  resistor is



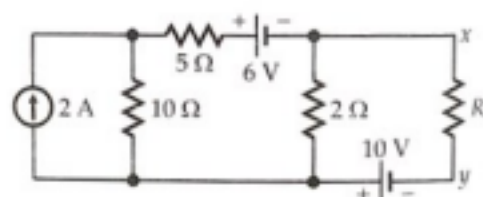
[Question ID = 4262]

1. 0.8 A [Option ID = 17042]  
2. 1.5 A [Option ID = 17043]  
3. 3.0 A [Option ID = 17044]  
4. 2.3 A [Option ID = 17045]

Correct Answer :-

- 1.5 A [Option ID = 17043]

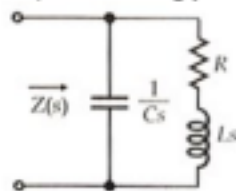
99) What should be the value of  $R$  to have maximum power transfer in the circuit shown below



[Question ID = 4263]

1. 1.2  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 17046]  
2. 12  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 17047]  
3. 1.765  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 17048]  
4. 3.85  $\Omega$  [Option ID = 17049]

100) The driving point admittance of the network shown in figure is



[Question ID = 4264]

1.  $\frac{1 + RCs}{R + Ls}$

[Option ID = 17050]

2.  $\frac{1 + RCs + LCs^2}{R + Ls}$

[Option ID = 17051]

3.  $\frac{s + RCs^2 + LC}{R + Ls + Cs^2}$

[Option ID = 17052]

4.  $\frac{1 + LCs^2}{R + Ls}$

[Option ID = 17053]

Correct Answer :-

•  $\frac{1 + RCs + LCs^2}{R + Ls}$

[Option ID = 17051]