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Topic:- BED S2 eng P1

Read the passage given below and answer the following questions;

As 15-year-old Perry shuffled into my office, with his parents trailing tentatively behind, he glanced at me with a strained neutral expression that I'd found usually masked either great anger or great distress; in Perry's case it was both. Although anorexia is a disorder most often associated with girls, Perry was the third in a line of anorexic boys I had recently seen. When he came to see me, Perry's weight had dropped to within 10 pounds of the threshold requiring forced hospitalization, yet he denied there was any problem.

"He just won't eat," his mother began. Then, turning to Perry as if to show me the routine they'd been enacting, she asked with tears in her eyes, "Perry, why can't you at least have a simple dinner with us?" Perry refused to eat with his family, always claiming he wasn't hungry at the time and that he preferred to eat later in his room, except that rarely happened. New menus, gentle encouragement, veiled threats, nagging, and outright bribes had all been tried, to no avail. Why would an otherwise healthy 15-year-old boy be starving himself? The question hung urgently in the air as we all talked.

Let's be clear from the outset. Perry was a smart, good kid: shy, unassuming, and generally unlikely to cause trouble. He was getting straight A's in a challenging and competitive public school honours curriculum that spring. And he later told me that he hadn't gotten a B on his report card since fourth grade. In some ways he was every parent's dream child.

But beneath his academic success, Perry faced a world of troubles, and while he took a while to get to know, eventually the problems came pouring out. The problems weren't what I'd expected, though. Perry wasn't abused, he didn't do drugs, and his family wasn't driven by conflict. Rather, at first glance, his problems would seem more like typical adolescent complaints. And they were, in a way. But it was only as I got to understand him that I realized the adolescent problems Perry experienced weren't just occasional irritations, as they'd been for me and my cohort as teens, but rather, had grown to the point where they cast a large shadow over much of his day-to-day world. I'd later come to realize that Perry wasn't alone in that regard.

One big problem was that while Perry was a strong achiever, he was not at all a happy one. "I hate waking up in the morning because there's all this stuff I have to do," he said. "I just keep making lists of things to do and checking them off each day. Not just schoolwork, but extracurricular activities, so I can get into a good college."

Once he got started, Perry's discontent spilled out in a frustrated monologue.

"There's so much to do, and I have to really work to get myself motivated because I feel like none of it really matters... but it's really important I do it anyway. At the end of it all, I stay up late, I get all my homework done, and I study really hard for all my tests, and what do I get to show for it all? A single sheet of paper with five or six letters on it. It's just stupid!"

Perry was gifted enough to jump through the academic hoops that had been set for him, but it felt like little more than hoop-jumping, and this ate at him. But that wasn't his only problem.

Perry was well loved by his parents, as are most of the young people we see. But in their efforts to nurture and support him, his parents inadvertently increased his mental strain. Over time, they had taken on all his household chores, in order to leave him more time for schoolwork and activities. "That's his top priority," they said almost in unison when I asked about this. Although removing the chores from Perry's plate gave him a bit more time, it ultimately left him feeling even more useless and tense. He never really did anything for anyone except suck up their time and money, and he knew it. And if he thought about backing off on his schoolwork...well, look how much his parents were pouring into making it go well. Sandwiched between fury and guilt, Perry had literally begun to wither.

This passage is narrated from the point of view of:

[Question ID = 7522]

1. a college professor studying the effects of bulimia on young males.

[Option ID = 30082]

2. a young male named Perry, struggling with the effects of anorexia.

[Option ID = 30083]

3. a concerned therapist who works with struggling young adults.

[Option ID = 30084]

4. a doctor who treats eating, compulsive, and sleeping disorders.

[Option ID = 30085]

Correct Answer :-

a concerned therapist who works with struggling young adults.

[Option ID = 30084]

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2) Read the passage given below and answer the following questions;

"He just won't eat," his mother began. Then, turning to Perry as if to show me the routine they'd been enacting, she asked with tears in her eyes, "Perry, why can't you at least have a simple dinner with us?" Perry refused to eat with his family, always claiming he wasn't hungry at the time and that he preferred to eat later in his room, except that rarely happened. New menus, gentle encouragement, veiled threats, nagging, and outright bribes had all been tried, to no avail. Why would an otherwise healthy 15-year-old boy be starving himself? The question hung urgently in the air as we all talked.

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But beneath his academic success, Perry faced a world of troubles, and while he took a while to get to know, eventually the problems came pouring out. The problems weren't what I'd expected, though. Perry wasn't abused, he didn't do drugs, and his family wasn't driven by conflict. Rather, at first glance, his problems would seem more like typical adolescent complaints. And they were, in a way. But it was only as I got to understand him that I realized the adolescent problems Perry experienced weren't just occasional irritations, as they'd been for me and my cohort as teens, but rather, had grown to the point where they cast a large shadow over much of his day-to-day world. I'd later come to realize that Perry wasn't alone in that regard.

One big problem was that while Perry was a strong achiever, he was not at all a happy one. "I hate waking up in the morning because there's all this stuff I have to do," he said. "I just keep making lists of things to do and checking them off each day. Not just schoolwork, but extracurricular activities, so I can get into a good college."

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According to the passage, Perry's two biggest problems were:

[Question ID = 7523]

1. being an unhappy achiever and his parents' role in increasing his mental strain.

[Option ID = 30086]

2. his poor attitude towards school and his consumption of everyone's time and money.

[Option ID = 30087]

3. his work load and his inability to express himself.

[Option ID = 30088]

his inability to prioritize his activities and anorexia.

[Option ID = 30089]

Correct Answer :-

· being an unhappy achiever and his parents' role in increasing his mental strain.

[Option ID = 30086]

3) Read the passage given below and answer the following questions;

As 15-year-old Perry shuffled into my office, with his parents trailing tentatively behind, he glanced at me with a strained neutral expression that I'd found usually masked either great anger or great distress; in Perry's case it was both. Although anorexia is a disorder most often associated with girls, Perry was the third in a line of anorexic boys I had recently seen. When he came to see me, Perry's weight had dropped to within 10 pounds of the threshold requiring forced hospitalization, yet he denied there was any problem.

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The primary purpose of the passage is to:

[Question ID = 7524]

- describe a young man's struggle with anorexia and, in doing so, provide possible reasons a young person may use to defend an eating disorder.
 - [Option ID = 30090]
- 2. advocate for young males who are struggling with an eating disorder and the decisions they have made that have brought them to that struggle.

[Option ID = 30091]

3. relate an emotional reaction to the shock of an eating disorder, such as that of Perry's, a typical young adult.

[Option ID = 30092]

4. explain how today's youth often develop eating disorders and other terrible issues in their overactive lives.

[Option ID = 30093]

Correct Answer :-

describe a young man's struggle with anorexia and, in doing so, provide possible reasons a young person may use to defend an eating disorder.

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4) Read the passage given below and answer the following questions:

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Which of the following does the author use in the sentence starting of the fourth paragraph "But beneath his academic success, Perry faced a world of troubles, and while he took a while to get to know, eventually the problems came pouring out"?

[Question ID = 7525]

simile

[Option ID = 30094]

2. anecdote

[Option ID = 30095]

irony

[Option ID = 30096]

4. metaphor

[Option ID = 30097]

Correct Answer :-

metaphor

[Option ID = 30097]

5) Read the passage given below and answer the following questions:

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In the second sentence of the last paragraph, the word "inadvertently" most nearly means:

[Question ID = 7526]

1. steadily

[Option ID = 30098]

2. monumentally

[Option ID = 30099]

3. incrementally

[Option ID = 30100]

4. mistakenly

[Option ID = 30101]

Correct Answer :-

mistakenly

[Option ID = 30101]

Topic:- BED S2 bil

Let f and g be real functions defined by f(x) = 2x-5 and g(x) = -4x+7. For all the real numbers x, such that f(x)=g(x) which of the following statements is true?

मान लीजिए कि f(x) = 2x-5 तथा g(x) = -4x+7 द्वारा परिभाषित f तथा g चास्तविक फलन हैं उन चास्तविक संख्याओं x, जिन के लिए f(x)=g(x) है, निम्नलिखित में से कीन सा कथन सत्य होगा?

[Question ID = 7883]

- A straight line parallel to y axis cutting two points towards the positive side of the x axis/x अक्ष को काराजक पक्ष की ओर दो इकाइवों को काराजे काही y अवा के अध्यक्षक एक जीवी नेजा [Option ID = 31526]
- A straight line parallel to y axis cutting two points towards the negative side of the x axis/x अव के कामानक पढ़ की ओर दो इकावों को कालो कारी y अब के कामानक पढ़ की ओर दो इकावों को कालो कारी y अब के कामानक एक सीवी नेवा [Option ID = 31527]
- A straight line parallel to x axis cutting two points towards the positive side of the y axis/y अव के कारकण पदा की ओर दो इकहतों को कारको कारी x अव के अध्यक्षक एक शीवी नेवा [Option ID = 31528]
- A straight line parallel to x axis cutting two points towards the negative side of the y axis/y अझ के कामरूक पड़ा की और दो इकड़ों को कारने वाली x अझ के अध्यक्षक एक शीवी नेजा [Option ID = 31529]

Correct Answer :

- A straight line parallel to y axis cutting two points towards the positive side of the x axis/x মহা ক কলেকত ঘহা কী মাই বা বুলহুবাঁ কা কলেই কলা y মহা ক কলেকত ঘ্যা কী বাহ (Option ID = 31526)
- 2) If the zeroes of the polynomial ax3+3bx2+3cx+d are increasing succeedingly by a constant 'r' then which of the following relations are true?

चदि बहुपद ax³+3bx²+3cx+d के भूज्यक लगातार रिशर संख्या 'r' से बढ़ रहे हैं तो निम्नतिस्थित में से कीन सा संबंध सही हैं?

[Question ID = 7884]

2b³ - 3abc + a²d = 0

[Option ID = 31530]

2b³ - 3abc - a²d = 0

[Option ID = 31531]

2b³ + 3abc + a²d = 0

10otion ID = 315321

2b³ + 3abc - a²d = 0

[Option ID = 31533]



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3) Cards marked from 10 to 50 are put in a box and given a thorough mix. What is the probability of drawing a card with a squared number written on it, if the probability of drawing each card is equally likely?

10 से 50 तक विद्वित कार्डों को एक बॉक्स में रखा गया और समको मिश्रित कर दिया गया है यदि पुत्येक कार्ड को निकालने की पूर्विकता की संभावना समान है, तो कोई भी एक कार्ड जिस पर वर्ग संख्या विनिहत हों तो निकालने की पूर्विकता क्या है?

[Question ID = 7885]

1. 1/4

[Option ID = 31534]

2. 4/4

[Option ID = 31535]

3. 7/40

[Option ID = 31536]

4. 10/41

[Option ID = 31537]

Correct Answer :-

4/41

[Option ID = 31535]

4) The point which divides the line segment joining the points (7,-6) and (3, 4) in the ratio 1:2 internally lies in the:

बिंदुओं (7,-6) तथा (3,4) को जोड़ने वाली रेखाखंड को आंतरिक रूप से 1;2 में विभाजित करने वाली बिंदु की रिश्वति है ; [Question ID = 7886]

- 1. First quadrant/qsx egelsx [Option ID = 31538]
- 2. Second quadrant/ট্রিগার জ্যুরান্ত [Option ID = 31539]
- 3. Third quadrant/gells signific [Option ID = 31540]
- 4. Fourth quadrant/ergef ergefor [Option ID = 31541]

Correct Answer :-

- Fourth quadrant/अपूर्व अपूर्वाप्त [Option ID = 31541]
- 5) In a windmill the power generated:

एक पवलवक्की में विजती उत्पन्न होती है:

[Question ID = 7887]

- 1. Depends on the height of the tower/टांवर की उत्पाई पर शिवरि कारण है [Option ID = 31542]
- Is more in rainy season since damp air would mean more air mass hitting the blades/অসিল কা মাজন মা মাজিক কাল ই, ক্টোকি কম ক্লম কাল কাল ই মাজিক আৰু কুলেমান কা কাল মাজন (Option ID = 31543)
- 3. Depends on wind velocity/ਭਗ ਕੀ ਰੇਸ਼ ਬਣ ਇਸਟਿ ਕਾਣਜ ਫ਼ੈ [Option ID = 31544]
- Can be increased by planting tall trees close to the tower/टॉस्ट को करीब उस्ते के इसकार हो कहता का कारता है [Option ID = 31545]

Correct Answer :-

- Depends on wind velocity/इख के केम पर शिवरित कारण है [Option ID = 31544]
- 6) Which of the following statement is / are true for a stationary wave?
- (a) Every particle has fixed amplitude which is different from the amplitude of its nearest particle.
- (b) All the particles cross their mean position at the same time.
- (c) All the particles are oscillating with same amplitude.
- (d) There is no net transfer of energy across any plane.
- (e) There are some particles which are always at rest,

किसी अपूनामी तरंग के लिए निम्नलिखित में कीन से कथन सत्य हैं?

- (a) पुरवेक कण में एक लिवत आयाम होता है जो इसके निकटतम पडीसी कण से भिन्न होता है
- (b) राश्री कण अपनी साहव रिथति को एक साथ पार करते हैं
- (c) सभी कण सामान आयाम से दोलन करते हैं
- (d) किसी भी तल के आर पर ऊर्जा का नेट स्थानांतरण नहीं होता है
- (e) वुछ कण सदैव रिश्वर रहते हैं

[Question ID = 7888]

1. (a) and (b)/(a) allz (b)

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[Option ID = 31548]

4. (d)

[Option ID = 31549]

Correct Answer :-

(c)

[Option ID = 31547]

7) Kepler's second law is based on which of the following?

कंप्तर का दूसरा लियम आधारित है:

[Question ID = 7889]

- 1. Newton's first law/өqсөг он част Яван [Option ID = 31550]
- 2. Conservation of energy/scaf are sizem [Option ID = 31551]
- Newton's second law/этрэг от драг бизи [Option ID = 31552]
- 4. Conservation of angular momentum/क्षेत्रश्च अति का शंक्षण [Option ID = 31553]

Correct Answer :-

- Conservation of angular momentum/छोम्रीय माति का मंत्रकृत [Option ID = 31553]
- 8) If the mass of sun were ten times smaller and the gravitational constant G were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following would be false?

यदि सूर्व का दूरवामान 10 मुना छोटा तथा मुरुत्वीय नियतांक G परिणाम में 10 मुना बड़ा हो, तो:

[Question ID = 7890]

- Airplanes will have to travel much faster./खन्नका को अधिक लीवन के सला पड़ेमा [Option ID = 31554]
- 2. Raindrops will fall much faster./ouf dit dis averfires itset it think [Option ID = 31555]
- 3. The acceleration due to gravity on earth will not change./पृथ्वी वस कुरूपीय त्यारम में प्रीयर्थन असे होगा [Option ID = 31556]
- Walking on ground would become more difficult./ ஒளி ஏ என அின என்ன இன (Option ID = 31557)

Correct Answer :-

- The acceleration due to gravity on earth will not change./पृथ्वी का मुख्यीत त्याम में परिवर्तन नहीं क्षेत्र [Option ID = 31556]
- 9) Which of the following is a vitamin?

निज्ञतिस्वित में से कीन विदामिन हैं?

[Question ID = 7891]

- Aspartic acid/एमार्टिक असर [Option ID = 31558]
- 2. Ascorbic acid/цэнэйбах экм [Option ID = 31559]
- 3. Adipic acid/elitive aret [Option ID = 31560]
- 4. Saccharic acid/अधेरिक अल [Option ID = 31561]

Correct Answer :-

- Ascorbic acid/vare/lifes arer [Option ID = 31559]
- 10) White fumes appear around the bottle of anhydrous AICI3. The reason for this is:

निर्जातीय AICI3 की बोतल के चारों और श्वेत धूम बन जाते हैं इसका कारण वह है कि:

[Question ID = 7892]

AICl₃ is partially oxidised with atmospheric oxygen to liberate Al₂O₃ which appears white in colour/জিয়লিক AICl₃ অফুলিবলিক আঁকরিকে ক আন আঁকিক কর্ম বার্লিক কর্ম বার্লিক কর্ম বার্লিক ক্রম বার্লিক ক্রম বার্লিক ক্রম বার্লিক ক্রম বার্লিক ক্রম বার্লিক ক্রম বার্লিক বার্

[Option ID = 31562]

AICl₃ is partially hydrolysed with atmospheric moisture to liberate HCl gas which appears white in colour/AICl₃ आंशिक अप से वाहुमंत्रलीय कशी के साथ जल अपवित्त क्षेत्रण HCl लैक विकारीत करना है, जो लेक उंग का दिखाती देखा

[Option ID = 31563]

AICI3 reacts with atmospheric Nitrogen to liberate AIN which appears white in colour/AICI3 অনুষ্ঠানের অনুষ্ঠানের কাল কালিকের কালে কালেকের কালেকে

[Option ID = 31564]

4. AICL3 reacts with atmospheric pollution to liberate white fumes/AICl3 खड़ांडलील पुराम के जान अधिरिक्षा करके लोग युव विजितित करना है

[Option ID = 31565]

Correct Answer :-

 AICl₃ is partially hydrolysed with atmospheric moisture to liberate HCl gas which appears white in colour/AICl₃ आहित्क रूप से खडुमंडलीय कही के त्याव अल अपवादित क्षेत्रक HCl मीत विकासित करता है, जो लोग रूप कर दिल्लाची देखा
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[Option ID = 31563]

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a, displacement reaction

b, combination reaction

c. redox reaction

d, neutralisation reaction

निजनतिरिवत अभिविद्या एक उटाहरण है:

 $4NH_3(g) + 5O_2(g) \rightarrow 4NO(g) + 6H_2O(g)$

a, पूतिस्थापन अभिविद्या का

b. संयोजन अभिक्तिया का

c, उपवयन - अपवयन (रेडोक्स) अभिकृता का

d. उदाशीनीकरण अभिक्तिया का

[Question ID = 7893]

1. (a) and (d)/(a) allz (d)

[Option ID = 31566]

2. (b) and (c)/(b) alltz (c)

[Option ID = 31567]

3. (a) and (c)/(a) allz (c)

[Option ID = 31568]

4. (c) and (d)/(c) siftz (d)

[Option ID = 31569]

Correct Answer :-

(a) and (c)/(a) siltz (c)

[Option ID = 31568]

12) Two chemical species X and Y combine together to form a product P which contains both X and Y

 $X + Y \rightarrow F$

X and Y cannot be broken down into simpler substances by simple chemical reactions. Which of the following concerning the species X, Y and P are correct?

a. P is a compound

b. X and Y are compounds

c. X and Y are elements

d. P has a fixed composition

दो सभावनिक स्पीशीज X तथा Y आपस में संयुक्त होकर P उत्पात बनाती है जिसमें दो X तथा Y दोनों उपस्थित है:

 $X + Y \rightarrow P$

X तथा Y को सरत संसायनिक अभिक्तिया द्वारा सरत पदार्थों में नहीं तोडा जा सकता है। निम्नतिशिवत में से कीन सा X, Y तथा P के तिए सत्य है?

a. P एक वीमिक है

b. X तथा Y वीशिक है

c. X तथा Y तत्व है

d. P का एक शिवित संगठन है

[Question ID = 7894]

1. (a), (b) and (c)/(a), (b) rem (c)

[Option ID = 31570]

2. (a), (b) and (d)/(a), (b) तथा (d)

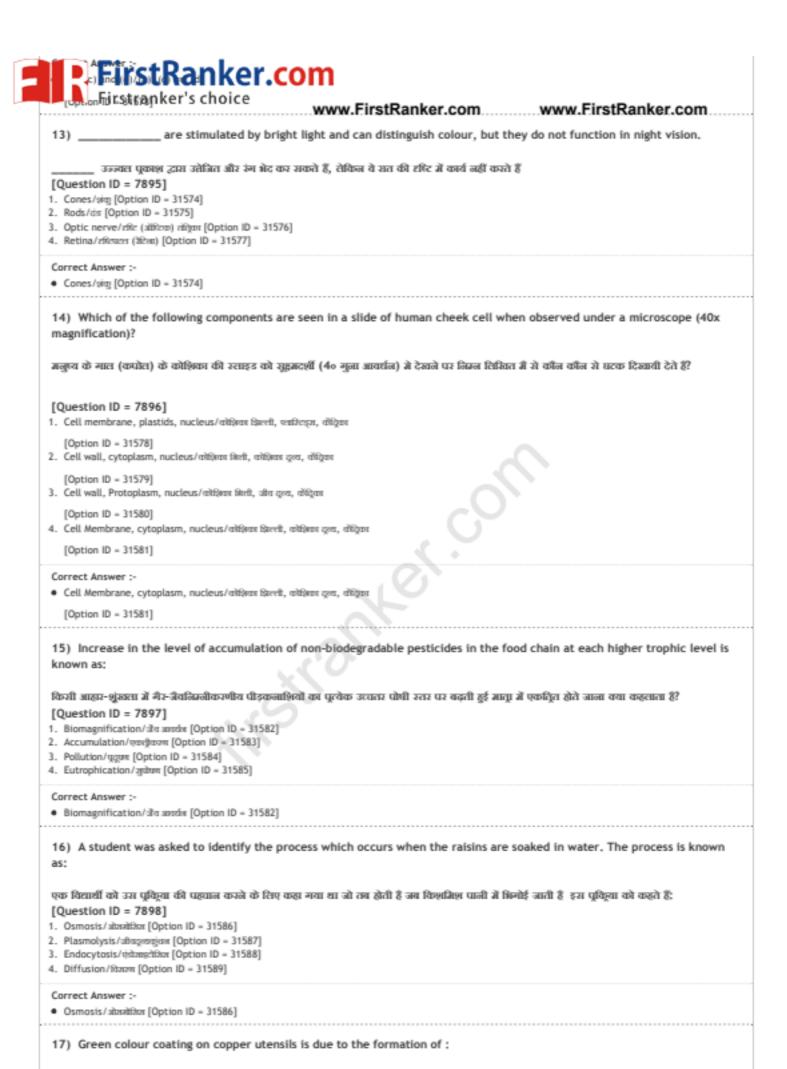
[Option ID = 31571]

3. (b), (c) and (d)/(b), (c) net (d)

(Option ID = 31572)

4. (a), (c) and (d)/(a), (c) お町 (d)

[Option ID = 31573]



Question ID = 78991

तांबे के बर्तनों पर हरे रंग की कोटिंग किसके बनने के कारण होती है?

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[Option ID = 31593]

Correct Answer :-

CuCO₃

[Option ID = 31590]

18) Pieces of pre-weighed cloth of silk, nylon, cotton and wool of equal measurements are taken and soaked in a beaker filled with water. After a few minutes, the cloth pieces were taken out of the beaker and weighed again. Which of the following options places them in the correct order of their final weights?

रेशम, नायतींन, सूरी, और ऊन के कपड़े के बसबर वजन के पूर्व के टुकड़े लिए जाते हैं और पानी से भरे बीकर में भिगोए जाते हैं कुछ मिनटों के बाद, कपड़े के टुकड़े बीकर से निकाल गए और फिर से तीला गया निजनतिस्वित में से कीन सा विकल्प उन्हें अपने अंतिम भार के सही कूम में रखता है? [Question ID = 7900]

- 1. Wool > silk > nylon > cotton/sar > 3par > arceitar > agit [Option ID = 31594]
- 2. Cotton > Silk > mylon > wool/agit > fileros > ausretiar > saxr [Option ID = 31595]
- 3. Wool > cotton > silk > nylon/अवर > जूसी > देखर > व्यवसीत [Option ID = 31596]
- Silk > wool > cotton > nylon/2per > see > sgft > meetier [Option ID = 31597]

Correct Answer :-

Wool > cotton > silk > nylon/अल > जूती > 'श्रवर > लक्टरोंल [Option ID = 31596]

19) A food sample turned blue - black after addition of a few drops of iodine solution. This sample contains:

आयोडीन घोल की कुछ ढूंटी को बिलाकर एक खाद्य नमूना नीला - काला हो गया इस नमूने में शाबिल हैं: [Ouestion ID = 7901]

- 1. Fat/szs [Option ID = 31598]
- 2. Glucose/ægæksr [Option ID = 31599]
- 3. Starch/zerd [Option ID = 31600]
- 4. Protein/फ्रेशा [Option ID = 31601]

Correct Answer :-

Starch/zerd [Option ID = 31600]

20) The process by which blood is cleared of metabolic wastes in case of kidney failure is called:

वृक्क के अपूक्तिय होने की रिश्वति में अपश्रिट उत्पादों को साफ करने की पूक्तिया, को कहा जाता है:

[Question ID = 7902]

- 1. Dialysis/aritizer [Option ID = 31602]
- 2. Artificial kidney/কৃষ্ট্যের কুচক [Option ID = 31603]
- 3. Transplantation/glinks [Option ID = 31604]
- 4. Filtration/Remon [Option ID = 31605]

Correct Answer :-

Dialysis/aritise [Option ID = 31602]

- 21) Which of the following were the effects of colonial forestry in India?
- I. Ban on network of forest reserves,
- II. Supply of captive labour for forest operations.
- III, Scientific cultivation of certain species of trees,
- IV. Promotion of grazing, hunting, fishing and exploitation of forests.

भारत में औपनिवेशिक वानिकी के निम्नतिवित्त में से कीन से पूभाव थे?

- l, आरक्षित वनों के जाल पर पुतिबंध
- ll, वन संवातन के तिए बंदी शुक्रिकों की आपूर्ति
- III, पेड़ों की कुछ पूजातियों को वैज्ञानिक ढंग से लगाना
- IV. चराई, शिकार, जनली पकड़ने और जंगलों के दोहन को बढ़ावा देना

[Question ID = 7903]

1. I and III only/लेखर । और III

[Option ID = 31606]

2. II and III only/खेवल II और III

[Option ID = 31607]

[Option ID = 31608]

3. I, II and III only/elect I, II, allz III

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II and III only/ribert II allz III

[Option ID = 31607]

Correct Answer :

22) M.K. Gandhi chose to clothe the whole nation in khadi because:

- I, it would be a means of erasing differences between religions,
- II, it would be a means of erasing differences between the classes,
- III, those who were deprived by caste norms would wear it for self- respect,
- IV. most people were easily able to take to the single peasant loincloth as he (Gandhi) had.

एम. के. मांशी ने पूरे देश को खादी पहनाने का विकल्प चुना क्वोंकि;

- l. यह विभिन्न धर्मों के बीच मतभेद को मिटाने का एक माध्यम होगा
- II. वह विभिन्न क्यों के बीच अतभेट को जिटाने का एक आध्यज होगा
- III. जो लोग जातिगत पारंपराओं की वजह से वंधित थे, वे इसे आत्म-स्वाधिमाल के लिए पहलेमें
- IV. बहुत सारे लोग गांधी जैसा इकहरा किसानी वस्तु आसानी से अपना सकते थे

[Question ID = 7904]

- I and II only/diggs I aliz II [Option ID = 31610]
- 2. I and III only/river I alls III [Option ID = 31611]
- 3. I, II and III only/direr I, II, altz III [Option ID = 31612]
- 4. I, II and IV only/river I, II sitz IV [Option ID = 31613]

Correct Answer :-

I and II only/direct I aliz II [Option ID = 31610]

23) Examine the two statements and select the correct answer from the options given below:

Statement I: The system of indentured labour unfolded as a new system of slavery in the nineteenth century.

Statement II: Workers discovered their own ways of surviving and creating new forms of cultural fusion like 'chutney music'.

निम्नलिशित दो कथलों का परीक्षण करें और दिए गए विकरपों में से सही विकरप का वयन करें:

कथन ।; मिर्समेटिया श्रूम की पूणाली उन्नीसवीं सदी में मुलामी की एक नई पूणाली के रूप में अस्कर सामने आई

कथन II: शुक्रिकों ने स्वयं को जीवित रहने के लिए 'वटनी संगीत' जैसे सांस्कृतिक सम्मिश्रण के अपने ही तीस्तरीके विकसित किए

[Question ID = 7905]

1. Statement I is false but Statement II is true./ਰਾਲਕ I ਕਲਾਰ ਤੋਂ ਕੀਟ ਰਾਲਕ II ਕਲਾਰ ਤੋਂ

[Option ID = 31614]

2. Statement I is true but Statement II is false./काल । अस्य है और काल II अअस्य है

[Option ID = 31615]

3. Statement I and II are true and Statement II is the correct explanation for I./कडल I और II दोओं ही अरप है और कडल II कडल I की अहे कारण है

[Option ID = 31616]

4. Statement I and II are true but Statement II is not the correct explanation of I./ਕਾਰਕ I ਕੀਏ II ਹੇਅੱ ਕੀ ਕਾਰ ਵੋ ਕੀਏ ਕਾਰਕ II ਕਾਰਕ I ਕੀ ਕਰੋ ਕਰੋ ਕਾਰਕ ਕਰੋ ਵੋ

[Option ID = 31617]

Correct Answer :-

Statement I and II are true but Statement II is not the correct explanation of I./ক্তবন I আঁচ II दोओं প্র কাব ই আঁচ কবন II কাবন I কা করি ব্যাহকা নার্ল ই
 [Option ID = 31617]

24) How do we know today that ostriches were found in India during the Palaeolothic period?

वर्तमान में हम कैसे जानते हैं कि पुरापाषाण काल के दौरान भारत में शुतुरमूर्ग पाये जाते थे?

[Question ID = 7906]

- We have vivid portrayal of these birds in the paintings of Bhimbetka in Madhya Pradesh./রলট অস সংলক্ষ্টের জ বিষয়ে ই ক্র বাইলট কা বিষয়ে বিশ্বন ই
 [Option ID = 31618]
- 2. Large quantities of ostrich egg shells were found at Patne in Maharashtra./agazec d uch 著 ush aug a aggraph d ish d filterab Birk (Option ID = 31619)
- We have pictographic records on ostriches in Delhi's National Museum./রমাই যাম হিলোঁ টে কাণ্ট্রার কানুহারে ম প্রচ্জার মা বিশ্বরাকার বিশ্বরাক

Correct Answer :-

- Seventieth Amendment/arradi aişibas [Option ID = 31622]
- Fortieth Amendment/ssellard aighter [Option ID = 31623]
- Twenty fourth Amendment/ellitzerif zigitzer [Option ID = 31624]
- Forty second Amendment/ভারদেশিকার বার্তাকের [Option ID = 31625]

Correct Answer :-

Forty second Amendment/wareflawif aişiltaw [Option ID = 31625]

26) Which statement is true about Panchayati Raj?

उक्त में से पंचायती राज के विषय में कीन सा कथन सही हैं:

[Ouestion ID = 7908]

- द्वारा होजा वाहिए [Option ID = 31626]
- To contest election Minimum age should be 18 years./पंतायत कार पर पुराव लाइमें की स्पूलाम आयु औमा १८ वर्ष होनी व्यक्ति (Option ID = 31627)
- 3. Election of the Panchayati Raj institutions is conducted under the guidance of the State Election Commission./पंतावादी का गंगवाती के कुलाव काल विवर्धात आयोग के शिर्देशन में आयोधित होने वाहिए [Option ID = 31628]
- 4. For the financial review of Panchayats, the state Finance Commission is established every 6 years. /ய்யாள் விரு செரிய சுரிய முற்ற மர வி வர அவ वित अवोज की ज्वापन की जारी हैं [Option ID = 31629]

Correct Answer :-

- Election of the Panchayati Raj institutions is conducted under the guidance of the State Election Commission./ம்மாயி என்றனை என செயின் आयोग के शिर्वेज़ल में आयोजित होने वाहिए [Option ID = 31628]
- 1952 में हुए पहले आम चुनावों में लोकसभा और ___ ___ के साथ-साथ कीन सा चुनाव शासित थे?

27) The First general elections held in 1952 involved simultaneous elections to the Lok Sabha and

[Question ID = 7909]

- 1. The Vice President of India/बाजा ம் आजात्वारे [Option ID = 31630]
- 2. State Assemblies/этэм Якшикингі [Option ID = 31631]
- 3. Rajya Sabha/жэнжи [Option ID = 31632]
- 4. President of India/सारत के राष्ट्राति [Option ID = 31633]

Correct Answer :-

- State Assemblies/अध्य विद्यालयभाग् [Option ID = 31631]
- is a landlocked country in South Asia, and has transitioned from an absolute monarchy to a constitutional monarchy.

ू दक्षिण एशिया में एक देश है, और एक निरंकुश राजशाही से एक संवैधानिक राजशाही में परिवर्तित हो गया है

[Question ID = 7910]

- India/wxx [Option ID = 31634]
- Pakistan/unbrown [Option ID = 31635]
- 3. Sri Lanka/sftrittt [Option ID = 31636]
- Bhutan/agrar [Option ID = 31637]

Correct Answer :-

- Bhutan/agent [Option ID = 31637]
- 29) Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R

Assertion (A): The difference between the durations of day and night is hardly felt at Kanyakumari but not so in Kashmir.

Reason (R): The longitudinal extent influences the duration of day and night as we move from south to north.

Select the correct option from the given alternatives;

अभिकथन (A): कन्याकुमारी में दिन और सत के समय के बीच का अंतर शावद ही महसूस किया जाता है, टेकिन कश्मीर में ऐसा नहीं है

कारण (R): देशंतारीय विस्तार दिन और सत की अवधि को पूर्मावित करती हैं जैसे हीं हम दक्षिण से उत्तर की ओर बढ़ते हैं

टिए गए विकल्पों में से सही विकल्प का वयल करें

[Question ID = 7911]

Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) does not explain (A). / 改善 (A) 通程 (R) agt 表, 改物 (R) 可知可可能 (R) 可可可可能

[Option ID = 31638]

- 2. (A) is true and (R) is false./(A) 知意音描 (R) 网络 www.FirstRanker.com
 - [Option ID = 31639]



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Correct Answer :-

(A) is true and (R) is false./(A) ਕਾਫ਼ੀ ਵੋ ਸੀਕ (R) ਕਾਫ਼ਜ਼ ਵੋ

[Option ID = 31639]

30) Consider the following:

- A. Temperature and moisture
- B. Latitude and Altitude
- C. Slope and thickness of soil
- D. Direction of blowing of winds

The type and thickness of natural vegetation vary from place to place because of the variation in which of the above factors:

निजनतिरिवत पर विचार करें:

- A. तापमान और नमी
- B. अक्षांश और ऊँवाई
- C. दलान और मुदा की मोटाई
- D. हवा बहने की दिशा

उपरोक्त में से किन कारकों के कारण विभिन्न क्षेत्रों में पुक्तिक वनस्पति के पूकार और उसकी सघनता में भिन्नता होती है?

[Question ID = 7912]

1. A and C only./ribret A siltz C

[Option ID = 31642]

2. C and D only./ribor C alls D

[Option ID = 31643]

3. A, B and C only./@art A, B altz C

[Option ID = 31644]

4. A, B and D only./elert A, B slbr D

[Option ID = 31645]

Correct Answer :-

A, B and C only./rièrer A, B altr C

[Option ID = 31644]

31) The main reason for the fact that the earth experiences the highest temperatures in the subtropics in the northern hemisphere rather than at the equator is :

पृथ्वी के विषुवत वृतीय क्षेत्रों की अपेक्षा उत्तरी गोलार्थ के उपोष्ण कटिबंधीय क्षेत्रों का तापमाल अधिकतम होता है, इसका मुरूव कारण है: [Question ID = 7913]

- Subtropical areas tend to have less cloud cover than equatorial areas./शिकुवतीय क्षेत्रों की आदेश आगेला करिशंगीय क्षेत्रों में कम वादल होते हैं [Option ID = 31646]
- Subtropical areas have longer day hours in the summer than the equatorial. / आंग्रेस कारिया क्षेत्रों में कार्ति के शिवाँ की शंकाई विकृतिया क्षेत्रों में कवादा क्षेत्रों है [Option ID = 31647]
- Subtropical areas have an enhanced "greenhouse effect" compared to equatorial areas./अगोल्य काटिशंव क्षेत्रों में मूरिल हाउस पुमान विश्ववर्तीय क्षेत्रों की अग्रेका ज्यादा क्षेत्रा है [Option ID = 31648]
- Subtropical areas are nearer to the oceanic areas than the equatorial locations./ আলে অভিনাতি ক্রমু বিয়ক্তার ক্রমুল কর সমান করে।
 (Option ID = 31649)

Correct Answer :-

- Subtropical areas have longer day hours in the summer than the equatorial./अवेक्षा काटिशंच क्षेत्रों में कार्ती को दिल्ली की लोकाई विश्वकरीय क्षेत्रों में उच्चादा होती हैं [Option ID = 31647]
- 32) Consider the following list: Alps, Aravali, Appalachians, Himalaya, Ural, Vosges In this list which one of the following is different from the others?

निम्नतिकित सूची पर विचार करें: आल्प्स, असवली, अप्लेशियन, हिमालय, यूसल, वासजेस इस सूची में निम्नतिकित में से कीन सा दूसरों से अलग है? [Question ID = 7914]

- Vosges/απλία [Option ID = 31650]
- 2. Alps/arrox [Option ID = 31651]
- 3. Ural/gart [Option ID = 31652]
- Aravali/згянні [Option ID = 31653]

Correct Answer :-

Vosges/αππλεπ [Option ID = 31650]

विस्वतिक्रित में से काँव सी बीति उत्पादन की संभावना सीमा **WWW-FirstRanker com** बदाएगी, क्षे**श्र्म हैं। इस्टिश्लिक्ट दिवा** [Question ID = 7915]

- A policy that encourages firms to buy more industrial plant./ক্ত পাঁচি আঁ কথাঁ কৌ আছিল আঁবালিক আঁবালিক পাঁচালিক পাঁচালিক পাঁচালিক কিবা কুলোৱিল কট [Option ID = 31654]
- A policy that encourages firms to develop and introduce improved technology./ কৃত পাঁচি আঁ কৰা কা ইছল কেন্দ্ৰটাল কৰা আঁহ ইছল কন্ত্ৰীত চিকাৰিল কৰা আঁহ ইছল কন্ত্ৰীত কিছ কুটালাছিল কই
 [Option ID = 31655]
- A policy that encourages firms to provide training to their labour./एक लेकिन को काले कुलिकों को पुश्चिम पुराल काले के लिए पुरेलाहित करे [Option ID = 31656]
- A policy that encourages firms to optimally utilize already available resources./ কৃচ ऐसी सीति औ কरों को पहले से उपलब्ध संसदल का अधिकास उपयोग करने के लिए ऐरावाहित करें [Option ID = 31657]

Correct Answer :

- 34) If the RBI (Reserve Bank of India) adopts an expansionist open market operations policy, this means that it will:

वदि आस्त्रीआई (भारतीय रिजर्व वैंक) एक विस्तारवादी मुक्त बार संचालन नीति अपनाता है, तो इसका मतलब है कि वह क्षेत्रा: [Ouestion ID = 7916]

- 1. buy securities from non-government holders/নীঃ-রাজ্যারী যাজ্যাই বা দুবিজুবিদ্রা রাজীই [Option ID = 31658]
- 2. sell securities in the open market/agrì arazz ài ghaghali mì dei [Option ID = 31659]
- 3. offer commercial banks more credit in the open market/வில்லை வேல் ஒரு வரும சுன ஒரு வரு முறு வரு விறு கண்டிய கண
- 4. openly announce to the market that it intends to expand credit/யும் சீ ஆர் வீர் மர வீரிச்சம் சிரும் கண் வரை இ (Option ID = 31661)

Correct Answer :-

- offer commercial banks more credit in the open market/वाणितिकक वैकों को अपने बाजार में अधिक प्रमा पुरान को [Option ID = 31660]
- 35) Consider the following statements regarding the change in economic activities over the last forty years in India.
- A. Secondary sector has emerged as the largest producing sector in India replacing the primary sector.
- B. There has been a change in the share of the three sectors in GDP; a similar shift has not taken place in employment.

Choose the correct option:

भारत में वालीस वर्षों में आर्थिक गतिविधियों में होने वाले बदलाव के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विवार करें;

- A. प्राथमिक क्षेत् की जनह द्वितीयक क्षेत् भारत में सबसे बड़ा उत्पादक क्षेत् बनकर उभरा है
- B. जीडीपी में तीनों क्षेत्रों की हिस्सेदारी में बदलाव हुआ है, उसी तरह समान बदलाव उससे रोजगार में नहीं हुआ है

राही विकल्प चुनें;

[Question ID = 7917]

1. Both A and B are true./ਹੋਮਵੇਂ ਸਫ਼ੀ ਵੱ

[Option ID = 31662]

[Option ID = 31663]

3. A is false but B is true./A जला है लेकिल B ऋष्टी हैं

[Option ID = 31664]

4. Both A and B are false./दोओं अतरा हैं

[Option ID = 31665]

Correct Answer :-

A is false but B is true./A ਕਰਬਾ ਫੋ ਰੇਬਿਲਾ B ਕਾਫ਼ੀ ਫੋ

[Option ID = 31664]

- 36) Food security is ensured in a country only if:
- A. Enough food is available for all the persons
- B. All men have the capacity to buy food of acceptable quality
- C. There is no barrier on access to food,

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

किसी देश में खादा सुरक्षा सुनिधित की जाती है अगर वहां;

- A, सभी व्यक्तियों के लिए पर्वाप्त भोजन उपलब्ध है
- B. राश्री पुरुषों में स्वीकार्य मुणवता का श्रोजन खरीड़ने की क्षमता है
- C. भोजन तक पहुंच में कोई बादा नहीं है

नीचे दिए मए कोड का उपयोग करके राही उत्तर चुनें;

2. B and C only/eler B afte C

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2. 1778 [Option ID = 31675] 3. 1834 [Option ID = 31676] 4. 1938 [Option ID = 31677] Correct Answer:- • 1766 [Option ID = 31674]
[Option ID = 31675] 3. 1834 [Option ID = 31676] 4. 1938
[Option ID = 31675] 3. 1834 [Option ID = 31676]
[Option ID = 31675]
2. 1778
[Option ID = 31674]
[Question ID = 7920] 1. 1766
38) Thomas Robert Malthus, who wrote the famous 'An essay on the principle of population' was born in which year? थॉमस संबर्ट मारथस, जिल्होंने 'जनसंख्या के सिद्धांत पर निवंध' दिखा था, किस वर्ष में पैदा हुआ था?
[Option ID = 31673]
Correct Answer :- ● Both A and C/A और C दोलों
[Option ID = 31673]
[Option ID = 31672] 4. Both A and C/A sitz C shell
[Option ID = 31671] 3. C/dian C
[Option ID = 31670] 2. B/riber B
[Question ID = 7919]
नीचे दिए मए कोड से सही विकल्प का क्वन करें;
A. वाहा B. आंतरिक C. मूर्त
भौतिक संस्कृति के घटक और वस्तुन्तित हैं
Select the correct option from the code given below:
B. Internal C. Tangible
The components of material culture are and objective. A. External
[Option ID = 31668]
Correct Answer :- ◆ A and C only/rikers A sits C
[Option ID = 31669]
[Option ID = 31668] 4. A, B and C/river A, B sitz C
3. A and C only/diver A iltz C

किसी के द्वारा अपने सांस्कृतिक मूल्यों के अनुसार अन्य संस्कृ**ष्टिक्षेक्षे .FiřstRankêr.Com** का मूल्यांकन है: [Question ID = 7921]

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Correct Answer :-

Ethnocentrism/ज्यावातीय-व्यव्यवस्था में विश्वान् (एकसोमेंटविज्ञा) [Option ID = 31679]

40) Which of the following sociologists has studied the relationship of suicide with other aspects of social and economic behaviour?

वे समाजशास्त्री जिल्होंने आत्महत्वा के सामाजिक और आर्थिक व्यवहार से संबंध को समझा, वह हैं: [Question ID = 7922]

- 1. Karl Marx/extf axxf [Option ID = 31682]
- 2. M. N. Srinivas/extext affilemat [Option ID = 31683]
- 3. Max Weber/#brzt thez [Option ID = 31684]
- Emile Durkheim/ηθει χρίξει (Option ID = 31685)

Correct Answer :-

Emile Durkheim/ηθετ gallar [Option ID = 31685]

Choose one word that is suitable for both sentences;

Sentence 1: The of wood selected by the interior designer was exceptionally beautiful.

Sentence 2: It was a state of crisis. Immediately, the government constituted a to discuss the course of action required to calm the situation.

Choose one word that is suitable for both sentences:

[Question ID = 7923]

1. Panel

[Option ID = 31686]

2. Committee

[Option ID = 31687]

3. Plank

[Option ID = 31688]

4. Consortium

[Option ID = 31689]

Correct Answer :-

Panel

[Option ID = 31686]

42) Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks:

"Now it was Ali's turn to travel,who gathered at every station to passionate speeches."

[Question ID = 7924]

1. rouse the crowds; to listen

[Option ID = 31690]

2. rousing the crowds; to listen

[Option ID = 31691]

3. rouse the crowds; for listening

[Option ID = 31692]

4. rousing the crowds; to listening

[Option ID = 31693]

Correct Answer :-

· rousing the crowds; to listen

[Option ID = 31691]

43) 'पोस्ट बीवस नं. 203 नाला सोपास' को किसने लिखा हैं:

[Question ID = 7925]

- 1. តូច្នេះ នេត្ [Option ID = 31694]
- attific this [Option ID = 31695]
 Right ager [Option ID = 31696]
- 4. zizita [Option ID = 31697]

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[Question ID = 7926]

- 313E [Option ID = 31698]
- 2. amm [Option ID = 31699]
- 3. згірт [Option ID = 31700]
- 4. жинвия [Option ID = 31701]

Correct Answer :-

экие [Option ID = 31698]

45) Josh Malihabadi is famous for his:

जोश मतीहाबादी किस के लिए पूसिद्ध हैं?

[Question ID = 7927]

- Novels/зиния [Option ID = 31702]
- 2. Short stories/எழுமன் [Option ID = 31703]
- 3. Poems/editer? [Option ID = 31704]
- Plays/mess [Option ID = 31705]

Correct Answer :-

Poems/œftræf [Option ID = 31704]

46) Rubai is a form of poem which consists of ------ line(s);

रुबई एक तरह की कविता है, जिसमें...... पंक्तियाँ होती हैं

[Question ID = 7928]

- 1. Two/라 [Option ID = 31706]
- 2. Four/erz [Option ID = 31707]
- Six/ms [Option ID = 31708]
- Eight/ass [Option ID = 31709]

Correct Answer :-

Four/arz [Option ID = 31707]

47) Who wrote the poem, 'Kambdi Kalai'?

'कंबदी कलाई' कविता के स्वविता कवि कील हैं?

[Question ID = 7929]

- 1. Prem Chand/tpros [Option ID = 31710]
- 2. Mohan Singh/sitset Dis [Option ID = 31711]
- 3. Bhai Vir Singh/xef dtz filis [Option ID = 31712]
- 4. Shiv Kumar Batalvi/இன ஏறாச என்னி [Option ID = 31713]

Correct Answer :-

Bhai Vir Singh/att dtz fits [Option ID = 31712]

48) 'Rasidi ticket' is the autobiography of which of the following?

'रसीदी टिकट' किस की आत्मकथा है ?

[Question ID = 7930]

- Ajeet Kaur/srsikr αliz [Option ID = 31714]
- Dalip Kaur/उलीय कौर [Option ID = 31715]
- 3. Amrita Pritam/seget @csr [Option ID = 31716]
- 4. Khushwant Singh/agreist Bis [Option ID = 31717]

Correct Answer :-

Amrita Pritam/зидея фізи [Option ID = 31716]

49) Which of the following subject area has been explicated in 'Lilavati' written by Bhaskaracharya?

निरून में से किस विषय वस्तु की विवेचना भारकसवार्या द्वारा शिक्षित 'लीलावती' में की नई है?

[Question ID = 7931]

1. Mathematics/afford

[Option ID = 31718]

Surgery/রল্ফ বিচিৎসা

[Option ID = 31719]

- 3. Grammar/евиот
- [Option ID = 31720] 4. Theatre/aucu suzu

Mathematics/wifers www.FirstRanker.com

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[Option ID = 31718]

50) Which one of the following books is not written by Kalidasa?

निम्न में से कीन सी कृति कालिदास की खना नहीं है?

[Question ID = 7932]

- 1. Meghdoot/ikrgr [Option ID = 31722]
- 2. Geet Govind/और ओसिंड [Option ID = 31723]
- 3. Raghuvansham/σχάρας [Option ID = 31724]
- 4. Kumarsambhava/цяшиня [Option ID = 31725]

Correct Answer :-

- Geet Govind/#ltrr #lfftis [Option ID = 31723]
- 51) Complete the series: ADR, VGP, RJN, NML, ?

शुंखता को पूरा करें: ADR, VGP,RJN,NML,?

[Question ID = 7933]

- JPJ [Option ID = 31726]
- 2. JOJ [Option ID = 31727]
- 3. JPK [Option ID = 31728]
- 4. IPJ [Option ID = 31729]

Correct Answer :-

JPJ [Option ID = 31726]

52) In the question below three statements are given, followed by conclusions I, II, III, IV.

You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Statements; Some Cats are Rats, All bats are tables, All Rats are Bats,

Conclusion:

- I. Some cats are bats.
- II. All bats are rats.
- III. All tables are cats.
- IV. All bats are cats

नीचे दिए गए पुष्त में तीन कथन दिए गए हैं, उसके बाद निष्कर्ष I, II, III, IV हैं

आपको दिए गए कथलों को सत्व मालला है, भले ही वे सामान्वतः झात तश्वों से भिल्न पूतीत होते हों लिएकर्ष पढ़ें और निर्णय लें कि दिए गए कथलों में से कीन सा निष्कर्ष सामान्वतः झात तश्वों की अवहेलना करते हुए दिए गए कथलों का तार्किक रूप से अनुसरण करता है

कथन: कुछ बिरित्तवाँ चुहे हैं सभी चम्रमादड़ देवत हैं सभी चुहे चम्रमादड़ हैं

जिल्वार्थः

l, कुछ विह्तियाँ चमगादड़ हैं

II. सभी चमनादङ चूहे हैं

III. सभी टेवल बिल्लिवॉ हैं

IV. राभी चमनाइड बिटिलवॉ हैं

[Question ID = 7934]

Only I & II are true/ਲੇਕੜ I और II ਕਵਰ ਨੇ

[Option ID = 31730]

2. Only I is true/ਕੇਕਰ I ਸਦਾ ਵੋ

[Option ID = 31731]

3. Only I & IV are true/छेवल I और IV ऋष हैं

[Option ID = 31732]

4. Only II true/केवल II ऋष है

[Option ID = 31733]

Correct Answer :-

Only I is true/ঐজন I সংঘাই

[Option ID = 31731]

[Option ID = 31739]

3. MRW

[Option ID = 31740]

4. OPW

[Option ID = 31741]

Correct Answer :-

OPW

[Option ID = 31741]

55) The average of four consecutive even numbers is 27. The largest of these numbers is:

चार अनुमामी राम संरुवाओं का औसत 27 है इन संरुवाओं वें**www.firstRankle**f.com [Question ID = 7937]

1. 36 [Option ID = 31742]



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30 [Option ID = 31744]

56) Monday falls on 20th March 1995. What was the day on 3rd November 1994?

20 मार्च 1995 को सोमवार पड़ता है 3 नवंबर 1994 को क्या दिन था?

[Question ID = 7938]

- 1. Thursday/spenz [Option ID = 31746]
- 2. Sunday/aftraz [Option ID = 31747]
- 3. Tuesday/aixeress [Option ID = 31748]
- Saturday/sriess [Option ID = 31749]

Correct Answer :-

- Thursday/शुक्रवार [Option ID = 31746]
- 57) In a certain code, PAN is written as 31 and PAR as 35. In this code PAT is written as:

एक निष्धित कोड में, पैन को 31 और PAR को 35 के रूप में शिखा जाता है। इस कोड में PAT को किस पूकार शिखा जाता है:

[Question ID = 7939]

1. 30

[Option ID = 31750]

2. 37

[Option ID = 31751]

3. 38

[Option ID = 31752]

4. 39

[Option ID = 31753]

Correct Answer :-

• 37

[Option ID = 31751]

58) In a cross-country race, Ritesh is behind Lalit but ahead of Amar. Amar is ahead of Vikas. Pankaj is ahead of Amar but behind Ritesh. Who is at the end?

एक क्रिंस कंट्री टीड में, रितेश लित से पीछे हैं लेकिन अमर से आगे हैं विकास से आगे अमर हैं पंकन अमर से आगे हैं लेकिन रितेश से पीछे हैं आदिवर में कीन हैं?

[Question ID = 7940]

1. Amar/see

[Option ID = 31754]

2. Vikas/fibrora

[Option ID = 31755]

3. Pankaj/timu

[Option ID = 31756]

4. Ritesh/Bibs

[Option ID = 31757]

Correct Answer :-

Vikas/fitmm

[Option ID = 31755]

59) Pointing to a man in a photograph, a woman said, "His brother's father is the only son of my grandfather." How is the woman related to the man in the photograph?

एक तस्वीर में एक आदमी की ओर इशास करते हुए, एक महिला ने कहा, "उसके भाई के पिता मेरे दादा के इक्लीते बेटे हैं " तस्वीर में पुरुष से संबंधित महिला कौन 8?

[Question ID = 7941]

1. Aunt/endt

[Option ID = 31758]

2. Sister/waser

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Daughter/itét

[Option ID = 31761]

Correct Answer :-

Sister/assa

[Option ID = 31759]

60) In the following question, find the value of x;

$$x + 3x + 4x + 5x = 39$$

नीचे दिए समीकरण में x का मृत्य क्या होगा?

x + 3x + 4x + 5x = 39

[Question ID = 7942]

1. 3

[Option ID = 31762]

2. 4

[Option ID = 31763]

3. 2

[Option ID = 31764]

4. 5

[Option ID = 31765]

Correct Answer :-

• 3

[Option ID = 31762]

61) Given below are one question and two statements numbered I and II. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and give the answer;

Question: What is the distance between point P and Q?

Statement I: Point S is 4m away in east direction from point P. Point T is at a distance of 2m north of point S.

Statement II: Point Q is in north-west of point T.

नीचे एक पूष्त और दो कथन । और ।। दिए गए हैं आपको यह तब करना होगा कि कथनों में दिया गवा डेटा उत्तर देने के लिए पर्वाप्त है वा नहीं दोनों कथनों को पढ़ें और उत्तर दें:

पुष्त: बिंद् P और Q के बीच की दूरी क्या है?

कथन I ; बिंदु S, बिंदु P से पूर्व दिशा में 4 मीटर दूर है बिंदु T, बिंदु S के 2 मीटर उत्तर में है

कथन II: बिंदु Q, बिंदु T के उत्तर-पश्चिम में है

[Question ID = 7943]

 The data in statement I alone is sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone is not sufficient to answer the question./ কৰন I কা ইল একটা কৃষ্ণ কা বন্ধ তথা কি ইল কৰিব ট্রাই ক্রেকটা করন। I মাঁ হিন্দু বন্ধ আক্রই কুষ্ণ কা বন্ধ তথা কর কর বিশ্ব কর্মার ই

[Option ID = 31766]

The data in statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone is not sufficient to answer the
question./ अयोश काल II में देत पृथ्व का उत्तर देशे के शिए पर्वात है, जबकि काल I में देत पृथ्व का उत्तर देशे के शिए पर्वात कहीं हैं

[Option ID = 31767]

 The data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question./कचल I में क कचल II में अकेले पूज कर उत्तर देने के शिए पर्वाप देन अभी है.

[Option ID = 31768]

The data even in both statements I and II together is not sufficient to answer the question. / I और II दोलों कवाओं में भी देटा पूचा का उत्तर देने के शिश् पर्वाप कही हैं
[Option ID = 31769]

Correct Answer :-

The data even in both statements I and II together is not sufficient to answer the question. / I और II दोओं कावलों में भी देटा पूचा का उसर देशे को दिश कावित लाही हैं
 [Ootion ID = 31769]

62) Riya goes 30 km towards North from a fixed point, then after turning to her right she goes 15 km. After turning to her right, she goes 30 km. How far and in what direction point?

रिया एक निष्धित बिंदु से 30 किलोमीटर उत्तर की ओर जाती है, फिर उसके दाई ओर मुझ्ने के बाद वह 15 किलोमीटर जाती है इसके बाद वह दाई ओर मुझ्कर 30

15 km West/15 शिक्षोमीटर परिवर में [Option ID = 31771]

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3. 30 km East/30 fibribilitz पूर्व में [Option ID = 31772]
 4. 30 km South/30 fibribilitz বহিলা না [Option ID = 31773]

Correct Answer :-

15 km East/15 fibritifez qqf ii [Option ID = 31770]

63) Given below are two statements. Read both the statements and choose the correct option:

Statements: All laptops are computers

Some laptops are notebooks,

Conclusions; I, Some notebook are computers

II. All notebooks are computers.

नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं दोनों कथनों को पढ़ें और उत्तर दें:

कथन; सभी लैपटॉप कंप्यूटर हैं

कुछ शैपटॉप नोटबुक हैं

जिस्कर्ष : l कुछ जोटबुक कंप्यूटर हैं

II. राशी लोटकुक कंप्युटर हैं

[Question ID = 7945]

only conclusion I follows/केवल शिक्कर्ष । ककार के अनुरुप हैं

[Option ID = 31774]

2. only conclusion II follows/कंपन शिरकर्ष II करून के अनुस्य है

[Option ID = 31775]

3. both conclusions I and II follows/दोओं शिक्सर्य I और II कराज के अनुस्य हैं

[Option ID = 31776]

4. either conclusion I or conclusion II follows/वा तो शिकवर्ष I वा शिकवर्ष II वाहाल के अनुस्य है

[Option ID = 31777]

Correct Answer :-

• only conclusion I follows/केवल शिक्कर्ष I ककार के अनुस्य है

[Option ID = 31774]

64) Which sanctuary in Madhya Pradesh has been declared as Eco-Sensitive Zone by the Government of India? अस्य पूदेश में किस अभयारण्य को भारत संस्कार द्वारा पर्वावरण-संवेदलशील क्षेत्र घोषित किया गया है?

[Question ID = 7946]

- Ghatigaon Wildlife Sanctuary/राष्ट्रीमांच वस्त्रजीय असमास्थ्य [Option ID = 31778]
- 2. National Chambal Sanctuary/काट्रीय संबंध अवस्थान्य [Option ID = 31779]
- 3. Kheoni Wildlife Sanctuary/রিজাজী কল জীবন জন্মসমূহ [Option ID = 31780]
- 4. Ratapani Tiger Reserve/amunit capus front [Option ID = 31781]

Correct Answer :-

National Chambal Sanctuary/ऋद्रीय शंकर अस्रवास्थ्य [Option ID = 31779]

65) When was the International Finance Corporation (IFC) established?

अंतर्राष्ट्रीय वित्त निमाम (IFC) की स्थापना कब की गई थी?

[Question ID = 7947]

- July 1956/3gmf 1956 [Option ID = 31782]
- April 1956/arter 1956 [Option ID = 31783]
- June 1980/sgst 1980 [Option ID = 31784]
- 4. August 1980/зяки 1980 [Option ID = 31785]

Correct Answer :-

July 1956/γεπξ 1956 [Option ID = 31782]

66) The super-computer 'PARAM' was developed by:

सुपर-कंप्यूटर 'PARAM' कहीं विकसित किया गया था?

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Correct Answer :-

C-DAC/aft-8m [Option ID = 31787]

67) The first Indian chronicler of Indian history was:

भारतीय इतिहास का पहला भारतीय इतिहासकार था:

[Question ID = 7949]

- 1. Megasthanese/油和控制 [Option ID = 31790]
- 2. Fa-Hien/unitras [Option ID = 31791]
- Huan Tsang/джи гиін [Option ID = 31792]
- 4. Kalhan/exesser [Option ID = 31793]

Correct Answer :-

Kalhan/exerger [Option ID = 31793]

68) Tamil Nadu coastal belt has drinking water shortage due to:

तमिलनाडु तटीय बेस्ट में पीने के पानी की कभी का कारण है :

[Question ID = 7950]

- 1. high evaporation/see coefficient [Option ID = 31794]
- 2. sea water flooding due to tsunami/जुलामी के कारण राजुड़ के पाली में कड़ [Option ID = 31795]
- 3. over exploitation of ground water by tube wells/अल्लाख्डो द्वारा सूत्रल का दोहज [Option ID = 31796]
- 4. seepage of sea water/असुद्धी जन का विशास [Option ID = 31797]

Correct Answer :-

• seepage of sea water/அழி சு எ செ பிசை [Option ID = 31797]

69) Which of the following has recently received World Heritage Certificate from UNESCO in February 2020?

निम्नतिकित में से किसे फ़रवरी 2020 में युनेस्को से किव विससत पुमाणपत् पूछ हुआ है?

[Question ID = 7951]

- Pushkar/graz [Option ID = 31798]
- 2. Ajmer/asaks [Option ID = 31799]
- 3. Jaipur/wagz [Option ID = 31800]
- Jodhpur/sitrgz [Option ID = 31801]

Correct Answer :-

Jaipur/sragz [Option ID = 31800]

70) The paperless session of Arunachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly began with the implementation of which app?

अरुणाचल पुदेश विधानसभा का पेपरलेस सत् किस ऐप के कार्वान्ववन से शुरू हुआ?

[Question ID = 7952]

- 1. E-sabha/∳-ни [Option ID = 31802]
- 2. E-vidhan/é-fittist [Option ID = 31803]
- 3. E-Arunachal/ई-эзэчжэгт [Option ID = 31804]
- 4. E-Desh/ණින [Option ID = 31805]

Correct Answer :-

E-vidhan/§-fittisst [Option ID = 31803]

71) For which well known industrialist did Mahatma Gandhi say that while he (Gandhi) was fighting for India's political freedom, the industrialist was fighting for India's industrial freedom from the British?

किस पूसिद्ध उद्योगपति के लिए महारमा गांधी ने कहा था कि जब वह (गांधी) भारत की राजनीतिक स्वतंतूता के लिए लड़ रहे थे, तो वह उद्योगपति भारत की औद्योगिक स्वतंतूता के लिए अंग्रेजों से लड़ रहे थे?

[Question ID = 7953]

- Ardeshir Godrej/ਕਰੋਜ਼ਿਕ ਅੱਧਰੇਕ [Option ID = 31806]
- 2. Ramnarain Ruia/зинизия геря [Option ID = 31807]
- 3. Jamsetji Tata/зияжэй сит [Option ID = 31808]
- 4. Maharaja Sayajirao Gaekwad/মন্তান্তর সম্প্রাধীসর সমস্পরার [Option ID = 31809]

Correct Answer :-

Jamsetji Tata/sæiksilt cer [Option ID = 31808]

72) Which of the following events led to a fear of global recession and fall in stock markets in the first quarter of 2020? www.FirstRanker.com

निम्न में से किस घटना के कारण 2020 की पहली रिमाही में वैश्विक मंदी और शेवर बाजारों में निरावट का दर बना?



4. The withdrawal of US troops from Afghanistan/अध्वाधिरकार से अमेरिकी सैक्सिन की वायती [Option ID = 31813]

73) Which of the following country is going to host Commonwealth shooting and archery championship in January 2022?

जनवरी 2022 में वर्रेन सा देश कॉमनवेट्स शुटिंग और तीस्टाजी वैम्पियनशिप की मेजबानी करने जा रहा है? [Question ID = 7955]

- Russia/ээт [Option ID = 31814]
- India/wax [Option ID = 31815]
- China/dist [Option ID = 31816]
- 4. England/sxfs [Option ID = 31817]

Correct Answer :-

India/sext [Option ID = 31815]

74) Which country is ranked at the top in the year 2019, for crude steel production in the world:

विष्व में करवे इस्पात के उत्पादन के लिए वर्ष 2019 में किस देश को शीर्ष स्थान दिया गया है? [Question ID = 7956]

- USA/ziger aust arithter [Option ID = 31818]
- 2. China/dlor [Option ID = 31819]
- India/stor [Option ID = 31820]
- Japan/amer [Option ID = 31821]

Correct Answer :-

China/dbx [Option ID = 31819]

- 75) Which of the following are features of 'Safe Digital Banking'?
- A. Registering mobile number and email with banks for transaction alerts.
- B. Storing banking data safely in email apps for easy and safe access.
- C. Changing banking password regularly.
- D. Sharing banking passwords with family members or friends in times of emergency.

निम्नलिकित में से कीन सी सुरक्षित डिजिटल वैकिंग की विशेषताएं हैं?

- A. लेनदेन अलर्ट के लिए बैंकों के साथ मोबाइल नंबर और ईमेल दर्ज करना
- B. आसाल और सुरक्षित पहुंच के लिए ईमेल ऐप में सुरक्षित रूप से बैंकिंग डेटा संगृहीत करना
- C. बैंकिंग पासवर्ड को निवसित रूप से बदलना
- D आपातकातीन समय के लिए परिवार के सदस्यों वा दोस्तों के साथ वैकिंग पासवर्ड साझा करना

[Question ID = 7957]

1. Only A, B and C./river A, B siltz C

[Option ID = 31822]

2. Only A and B./elver A siltz B

[Option ID = 31823]

3. Only B, C, and D./elver B, C allz D

[Option ID = 31824]

Only A and C./ribrer A sits C

[Option ID = 31825]

Correct Answer :-

Only A and C./ribrer A sifts C

[Option ID = 31825]

76) National workshop on Explosive Detection has developed a new Explosive detection device named as?

[Question ID = 7958]

- Finder-X/98882-X [Option ID = 31826]
- TLoc-X/で他か-X [Option ID = 31827]
- EDetection X/\$880c iba X [Option ID = 31828]
- Ralder-X/zersz-X [Option ID = 31829]

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Correct Answer :-

Ralder-X/zersz-X [Option ID = 31829]

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एक लड़के को अवसर संख्याओं को समझने में परेशानी होती हैं और वह जोड़ और घटाव का सरल संचालन करने में सक्षम नहीं होता हैं। निम्नलिसित में से कीन सी अधिमाम विकलांगता से पीड़ित होने की संभावना हैं?

[Question ID = 7959]

- 1. Dyspraxia/fisziffrzer [Option ID = 31830]
- 2. Dyslexia/f8э/Мэнт [Option ID = 31831]
- 3. Dyscalculia/fstarbengfrex [Option ID = 31832]
- Dysphasia/fiszitikur [Option ID = 31833]

Correct Answer :-

- Dyscalculia/fitzelengfins [Option ID = 31832]
- 78) Name the area in the brain which is associated with strong emotions;

मरिताक के उस क्षेत् का नाम बताएँ जो तीवू संवेम से जुड़ा है:

[Question ID = 7960]

1. Medulla/araist (神宗宝)

[Option ID = 31834]

Cerebellum/asgutitents (対的isst)

[Option ID = 31835]

3. Cerebral cortex/quitents (https://distan.)

[Option ID = 31836]

4. Limbic system/अखांत्र (सेप्ट्रस)

[Option ID = 31837]

Correct Answer :-

Limbic system/अखांत्र (मेहला)

[Option ID = 31837]

79) Children who have marked difficulties in social interaction and communication across different contexts, a restricted range of interests, and strong desire for routine may have which of the following:

निम्न में से किस में सामाजिक अंतःविद्या और संपूषण कौशलों तथा रुदिवादी तरीकों के व्यवहारों अभिरुचियों और मतिविधियों को समझने में कठिनाई आती है इन बच्चों को विभिन्न संदर्भों के अंतर्गत सामाजिक अंतःकिृया और संपूषण में कठिनाई होती है, उनकी बहुत सीमित अभिरुचियों होती हैं तथा उनमें एक नियमित दिनवर्चा की तीवू इच्छा होती है

[Question ID = 7961]

- 1. Attention-Deficit / Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)/запим-этрен абъбря били [Option ID = 31838]
- 2. Autism Spectrum Disorder/arctions orders from [Option ID = 31839]
- Intellectual Disability/eff200 agreen [Option ID = 31840]
- Specific Learning Disorder/RRRez aftrair from [Option ID = 31841]

Correct Answer :-

- Autism Spectrum Disorder/σσεθοκα συίαχα βάσειε [Option ID = 31839]
- 80) Identify one of the primary goals of any treatment for anorexia nervosa is to:

क्षुधा अभाव (एजोरेविरावा नवींसा)के लिए किसी भी उपचार के पृथितक लक्ष्वों में से एक को पहचाने;

[Question ID = 7962]

- Replace binge eating with other behaviours/মনিয়ালৈ মাজন কৌ জন্ম কল্লানা কি সাল কলে [Option ID = 31842]
- 2. Reduce weight to normal levels/ব্যক্তর আই সামাক্তর সংস্থ করা কর্ম কর্ম কর্ম (Option ID = 31843)
- 3. Increase weight to normal levels/वजन को समान्य उत्तर तक कालं [Option ID = 31844]
- 4. Stop the individual from eating/eafts को अको के केलें [Option ID = 31845]

Correct Answer :

Increase weight to normal levels/वजन को समान्य स्था नक नक्षा [Option ID = 31844]

Topic:- BED S2 hindi P1

निम्नतिशित मदांश को पढ़ें और उस पर आधारित निम्न पृथ्वों के उत्तर दें;

कामकानी बच्चों की भी चाहत है कि वह पढ़-शिसकर 'बड़ा आदमी' बनें| इस चाहत में बच्चे अपने आपको स्कूल के दहलीज़ तक तो से जाते हैं, किंतु परिस्थितिवश ज्यादा देर टिक नहीं पाते|

जो बच्चे काम के साथ पढ़ाई करना चाहते हैं, क्या स्कूल का **www.FirstRanker:gonn**| उनके लिए अतिरिक्त खवस्था कर, उनके सपनों को भी स्कूल में जगह देने पर विचार ही नहीं किया गया| यही कारण है कि भारत में उच्च मारविमक स्तर आयु वर्ग में लगभग आये बच्चे स्कूल नहीं जा पाते|

पुरतुत मदांश में बड़ा आदमी शब्द किस सन्दर्भ में पूचुक्त हुआ है?

[Question ID = 7964]

वयरक आदमी के सन्दर्भ में

[Option ID = 31850]

2. जयन आइमी के जन्दर्भ में

[Option ID = 31851]

3. जाबार आदमी को सन्दर्भ में

[Option ID = 31852]

4. युद्ध आइमी के सल्दर्भ में

[Option ID = 31853]

Correct Answer :-

रापल आदमी के राज्यों में

[Option ID = 31851]

विक्रनलिखित महांश को पढ़ें और उस पर आधारित विक्रन पृथ्वों के उत्तर है;

कामकानी बच्चों की भी चाहत है कि वह पढ़-शिखकर 'बड़ा आदमी' बनें | इस चाहत में बच्चे अपने आपको स्कूल के दहलीज़ तक तो से जाते हैं, किंतु परिस्थितिवश ज़्यादा देर टिक नहीं पाते |

जो बच्चे काम के साथ पढ़ाई करना चाहते हैं, क्या स्कूल का वातावरण उनके अनुकूल हैं? बिल्कुल नहीं | उनके लिए अतिरिक्त व्यवस्था कर, उनके सपनों को भी स्कूल में जगह देने पर विचार ही नहीं किया गया | वही कारण है कि भारत में उच्च माध्यमिक स्तर आयु वर्ग में लगभग आये बच्चे स्कूल नहीं जा पाते |

अगर हम चाहते हैं कि स्कूल एक ऐसी जगह बने नहीं कामकानी बच्चे भी सम्मानजनक तरीके से शिक्षा पूछ कर सकें तो शिक्षा व्यवस्था को लवीला बनाना होगा | हमें स्वीकार करना होगा कि सबका बचपन एक सा-नहीं होता | सामान्य परिवासें के बच्चों के बचपन और शृक्षिक बच्चों के बचपन में बहुत अंतर है | स्कूलों में इन कामकानी बच्चों के लिए अवसर और सुविधाएँ जब तक इस रिट और समझ के साथ नहीं दी जाएँगी, तब तक वह संभव ही नहीं है | बहुवचपन समाज की एक सरवाई है और इसे बहुत ही संवेदनशीलता, उदारता और व्यवहारिक समझ के साथ देखा जाना चाहिए | शिक्षा से इन बच्चों का जुड़ाव तभी सुगम और संभव होगा जब नीति निर्माताओं और शिक्षकों में बहुवचपन की स्पष्ट समझ बनी हो |

पुरतुत मराश में "दहतीज़" शब्द का पूर्वोम के रूप में हुआ है|

[Question ID = 7965]

наба

[Option ID = 31854]

эчтоте

[Option ID = 31855]

àsh

[Option ID = 31856]

Boşdi

[Option ID = 31857]

Correct Answer :-

देवरी

[Option ID = 31856]

3) निक्रनसिवित गयांश को पढ़ें और उस पर आधारित निक्रन पृष्टों के उत्तर दें:

कामकाजी बच्चों की भी चाहत है कि वह पढ़-शिरक्कर 'बड़ा आदमी' बजें| इस चाहत में बच्चे अपने आपको स्कूल के दहलीज़ तक तो से जाते हैं, किंतु परिस्थितिवश ज्यादा देर टिक नहीं पाते।

जो बच्चे काम के साथ पढ़ाई करना चाहते हैं, क्या स्कूल का वातावरण उनके अनुकूल हैं? बिल्कुल नहीं | उनके लिए अतिरिक्त लवस्था कर, उनके सपनों को भी स्कूल में जगह देने पर विचार ही नहीं किया गया | वही कारण है कि भारत में उच्च मारविमक स्तर आयु वर्ग में लगभग आये बच्चे स्कूल नहीं जा पाते |

अगर हम चाहते हैं कि स्कूल एक ऐसी जगह बने नहीं कामकानी बच्चे भी सम्मानननक तरीके से शिक्षा पूप्त कर सकें तो शिक्षा व्यवस्था को सर्वीता बनाना क्षेमा | हमें स्वीकार करना होगा कि सबका बचपन एक सा-नहीं होता | सामान्य परिवासें के बच्चों के बचपन और शूमिक बच्चों के बचपन में बहुत अंतर है | स्कूलों में इन कामकानी बच्चों के लिए अवसर और सुविधाएँ जब तक इस रिट और समझ के साथ नहीं दी जाएँगी, तब तक वह संभव ही नहीं है | बहुवचपन समाज की एक सरवाई है और इसे बहुत ही संवेदनशीतता, उदारता और व्यवहारिक समझ के साथ देखा जाना चाहिए | शिक्षा से इन बच्चों का जुड़ाव तभी सुगम और संभव होगा जब नीति निर्माताओं और शिक्षकों में बहुवचपन की स्पष्ट समझ बनी हो |

तचीता शब्द उदाहरण है का



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[Option ID = 31859]

ftyaftólun

[Option ID = 31860]

ftshun

[Option ID = 31861]

Correct Answer :-

frishm

[Option ID = 31861]

निक्रनिशित मदांश को पढ़ें और उस पर आधारित निक्रन पृथ्वों के उत्तर दें;

कामकाजी बच्चों की भी चाहत है कि वह पद-शिसकर 'बड़ा आदमी' बजें | इस चाहत में बच्चे अपने आपको स्कूल के दहलीज़ तक तो से जाते हैं, किंतु परिस्थितिवश ज़्यादा देर टिक नहीं पाते |

जो बच्चे काम के साथ पढ़ाई करना चाहते हैं, क्या स्कूल का वातावरण उनके अनुकूल हैं? बिल्कुल नहीं | उनके लिए अतिरिक्त लवस्था कर, उनके सपनों को भी स्कूल में जगह देने पर विचार ही नहीं किया गया | यही कारण है कि भारत में उच्च माध्यमिक स्तर आयु वर्ग में लगभग आधे बच्चे स्कूल नहीं जा पाते |

अगर हम चाहते हैं कि स्कूल एक ऐसी जगह बने नहीं कामकानी बच्चे भी सम्मानननक तरीके से शिक्षा पूप्त कर सकें तो शिक्षा व्यवस्था को सर्वीता बनाना क्षेमा | हमें स्वीकार करना होगा कि सबका बचपन एक सा-नहीं होता | सामान्य परिवासें के बच्चों के बचपन और शूमिक बच्चों के बचपन में बहुत अंतर है | स्कूलों में इन कामकानी बच्चों के लिए अवसर और सुविधाएँ जब तक इस रिट और समझ के साथ नहीं दी जाएँगी, तब तक वह संभव ही नहीं है | बहुवचपन समाज की एक सच्चाई है और इसे बहुत ही संवेदनशीलता, उदारता और व्यवहारिक समझ के साथ देखा जाना चाहिए | शिक्षा से इन बच्चों का जुड़ाव तभी सुगम और संभव होगा जब नीति निर्माताओं और शिक्षकों में बहुवचपन की स्पष्ट समझ बनी हो |

बहबवपन शब्द में 'बह' क्या है?

[Question ID = 7967]

1. auzet

[Option ID = 31862]

fitter

[Option ID = 31863]

3. परचव

[Option ID = 31864]

ftymftýrou

[Option ID = 31865]

Correct Answer :-

зиляб

[Option ID = 31862]

5) निक्रनतिश्चित गदांश को पढ़ें और उस पर आधारित निक्रन पृथ्वों के उत्तर दें:

कामकानी बच्चों की भी चाहत है कि वह पद-शिसकर 'बड़ा आदमी' बनें| इस चाहत में बच्चे अपने आपको स्कूल के दहलीज़ तक तो से जाते हैं, किंतु परिस्थितिवश ज़्यादा देर टिक नहीं पाते|

जो बच्चे काम के साथ पढ़ाई करना चाहते हैं, क्या स्कूल का वातावरण उनके अनुकूल हैं? बिल्कुल नहीं | उनके लिए अतिरिक्त व्यवस्था कर, उनके सपनों को भी स्कूल में जगह देने पर विचार ही नहीं किया गया | यही कारण है कि भारत में उच्च मारविमक स्तर आयु वर्ग में लगभग आये बच्चे स्कूल नहीं जा पाते |

अगर हम चाहते हैं कि स्कूल एक ऐसी जगह बने नहीं कामकानी बच्चे भी सम्मानजनक तरीके से शिक्षा पूछ कर सकें तो शिक्षा व्यवस्था को लवीला बनाना क्षेमा | हमें स्वीकार करना होगा कि सबका बचपन एक सा-नहीं होता | सामान्य परिवारों के बच्चों के बचपन और शूमिक बच्चों के बचपन में बहुत अंतर है | स्कूलों में इन कामकानी बच्चों के लिए अवसर और सुविधाएँ जब तक इस दृष्टि और समझ के साथ नहीं दी जाएँगी, तब तक वह संभव ही नहीं है | बहुवचपन समाज की एक सरवाई है और इसे बहुत ही संवेदनशीलता, उदारता और व्यवहारिक समझ के साथ देखा जाना चाहिए | शिक्षा से इन बच्चों का जुड़ाव तभी सुगम और संभव होगा जब नीति निर्माताओं और शिक्षकों में बहुवचपन की स्पष्ट समझ बनी हो |

स्कूलों में कामकाजी बच्चों को भी स्थाल देने के लिए किस पूकार की शिक्षा व्यवस्था की आश्वकता है?

[Question ID = 7968]

राजारापूर्व शिक्षा ल्यावना

[Option ID = 31866]

जनसम्पूर्ण दिक्ता स्वयवस्या

[Option ID = 31867]

विभेदीकृत विद्या त्यवस्था

[Option ID = 31868]

Изфет Виде отпагат
 [Option ID = 31869]



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Topic:- BED S2 hindi P2

विक्रनिश्चित गयांश को पढ़ें और उस पर आधारित विक्रन पृष्टों के उत्तर दें;

शिक्षुता की पूर्वीन, उत्तम ढंग से निविम्नत स्ववस्था शिक्षा के वैकरिपक साधन के रूप में विकिस्त की जा सकती है न कि दोहन करने वाली स्ववस्था के रूप में विना सोचे समझे बच्चों के हरतिशल्प सीखने पर पूरिबंध लगाने से उच्च अशोपार्जन करने में सक्षम कुशल कार्यबल का निर्माण करने का एकमातू अवसर हाथ से जाता खेगा इससे हम वे अवसर भी खो देंगे जिनसे बढ़ती हुई बेसेजगारी वाले इस देश में स्वरोजगार उपलब्ध हो सकें तथा गुम्मीण युवा और विशेषकर घरेलू महिलाओं के लिए भी रोजगार पैदा किए जा सकें लेकिन मुझे वह भी कहना है कि कोई बच्चा जो पंदूर वर्ष की आबु से कम है और विवालय में नहीं है, वह बाल शूमिक है वह बहुत दुख की बात है कि भारत के हस्तिशल्प क्षेत्र में ज्यादातर ऐसा होता है कि शिल्पकारों के बच्चों को ही वह चुनाव करना है कि वे या तो अनपद रहते हुए अपने पूर्वजों के कीशल सीखों (इस पुकार से काम करते हुए और पारिवारिक आव में अपना बोगदान देते हुए) या किर औपचारिक शिक्षा लें

मुक्रीण और राज्य द्वारा दी जाने वाली शिक्षा के मिस्ते स्तर को देखते हुए यह कहा जा सकता है कि इस पूकार की औपचारिक स्कूली शिक्षा उन बच्चों को भक्षिय में वास्तव में जीविकोपार्जन के वोज्य बनाने में सक्षम नहीं है. स्ण्यंभीर का एक मुक्रीण स्कूल. शिक्षक अपनी ड्यूटी पर हाजिर होता है. दैनिक उपस्थिति रजिस्टर में हस्ताक्षर करता है, और फिर ट्रेस्टिमाइड के रूप में जंगलों में वला जाता है.

मेरे लिए वह एक जरूरी विता है, मरीबी नहीं, जिसका उदाहरण बालश्रम की पैस्वी करते हुए दिवा जाता है परंतु क्वा बच्चों के लिए वैकल्पिक शिक्षा के अवसर उपलब्ध् हैं जो उन्हें उसी तरह के सेजमार के अवसर पूदान कर सकें क्वा बालश्रम हस्तांतरित हो सकता है - पूशिक्षण और सशकीकरण के एक मतिमान नए रूप मेरे मुझे वहाँ वह स्पष्ट कर देना चाहिए कि मैं इस मुद्दे को आज पूर्ण रूप से शिल्प क्षेत् के परिपृक्ष्य में देस रही हैं, विशेषतः पारंपरिक घरेलू उदोगों में तथा उनमें जो महिलाओं से संबंधित हैं

शिल्प काँशतों में पूशिक्षण, वाहे घर में हो या पारंपरिक गुरू-शिल्व संबंध के द्वास, को औरोमिक पूशिक्षण के रूप में पहचाने जाने की आवश्यकता है और उसे उसी तरह का सहयोग दिए जाने की आवश्यकता है जैसा कि तकनीकी और स्वावाधिक शिक्षा के दूसरे रूपों को दिया जाता है परिवार, मास्टर, शिल्पकार, सहकारी समिति, संस्थान वा मैर सरकारी संस्थान जो कि पूशिक्षण दे रहे हैं, उन्हें कुछ वृति जरूर दी जानी वाहिए ताकि नियोक्त के बजाय बच्चे को कुछ धन मिल सके जो वे इस अवधि के दौरान कमा सकते हैं नहीं तो काँशत सिखाने के बहाने बन्धक बात शूमिकों की परंपस के आगे हार मान लेने वम एक पूलोपन सा हमेशा ही रहेगा जैसा कि उत्तर पूदेश और आंधुपूदेश के कांस्व उद्योग में दिखाई देता है जहाँ वह स्टाशिल्प पारिवारिक पेशा न रह कर एक बड़ी उसोग मतिविधि में बदलता जा रहा है

(लैला तैयबजी, चाइल्ड लेबर इन काफ्ट्रस ट्रेडकापट वर्कशींप, 2003)

उपर्युक्त गतांश में पूचक हुए शब्द 'शिक्षुता' का अर्थ है?

[Question ID = 7970]

उच्छेजनार की व्यवस्था

[Option ID = 31874]

2. पुश्चिमा तेले की त्यवश्य

[Option ID = 31875]

3. मुनाप्रत कसको की व्यवस्था

[Option ID = 31876]

4. कारावाने मालिक बनाने की व्यवस्थ

[Option ID = 31877]

Correct Answer :-

पृथिकाम लेखे की व्यवस्था

[Option ID = 31875]

विक्रनिशित मदांश को पढ़ें और उस पर आधारित विक्रन पृश्वों के उत्तर दें;

शिक्षुता की पूर्वीन, उत्तम ढंग से नियमित व्यवस्था शिक्षा के वैकटिपक साधन के रूप में विकिसत की जा सकती है न कि दोहन करने वाली व्यवस्था के रूप में विना सोचे समझे बच्चों के हरतशिल्प सीखने पर पूरिबंध लगाने से उच्च अथोपार्जन करने में सक्षम कुशल कार्यबल का निर्माण करने का एकमातू अवसर हाथ से जाता रहेगा इससे हम वे अवसर भी खो देंगे जिनसे बढ़ती हुई बेसेजगारी वाले इस देश में स्वरोजगार उपलब्ध हो सकें तथा गुमीण युवा और विशेषकर घरेलू महिलाओं के लिए भी रोजगार पैदा किए जा सकें लेकिन मुझे यह भी कहना है कि कोई बच्चा जो पंदूह वर्ष की आबु से कम है और विद्यालय में नहीं है, वह बाल शूमिक है यह बहुत दुख की बात है कि भारत के हस्तशिल्प क्षेत्र में ज्यादातर ऐसा होता है कि शिल्पकारों के बच्चों को ही वह चुनाव करना है कि वे वा तो अनपद रहते हुए अपने पूर्वजों के कशिशल सीखों (इस पूकार से कमा करते हुए और पारिवारिक आब में अपना बोगदान देते हुए) वा किर औपचारिक शिक्षा ले

मूजीण और राज्य द्वारा दी जाने वाली शिक्षा के गिरते स्तर को देखते हुए वह कहा जा सकता है कि इस पूकार की औपवारिक स्कूली शिक्षा उन बच्चों को भविष्य में वास्तव में जीविकोपार्जन के वोग्य बजाने में सक्षम नहीं हैं. स्थाधभीर का एक मूजीण स्कूल. शिक्षक अपनी दृष्ट्री पर हाजिर होता है. दैनिक उपस्थित रजिस्टर में हस्ताक्षर करता है, और फिर ट्रीस्ट गाइड के रूप में जंगलों में चला जाता है.

मेरे लिए वह एक जरूरी चिंता है, मरीबी नहीं, जिसका उदाहरण बालश्रम की पैस्वी करते हुए दिवा जाता है परंतु वचा बच्चों के लिए वैकरिपक शिक्षा के अवसर उपलब्ध् हैं जो उन्हें उसी तरह के रोजमार के अवसर पूदान कर सकें वचा बालश्रम हस्तांतरित हो सकता है - पूशिक्षण और सशकीकरण के एक मतिमान नए रूप मेरे मुझे वहाँ वह स्पष्ट कर देना चाहिए कि मैं इस मुद्दे को आज पूर्ण रूप से शिल्प क्षेत् के परिपृक्ष्य में देस रही हूँ, विशेषतः पारंपरिक घरेलू उद्योगों में तथा उनमें जो महिलाओं से संबंधित हैं

शिल्प काँशतों में पूशिक्षण, याहे घर में हो या पारंपरिक मुरु-शिष्व संबंध के द्वार, को औद्योगिक पूशिक्षण के रूप में पहचाने जाने की आवश्यकता है और उसे उसी तरह का सहवोग दिए जाने की आवश्यकता है जैसा कि तकनीकी और लावाविक शिक्षा के दूसरे रूपों को दिवा जाता है परिवार, मास्टर, शिल्पकार, सहकारी समिति, संस्थान वा मैर सरकारी संस्थान जो कि पूशिक्षण दे रहें हैं, उन्हें मूख वृद्धि जुरूर है जानी वाहिए ताकि नियोक्त के बजाय बच्चे को कुछ थन मिल सके जो वे **ww.firstranker.com** इस अविध के दौरान कमा सकते हैं नहीं तो काँशत सिखाने के बहाने बन्धक बात शुक्रिकों की परपस के आगे हार मान तेने का एक पूलोभन सा हमेशा ही रहेगा जैसा कि उत्तर पूदेश और आंध्रपूदेश के कांस्य उद्योग में दिखाई देता है जहीं वह हस्तशिल्प पारिवारिक पेशा न रह कर एक बड़ी उद्योग मतिविधि में बदलता जा रहा है



[Question ID = 7971]

यह उत्त्व असीवार्जन करने में अक्षम कुलन कार्यबन का निर्माण करता है

[Option ID = 31878]

2. यह बहती हुई बेरोजमारी वाले इस देख़ में स्वरोजमार उपलब्ध करता है

[Option ID = 31879]

3. यह मुत्रीण युवा और विशेषकर कोल् महिलाओं के लिए रोजनार चैदा करना है

[Option ID = 31880]

4. यह बात श्रमिक जैसी व्यवस्था का स्वात्मा करता है

[Option ID = 31881]

Correct Answer :-

वह बात श्रमिक जैसी त्ववस्था का स्वारमा करता है

[Option ID = 31881]

निम्निसित मदांश को पढ़ें और उस पर आधारित निम्न पृथ्नों के उत्तर दें;

शिक्षुता की पूर्वीन, उत्तम ढंग से निविम्नत व्यवस्था शिक्षा के वैकटिपक साधन के रूप में विकिस्त की जा सकती है न कि दोहन करने वाली व्यवस्था के रूप में विना सोचे समझे बच्चों के हरतशिल्प सीखने पर पूरिबंध लगाने से उच्च अथॉपार्जन करने में सक्षम कुशल कार्यबल का लिमीण करने का एकमातू अवसर हाथ से जाता रहेगा इससे हम वे अवसर भी खो देंगे जिनसे बढ़ती हुई बेसेजगारी वाले इस देश में स्वरोजगार उपलब्ध हो सकें तथा गुमीण युवा और विशेषकर घरेलू महिलाओं के लिए भी रोजगार पैदा किए जा सकें लेकिन मुझे यह भी कहना है कि कोई बच्चा जो पंद्रह वर्ष की आबु से क्या है और विद्यालय में नहीं है, वह बाल शूमिक है यह बहुत दुख की बात है कि भारत के हस्तशिल्प क्षेत्र में ज्यादातर ऐसा होता है कि शिल्पकारों के बच्चों को ही वह चुनाव करना है कि वे वा तो अनपद रहते हुए अपने पूर्वजों के कशिल सीखों (इस पूकार से काम करते हुए और पारिवारिक आव में अपना चोगदान देते हुए) वा किर औपचारिक शिक्षा ले

मूक्षीण और राज्य द्वारा दी जाने वाली शिक्षा के मिस्ते स्तर को देखते हुए यह कहा जा सकता है कि इस पूकार की औपचारिक स्कूली शिक्षा उन बच्चों को भविष्य में वास्तव में जीविकोपार्जन के वोस्त बजाने में सक्षम नहीं है. स्थर्थभीर का एक मूक्षीण स्कूल शिक्षक अपनी दृष्टी पर हाजिर होता है. दैनिक उपस्थित रजिस्टर में हस्ताक्षर करता है, और फिर ट्रेस्टिस माइड के रूप में जंगलों में वला जाता है.

मेरे लिए वह एक जरूरी चिंता है, मरीबी नहीं, जिसका उदाहरण बालशूम की पैस्वी करते हुए दिवा जाता है परंतु वचा बच्चों के लिए वैकरिपक शिक्षा के अवसर उपलब्ध् हैं जो उन्हें उसी तरह के रोजमार के अवसर पूदान कर सकें वचा बालशूम हस्तांतरित हो सकता है - पूशिक्षण और सशकीकरण के एक मतिमान नए रूप मेरे मुझे वहाँ वह स्पष्ट कर देना चाहिए कि मैं इस मुद्दे को आज पूर्ण रूप से शिल्प क्षेत्र के परिपृद्ध में देख रही हैं, विशेषतः पारंपरिक घरेलू उद्योगों में तथा उनमें जो महिलाओं से संबंधित हैं

शिल्प काँशलों में पूशिक्षण, वाहे घर में हो या पारंपरिक गुरू-शिष्व संबंध के द्वास, को औद्योगिक पूशिक्षण के रूप में पहचाने जाने की आवश्यकता है और उसे उसी तरह का सहयोग दिए जाने की आवश्यकता है जैसा कि तकनीकी और ब्लावाधिक शिक्षा के दूसरे रूपों को दिया जाता है परिवार, मास्टर, शिल्पकार, सहकारी समिति, संस्थान वा मैर सरकारी संस्थान जो कि पूशिक्षण दे रहे हैं, उन्हें कुछ वृत्ति जरूर दी जानी वाहिए ताकि नियोक्ता के बजाव बच्चे को कुछ धन मिल सके जो वे इस अवधि के दीसन कमा सकते हैं नहीं तो काँशल सिखाने के बहाने बन्धक बात शूमिकों की परंपरा के आगे हार मान लेने का एक पूलोधन सा हमेशा ही रहेगा जैसा कि उत्तर पूदेश और आंध्रपूदेश के कांस्य उद्योग में दिसाई देता है जहीं वह हस्तशिल्प पारिवारिक पेशा न रह कर एक बड़ी उद्योग मतिविधि में बदलता जा रहा है

(लैला तैयबजी, चाइल्ड लेबर इन काफ्ट्रा ट्रेडकापट वर्कशीय, 2003)

शिल्प कौशलों में पृशिक्षण को औद्योगिक पृशिक्षण के रूप स्थापित करने के लिए करना होगा;

[Question ID = 7972]

मुल-दिस्तव परंपत को बढ़ावा

[Option ID = 31882]

सांख्वालिक वृत्ति की व्यवस्था

[Option ID = 31883]

रहते और सोजन की त्यवस्था

[Option ID = 31884] 4. अतो पुश्चिक की काउसा

[Option ID = 31885]

Correct Answer :-

आंखालिक वृति की लववस्वा

[Option ID = 31883]

निम्नतिशित गयांश को पढ़ें और उस पर आधारित निम्न पृथ्वों के उत्तर दें;

शिक्षता की पूर्वीन, उत्तम ढंग से निविम्नत क्ववस्था शिक्षा के वैकटिपक साधन के रूप में विकसित की जा सकती है न कि दोहन करने वाली व्यवस्था के रूप में विना सोचे समझे बच्चों के हस्तशिक्प सीखने पर पूर्तिबंध लगाने से उच्च अर्थोपार्जन करने में सक्षम कुलल कार्यवल का निर्माण करने का एकमातू अवसर हाथ से जाता रहेगा इससे हम वे अवसर भी खो देंगे जिनसे बढ़ती हुई बेरोजगारी वाले इस देश में स्वरोजगार उपलब्ध हो सकें तथा गुमीण युवा और विशेषकर घरेलू महिलाओं के लिए भी रोजगार पैदा किए जा सकें लेकिन मुझे वह भी कहना है कि कोई बच्चा जो पंदृह वर्ष की आबु से कम है और विद्यालय में नहीं है, वह बाल शुमिक है वह बहुत दुख की बात है कि भारत के हस्तशिक्ष के ज्यादातर ऐसा होता है कि प्रिक्षावरों के क्वाव करना है कि वे वा तो अनपद उहते हुए अपने www.firstRanker.com
पूर्वजों के कीशल सीखों (इस पूकार से काम करते हुए और पारिवारिक आव में अपना वीगदान देते हुए) वा किर औपचारिक शिक्षा ले



भेरे लिए वह एक जरूरी चिंता है, गरीबी नहीं, जिसका उदाहरण बालशुम की पैरवी करते हुए दिया जाता है। परंतु क्या बच्चों के लिए वैकटिपक शिक्षा के अवसर उपलब्ध हैं जो उन्हें उसी तरह के रोजमार के अवसर पूटान कर सकें क्या बालश्रम हस्तांतरित हो सकता है - पुशिक्षण और सश्रकीकरण के एक मंतिमान नए रूप में? मुझे वहाँ वह स्पष्ट कर देना वाहिए कि मैं इस मुद्दे को आज पूर्ण रूप से पिरप क्षेत्र के परिपेक्ष्य में देख रही हैं, विशेषतः पारंपरिक घरेलु उद्योगों में तथा उनमें जो महिलाओं से संबंधित हैं

शिल्प कौशलों में पुशिक्षण, वाहे घर में हो या पारंपरिक गुरु-शिष्व संबंध के द्वारा, को और्योगिक पुशिक्षण के रूप में पहवाने जाने की आवश्यकता है और उसे उसी तरह का सहयोग दिए जाने की आवश्यकता है जैसा कि तकनीकी और न्यावाविक शिक्षा के दूसरे रूपों को दिया जाता है परिवार, मास्टर, शिल्पकार, सहकारी समिति, संस्थान या मैर सरकारी संस्थान जो कि पुशिक्षण दे रहें हैं, उन्हें कुछ वृति जरूर दी जानी चाहिए ताकि नियोक्त के बजाव बच्चे को कुछ धन मिल सके जो वे इस अवधि के दौरान कमा सकते हैं नहीं तो कौशत सिखाने के बहाने बन्धक बात शुमिकों की परंपरा के आगे हार मान तेने का एक पुलोभन सा हमेशा ही रहेगा जैसा कि उत्तर पुदेश और आंधुपुदेश के कांस्य उद्योग में दिसाई देता है जहाँ वह हस्तिशल्प पारिवारिक पेशा न रह कर एक बड़ी उत्योग मतिविधि में बदलता जा रहा है

(लैला तैयबजी, चाइल्ड लेबर इन काफ्ट्रस ट्रेडकापट वर्कशींप, 2003)

औपवारिक स्कुली शिक्षा शिल्पकारों के बच्चों को भविष्य में नीविकोपार्जन के वोन्य बनाने में सक्षम नहीं है क्योंकि:

[Question ID = 7973]

शिल्पकारों के बरचे औपवारिक शिक्षा के लिए अयोग्य हैं

[Option ID = 31886]

2. विल्पकारों के बरवों में औपवारिक विका के पूरि अरुपि हैं

[Option ID = 31887]

3. अधिकांत्र शिल्पकारों के बच्चे बालाइनिक हैं

[Option ID = 31888]

4. राज्य मुणवतापूर्ण विका देशे में अक्षम हैं

[Option ID = 31889]

Correct Answer :-

राज्य मुख्यतापूर्ण क्षिक्षा देले में अक्षम हैं

[Option ID = 31889]

निम्नतिशित गयांश को पढ़ें और उस पर आधारित निम्न पृष्टों के उत्तर दें:

शिक्षता की प्राचीन, उत्तम ढंग से निविमत व्यवस्था शिक्षा के वैकरिपक साधन के रूप में विकसित की जा सकती है न कि दोहन करने वाली व्यवस्था के रूप में विना सोचे समझे बच्चों के हस्तिशल्प सीखने पर पृतिबंध लगाने से उच्च अर्थोपार्जन करने में सक्षम क्लाल कार्यबल का निर्माण करने का एकमात् अवसर हाथ से जाता रहेगा. इससे हम वे अवसर भी खो देंगे जिनसे बढ़ती हुई बेरीजगारी वाले इस देश में स्वरोजगार उपलब्ध हो सकें तथा गुमीण युवा और विशेषकर घरेलू महिलाओं के शिए भी रोजमार पैदा किए जा सकें लेकिन मुझे यह भी कहना है कि कोई बच्चा जो पंदह वर्ष की आयू से कम है और विद्यालय में नहीं है, वह बाल भुमिक है यह बहुत दुन की बात है कि भारत के हस्तशिरप क्षेत्र में ज्यादातर ऐसा होता है कि शिरपकारों के बच्चों को ही वह चुनाव करना है कि वे या तो अनपद रहते हुए अपने पूर्वजों के कौशल सीखें (इस पूकार से काम करते हुए और पारिवारिक आग में अपना गोमदान देते हुए) या फिर औपचारिक शिक्षा लें

मुझीण और राज्य द्वारा दी जाने वाली शिक्षा के मिस्ते रतर को देखते हुए वह कहा जा सकता है कि इस पुकार की औपवारिक रक्ती शिक्षा उन बच्चों को भविष्य में वास्तव में जीविकोपार्जन के वोन्य बनाने में सक्षम नहीं है. स्मर्थभीर का एक मुझीण स्कूल शिक्षक अपनी दुवूटी पर हाजिर होता है. दैनिक उपस्थिति रजिस्टर में हरताक्षर करता है, और फिर ट्रीस्ट माइड के रूप में जंगलों में चला जाता है

भेरे लिए वह एक जरूरी चिंता है, गरीबी नहीं, जिसका उटाहरण बालशुम की पैरवी करते हुए दिवा जाता है. परंतु क्वा बच्चों के लिए वैकल्पिक शिक्षा के अवसर उपलब्ध् हैं जो उन्हें उसी तरह के रोजमार के अवसर पूटान कर सकें क्या बालशुम हस्तांतरित हो सकता है - पुशिक्षण और संशक्तीकरण के एक मतिमान नए रूप में? मुझे वहीं वह स्पष्ट कर देना वाहिए कि मैं इस मुद्दे को आज पूर्ण रूप से पिरप क्षेत्र के परिपेक्ष्य में देख रही हैं, विशेषतः पारंपरिक घरेनु उद्योगों में तथा उनमें जो महिलाओं से संबंधित हैं

शिल्प काँशलों में पुशिक्षण, वाहें घर में हो या पारंपरिक गुरु-शिल्व संबंध के द्वारा, को औरोमिक पुशिक्षण के रूप में पहचाने जाने की आकश्यकता है और उसे उसी तरह का रहतोग दिए जाने की आवश्यकता है जैसा कि तकनीकी और व्यावाविक शिक्षा के दूसरे रूपों को दिया जाता है परिवार, मास्टर, शिल्पकार, सहकारी समिति, संस्थान या मैर सरकारी संस्थान जो कि पुशिक्षण दे रहें हैं, उन्हें कुछ वृति जरूर दी जानी चाहिए ताकि नियोक्त के बजाव बच्चे को कुछ धन मिल सके जो वे इस अवधि के दौरान कमा सकते हैं नहीं तो कौंशल सिखाने के बहाने बन्धक बात शुक्रिकों की परंपरा के आगे हार मान लेने का एक पुलीभन सा हमेशा ही रहेगा जैसा कि उत्तर पुदेश और आंध्रपुदेश के कांस्य उद्योग में दिसाई देता है जहाँ वह हस्तिशब्द पारिवारिक पेशा न रह कर एक बड़ी उद्योग मतिविधि में बदलता जा रहा है

(लैला तैयबजी, चाइल्ड लेबर इन क्राफ्ट्स ट्रेडक्रापट वर्कशॉप, 2003)

औपवारिक स्कृती शिक्षा शिरपकारों के बच्चों को भविष्य में जीविकोपार्जन के योग्य बनाने में सक्षम नहीं है क्योंकि:

[Ouestion ID = 7974]

वर्षेत्रन तिव्याने के बहाने बात श्रृतिकों की प्रांपत स्थापित करना

[Option ID = 31890]

2. शिल्पकारों द्वारा अपने बटलों को काम पर लगाना

[Option ID = 31891]

बल्वों में एक दूसरे को देखकर बालझूम के पूर्त झुकाव होना

[Option ID = 31892]

4. पंद्रह वर्ष की आयु से कम के बरवों का उवसेज़मार करना

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[Option ID = 31893]

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Topic: - BED S2 eng P2

1) Read the passage given below and answer the following questions;

The phrase "white privilege" is one that rubs a lot of white people the wrong way. It can trigger something in them that shuts down conversation or at least makes them very defensive. (Especially those who grew up relatively less privileged than other folks around them). And I've seen more than once where this happens and the next move in the conversation is for the person who brought up white privilege to say, "The reason you're getting defensive is because you're feeling the discomfort of having your privilege exposed."

I'm sure that's true sometimes. And I'm sure there are a lot of people, white and otherwise, who can attest to a kind of aha moment or paradigm shift where they "got" what privilege means and they did realize they had been getting defensive
because they were uncomfortable at having their privilege exposed. But I would guess that more often than not, the
frustration and the shutting down is about something else. It comes from the fact that nobody wants to be a racist. And the
move "you only think that because you're looking at this from the perspective of privilege" or the more terse and
confrontational "check your privilege!" kind of sound like an accusation that someone is a racist (if they don't already
understand privilege). And the phrase "white privilege" kind of sounds like, "You are a racist and there's nothing you can
do about it because you were born that way."

And if this were what "white privilege" meant—which it is not—defensiveness and frustration would be the appropriate response. But privilege talk is not intended to make a moral assessment or a moral claim about the privileged at all, it is about systemic imbalance. It is about injustices that have arisen because of the history of racism that birthed the way things are now, it's not saying, "You're a bad person because you're white." It's saying, "The system is skewed in ways that you maybe haven't realized or had to think about precisely because it's skewed in YOUR favor."

I am white. So I have not experienced racial privilege from the "under" side firsthand. But my children (and a lot of other people I love) are not white. And so I care about privilege and what it means for racial justice in our country. And one experience I have had firsthand, which has helped me to understand privilege and listen to privilege talk without feeling defensive, is riding my bike.

If I am on the sidewalk—which is sometimes the safest place to be—people will yell at me to get on the road. People in cars think it's funny to roll down their window and yell something right when they get beside me. Or to splash me on purpose. People I have never met are angry at me for just being on a bike in "their" road and they let me know with colorful language and other acts of aggression.

I can imagine that for people of color life in a white-majority context feels a bit like being on a bicycle in midst of traffic. They have the right to be on the road, and laws on the books to make it equitable, but that doesn't change the fact that they are on a bike in a world made for cars. Experiencing this when I'm on my bike in traffic has helped me to understand what privilege talk is really about.

...This is what privilege is about. Like drivers, nice, non-aggressive white people can move in the world without thinking about the "potholes" or the "gravel" that people of color have to navigate, or how things that they do—not intending to hurt or endanger anyone—might actually be making life more difficult or more dangerous for a person of color. Talk about white privilege is a way of trying to make visible the fact that system is not neutral, it is not a level-playing field, it's not the same experience for everyone. There are biases and imbalances and injustices built into the warp and woof of our culture.

The author has used the analogy of bike riding to talk about white privilege. From the statements given below choose the one which is an example of an analogy.

[Question ID = 7976]

That's as useful as rearranging deck chairs on the Titanic.

[Option ID = 31898]

2. The promise between us was a delicate flower.

[Option ID = 31899]

3. That new car cost an arm and a leg.

[Option ID = 31900]

4. Elsa said that she has changed but actions speak louder than words.

[Option ID = 31901]

Correct Answer :-

· That's as useful as rearranging deck chairs on the Titanic.

Option ID = 31898]

The person who brought up white privilege www. First Ranker conting defensive being the privilege discomfort of having your privilege exposed."

I'm sure that's true sometimes. And I'm sure there are a lot of people, white and otherwise, who can attest to a kind of aha moment or paradigm shift where they "got" what privilege means and they did realize they had been getting defensive
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In the context of the passage which of the following is not true?

[Question ID = 7977]

1. Talk about white privilege causes discomfort among a lot of Whites

[Option ID = 31902]

2. Talk about white privilege has the purpose of making moral assessment about the Whites

[Option ID = 31903]

White privilege is caused by systemic imbalances

[Option ID = 31904]

4. White privilege is about inequalities rooted in racism

[Option ID = 31905]

Correct Answer :-

· Talk about white privilege has the purpose of making moral assessment about the Whites

[Option ID = 31903]

3) Read the passage given below and answer the following questions:

The phrase "white privilege" is one that rubs a lot of white people the wrong way. It can trigger something in them that shuts down conversation or at least makes them very defensive. (Especially those who grew up relatively less privileged than other folks around them). And I've seen more than once where this happens and the next move in the conversation is for the person who brought up white privilege to say, "The reason you're getting defensive is because you're feeling the discomfort of having your privilege exposed."

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Which of the following is not implied by the author in the passage?

[Question ID = 7978]

1. Talk about white privilege can be a source of embarrassment for the Whites.

[Option ID = 31906]

2. What the law states is entirely different from what happens in the real world

[Option ID = 31907]

3. White people can navigate their day to day life without thinking about white privilege

[Option ID = 31908]

4. White people can never truly understand the concept of white privilege

[Option ID = 31909]

Correct Answer :-

· White people can never truly understand the concept of white privilege

[Option ID = 31909]

4) Read the passage given below and answer the following questions;

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"Virat Kohli is known for his hostility towards opponents on field," Which of the following forms of words from the passage can best replace the underlined word?

[Question ID = 7979]

1. aggression

[Option ID = 31910]

2. defensiveness

[Option ID = 31911]

3. frustration

[Option ID = 31912]

4. racism

[Option ID = 31913]

Correct Answer :-

aggression

[Option ID = 31910]

5) Read the passage given below and answer the following questions:

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Which of the following things is not true in the context of bike riding?

[Question ID = 7980]

1. Roads are built for automobile owners

[Option ID = 31914]

2. People intentionally endanger the lives of bike riders

[Option ID = 31915]

3. Laws on the books are not equitable after all

[Option ID = 31916]

4. Bike riders get yelled at from both pedestrians and automobile owners

[Option ID = 31917]

Correct Answer :-

· People intentionally endanger the lives of bike riders

[Option ID = 31915]

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