irstranker's choice DU MPhil PhDwww.TirotRayker.com

www.FirstRanker.com

Topic: - GEO MPHIL S2

1) Why do conjugate faults show opposite senses of slip?

Select the correct explanation from below:

[Question ID = 2153]

1. Orientation of stress axes $(\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \text{ and } \sigma_3)$ are opposite for the two conjugate fault planes

[Option ID = 8606]

2. σ_2 becomes vertical for one of the two conjugate planes

[Option ID = 8607]

3. both the fault planes are oriented symmetrically with respect to σ_1 , but in opposite sense

[Option ID = 8608]

4. σ_1 and σ_2 axes swap their position after some amount of deformation

[Option ID = 8609]

Correct Answer :-

ullet both the fault planes are oriented symmetrically with respect to σ_1 , but in opposite sense

[Option ID = 8608]

2) In simple shear, the angle between the longest (λ_1) axis of the finite strain ellipsoid and the shear direction (θ) varies with the amount of shear strain (γ) according to which of the following relationships?

[Question ID = 2154]

1. θ increases as γ increases

[Option ID = 8610]

2. θ decreases as γ increases

[Option ID = 8611]

3. $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ remains constant as $\boldsymbol{\gamma}$ increases

[Option ID = 8612]

4. these two parameters have no predictable relationship

[Option ID = 8613]

Correct Answer:-

• θ decreases as γ increases

[Option ID = 8611]

3) In a multilayered rock, the viscosity ratio of the competent and incompetent layers (μ_1/μ_2) is high and the packing distance between layers (n) is low. What is the most likely structure that will develop in such a system under layer-parallel shortening?

[Question ID = 2155]

1. Kink fold

[Option ID = 8614]

2. Cuspate-lobate fold

[Option ID = 8615]

3. Ptygmatic fold

[Option ID = 8616]

4. no folding - only homogeneous thickening of layers

[Option ID = 8617]

Correct Answer :-

Kink fold

[Option ID = 8614]

4) Brittle deformation of rocks is favoured at a shallow depth, whereas ductile flow takes place at greater depth because [Question ID = 2156]

- 1. brittle deformation of rocks leads to increase in volum www. FirstRanker.com
- 2. ductile deformation is favoured only in rocks with smaller grain size [Option ID = 8619]
- 3. ductile deformation can take place only in presence of a fluid phase [Option ID = 8620]

tle deformation of rocks leads to increase in volum www.FirstRanker.com

www.FirstRanker.com

5) Which of the following shows a correct sequence of recrystallization mechanism in quartz with increasing temperature?

[Question ID = 2157]

1. Subgrain Rotation - Bulging - Grain Boundary Migration

[Option ID = 8622]

2. Bulging - Grain Boundary Migration - Subgrain Rotation

[Option ID = 8623]

3. Bulging - Subgrain Rotation - Grain Boundary Migration

[Option ID = 8624]

4. None of these

[Option ID = 8625]

Correct Answer :-

• Bulging - Subgrain Rotation - Grain Boundary Migration

[Option ID = 8624]

6) Trapezoid shaped boudins are characteristically found in

[Question ID = 2158]

- 1. extension fracture boudinage [Option ID = 8626]
- 2. symmetric shear fracture boudinage [Option ID = 8627]
- 3. asymmetric shear fracture boudinage [Option ID = 8628]
- 4. post-boudinage deformation [Option ID = 8629]

Correct Answer :-

• symmetric shear fracture boudinage [Option ID = 8627]

7) If, in a folded layered sequence, thinner layers show smaller folds and thicker layers show larger folds, the fold structure will be called:

[Question ID = 2159]

- 1. disharmonic fold [Option ID = 8630]
- 2. arrowhead fold [Option ID = 8631]
- 3. polyclinal fold [Option ID = 8632]
- 4. fan fold [Option ID = 8633]

Correct Answer :-

• disharmonic fold [Option ID = 8630]

8) Geostrophic currents

[Question ID = 2160]

- 1. flow inside the mantle [Option ID = 8634]
- 2. are controlled by a balance between pressure gradient force and Coriolis deflection [Option ID = 8635]
- 3. are controlled by ocean's tropic levels [Option ID = 8636]
- 4. generated due to tidal action of moon [Option ID = 8637]

Correct Answer:-

• are controlled by a balance between pressure gradient force and Coriolis deflection [Option ID = 8635]

9) Porosity of a formation is summation of:

[Question ID = 2161]

- 1. Hydraulic conductivity and Transimissivity [Option ID = 8638]
- 2. Specific storage and Specific retention [Option ID = 8639]
- 3. Specific retention and Specific yield [Option ID = 8640]
- 4. Hydraulic conductivity & Transmissivity [Option ID = 8641]

Correct Answer:

• Specific retention and Specific yield [Option ID = 8640]

10) Conodonts are useful microfossils in the biostratigraphic subdivision of

[Question ID = 2162]

- 1. Archean [Option ID = 8642]
- 2. Cenozoic [Option ID = 8643]
- 3. Cretaceous [Option ID = 8644]

4. Paleozoic [Option ID = 8645]

Correct Answer :-

• Paleozoic [Option ID = 8645]

www.FirstRanker.com

1. Higher compared to that formed during interglacial period

[Option ID = 8646]

2. Equal to that of formed during interglacial period

[Option ID = 8647]

3. Lower compared to that formed during interglacial period

[Option ID = 8648]

4. None of these

[Option ID = 8649]

Correct Answer :-

• Higher compared to that formed during interglacial period

[Option ID = 8646]

12) Why was Paleomagnetism so important in discovering plate tectonics? [Question ID = 2164]

- 1. it illustrated the location of the North Pole [Option ID = 8650]
- 2. It illustrated sea floor spreading [Option ID = 8651]
- 3. it allowed measurement of mountain building rates [Option ID = 8652]
- 4. It allowed the depth of the oceans to be measured [Option ID = 8653]

Correct Answer :-

• It illustrated sea floor spreading [Option ID = 8651]

13) A polar wandering curve:

[Question ID = 2165]

- 1. shows that the magnetic poles wandered relative to fixed continents [Option ID = 8654]
- 2. shows that the rotational poles wandered to fixed continents [Option ID = 8655]
- 3. shows that the continents wandered relative to generally-fixed pole positions [Option ID = 8656]
- 4. is a graph of the Mercalli Index [Option ID = 8657]

Correct Answer :-

• shows that the continents wandered relative to generally-fixed pole positions [Option ID = 8656]

14) The 'Lehmann discontinuity' in the Earth is identified by [Question ID = 2166]

- 1. 5-6% decrease in P and S wave velocity [Option ID = 8658]
- 2. 3-4% increase in P and S wave velocity [Option ID = 8659]
- 3. 5% decrease in density [Option ID = 8660]
- 4. 5% increase in S wave velocity [Option ID = 8661]

Correct Answer :-

• 3-4% increase in P and S wave velocity [Option ID = 8659]

15) Given below are two statements, one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R

Assertion A: Assemblage zones are not good for intercontinental correlation.

Reason R: They are very much environmentally controlled.

In light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below [Question ID = 2167]

- 1. R explains A [Option ID = 8662]
- 2. R does not explain A [Option ID = 8663]
- 3. A and R are false [Option ID = 8664]
- 4. R is false [Option ID = 8665]

Correct Answer :-

R does not explain A [Option ID = 8663]

16) In steady state/equilibrium groundwater flow situation, the water table head during pumping: [Question ID = 2168]

- 1. Does not change with time [Option ID = 8666]
- 2. Changes with time [Option ID = 8667]
- 3. Changes without time [Option ID = 8668]
- 4. Remains constant [Option ID = 8669]

Correct Answer :-

• Does not change with time [Option ID = 8666]

www.FirstRanker.com

- Intrinsic permeability [Option ID = 8671]
 Specific retention [Option ID = 8672]
- 3. Specific retention [Option ID = 8072
- 4. Specific yield [Option ID = 8673]

Correct Answer :-

• Specific yield [Option ID = 8673]

18) Preservation of fossils represent

[Question ID = 2170]

- 1. Stagnation deposits [Option ID = 8674]
- 2. Obrution deposits [Option ID = 8675]
- 3. Concentration deposits [Option ID = 8676]
- 4. Conservation traps [Option ID = 8677]

Correct Answer :-

• Conservation traps [Option ID = 8677]

19) Which of this typically represents elastic scattering?

[Question ID = 2171]

- 1. Backscattered electrons [Option ID = 8678]
- 2. Auger electrons [Option ID = 8679]
- 3. Secondary electrons [Option ID = 8680]
- 4. Heating caused by electron beam-matter interaction [Option ID = 8681]

Correct Answer :-

• Backscattered electrons [Option ID = 8678]

20) In-phase diffraction of any electromagnetic wave by a regularly spaced grating is [Question ID = 2172]

- 1. Reciprocal and normal [Option ID = 8682]
- 2. Only reciprocal [Option ID = 8683]
- 3. Only normal [Option ID = 8684]
- 4. Destructive interference [Option ID = 8685]

Correct Answer :-

• Reciprocal and normal [Option ID = 8682]

21) Relationship between energy of characteristic X-ray and atomic number is defined by [Question ID = 2173]

- 1. Mosely's Law [Option ID = 8686]
- 2. Steno's Law [Option ID = 8687]
- 3. Beers Law [Option ID = 8688]
- 4. Harper's Index [Option ID = 8689]

Correct Answer :-

• Mosely's Law [Option ID = 8686]

22) This cannot provide the width of distribution around a central tendency of any dataset [Question ID = 2174]

- 1. Arithmetic average [Option ID = 8690]
- 2. Standard deviation [Option ID = 8691]
- 3. Variance [Option ID = 8692]
- 4. Both Arithmetic average and variance [Option ID = 8693]

Correct Answer :-

• Arithmetic average [Option ID = 8690]

23) The value of "Hue" in the Munsell notations used for colour estimations refers to

[Question ID = 2175]

1. Red, yellow, blue colours

[Option ID = 8694]

2. Lightness of the colours

[Option ID = 8695]

3. Strength of the colours

[Option ID - 8696]

4. All of these

[Option ID = 8697]

www.FirstRanker.com

Correct Answer :-



www.FirstRanker.com

- 24) Which of the following in petrographic criteria suggests the advanced stage of pedogenic carbonate development? [Question ID = 2176]
- 1. Few calcans and micrite [Option ID = 8698]
- 2. Nodules and calcans [Option ID = 8699]
- 3. Recrystallised nodules and microspars [Option ID = 8700]
- 4. Micrite in the groundmass [Option ID = 8701]

Correct Answer:-

• Recrystallised nodules and microspars [Option ID = 8700]

25) Removal of organic matter, carbonate, and free iron is required for of the particles during grain size. [Question ID = 2177]

- 1. Flocculation [Option ID = 8702]
- 2. Lithification [Option ID = 8703]
- 3. Dispersal [Option ID = 8704]
- 4. Cementation [Option ID = 8705]

Correct Answer:-

• Dispersal [Option ID = 8704]

26) Which of the following sediment size refers to fine clay fraction?

[Question ID = 2178]

1. < 2 mm

[Option ID = 8706]

2. < 0.2 mm

[Option ID = 8707]

3. <0.2 μm

[Option ID = 8708]

4. <2 μm

[Option ID = 8709]

Correct Answer:-

• <0.2 µm

[Option ID = 8708]

27) If a marker bed cut by a fault does not show any displacement across the fault line, the most likely reason is: [Question ID = 2179]

- 1. the marker bed is later than the fault [Option ID = 8710]
- 2. the fault is a reverse fault [Option ID = 8711]
- 3. the fault is a trace-slip fault [Option ID = 8712]
- 4. the fault slip is seismic in nature [Option ID = 8713]

Correct Answer :-

• the fault is a trace-slip fault [Option ID = 8712]

28) To assess dislocation density in a deformed crystal, which of the following instruments is best suited? [Question ID = 2180]

- 1. Electron Probe Micro-Analyzer (EPMA) [Option ID = 8714]
- 2. Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) [Option ID = 8715]
- 3. X-ray Fluorescence (XRF) [Option ID = 8716]
- 4. Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM) [Option ID = 8717]

Correct Answer :-

• Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM) [Option ID = 8717]

29) For dating a Precambrian porcellanite bed the most suitable geochronological method is [Question ID = 2181]

- 1. C-14 method [Option ID = 8718]
- 2. Rb-Sr method [Option ID = 8719]
- 3. Sm-Nd method [Option ID = 8720]
- 4. U-Pb method [Option ID = 8721]

Correct Answer :-

U-Pb method [Option ID = 8721]

www.FirstRanker.com

30) Marine carbonate cement precipitated during glacial period will show [Question ID = 2182]

www.FirstRanker.com

Correct Answer :-

• High ¹⁸O signature [Option ID = 8724]

31) Wavelengths of electron beam in SEM is typically [Question ID = 2183]

- 1. Few picometers to few tens of picometers [Option ID = 8726]
- 2. Few nanometers [Option ID = 8727]
- 3. Few hundreds of nanometers [Option ID = 8728]
- 4. Few tens of nanometers [Option ID = 8729]

Correct Answer :-

• Few picometers to few tens of picometers [Option ID = 8726]

32) ZAF correction in EPMA refers to

[Question ID = 2184]

1. Fluorescence, atomic number and absorption correction

[Option ID = 8730]

2. Atomic number, thickness and fluorescence correction

[Option ID = 8731]

3. Atomic number, absorption and frequency correction

[Option ID = 8732]

4. None of these

[Option ID = 8733]

Correct Answer :-

• Fluorescence, atomic number and absorption correction

[Option ID = 8730]

33) Relationship between the incident angle and the diffraction angle in an X-ray diffraction instrument is [Question ID = 2185]

- 1. Incident angle is twice the diffraction angle [Option ID = 8734]
- 2. Both are equal [Option ID = 8735]
- 3. Incident angle is half of the diffraction angle [Option ID = 8736]
- 4. Diffraction angle is half of incident angle [Option ID = 8737]

Correct Answer:-

• Incident angle is half of the diffraction angle [Option ID = 8736]

34) Halophytes are the plants that are indicative of [Question ID = 2186]

- 1. Saline deposits [Option ID = 8738]
- 2. Fresh water deposits [Option ID = 8739]
- 3. Hydrocarbons [Option ID = 8740]
- 4. Non-metallic ores [Option ID = 8741]

Correct Answer:-

• Saline deposits [Option ID = 8738]

35) Which of the following parameters is considered to determine the reflectance of a vegetation canopy?

[Question ID = 2187]

Chlorophyll content

[Option ID = 8742]

2. Azimuth angle

[Option ID = 8743]

3. Solar Zenith angle

[Option ID = 8744]

4. All of these

[Option ID = 8745]

Correct Answer :-

All of these

www.FirstRanker.com

[Option ID = 8745]



ins of the progen, where rocks undergo thrusting prove the land the control of the progen where rocks undergo thrusting prove the progen to the progen to the progen to the progen to the provent of the progen to t o^{n ID = 8746]} www.FirstRanker.com

- 2. in the internal part where rocks have been squeezed up fr
- 3. in the grabens [Option ID = 8748]
- 4. in the horsts [Option ID = 8749]

Correct Answer :-

along the margins of the orogen, where rocks undergo thrusting above a detachment [Option ID = 8746]

37) In XRD studies, persistence of the 14.4 A° peak at 550°C of the K saturated clays confirms the presence of [Question ID = 2189]

- 1. Illite [Option ID = 8750]
- 2. Kaolinite [Option ID = 8751]
- 3. Smectite [Option ID = 8752]
- 4. Chlorite [Option ID = 8753]

Correct Answer :-

Chlorite [Option ID = 8753]

38) A rapid and progressive increase of the smectite in the in the clay mineral assemblage indicates [Question ID = 2190]

- 1. Change of the source rock with dominance of Feldspar [Option ID = 8754]
- 2. Change of the source rock with dominance of Mica [Option ID = 8755]
- 3. Change of the source rock with dominance of Quartz [Option ID = 8756]
- 4. Change of the source rock with dominance of Carbonates [Option ID = 8757]

Correct Answer :-

• Change of the source rock with dominance of Feldspar [Option ID = 8754]

39) The Middle-Miocene Climatic Optima at about 15 Ma is marked by [Question ID = 2191]

- 1. Warming [Option ID = 8758]
- 2. Cooling [Option ID = 8759]
- 3. Extreme warming [Option ID = 8760]
- 4. Extreme cooling [Option ID = 8761]

Correct Answer :-

Warming [Option ID = 8758]

40) The values of 50-60 for the chemical index of alteration (CIA) to assess weathering of silicate rock suggest [Question ID = 2192]

- 1. Advanced stage of weathering [Option ID = 8762]
- 2. Incipient stage of weathering [Option ID = 8763]
- 3. Moderate stage of weathering [Option ID = 8764]
- 4. Very strong weathering [Option ID = 8765]

Correct Answer :-

• Incipient stage of weathering [Option ID = 8763]

41) Which of the following is true during deep burial?

[Question ID = 2193]

- 1. Possible addition and re-distribution of K [Option ID = 8766]
- 2. Possible addition and re-distribution of Ti [Option ID = 8767]
- 3. Possible addition and re-distribution of Al [Option ID = 8768]
- 4. Possible addition and re-distribution of Na [Option ID = 8769]

Correct Answer :-

• Possible addition and re-distribution of K [Option ID = 8766]

42) The meandering rivers are marked by

[Question ID = 2194]

- 1. Shallowest section at crossovers and the deepest section at bends [Option ID = 8770]
- 2. Deepest section at crossovers and the shallowest section at bends [Option ID = 8771]
- 3. Uniform depth at crossovers and at the bends [Option ID = 8772]
- 4. Deep sections both at crossovers and the bends [Option ID = 8773]

Correct Answer :-

• Shallowest section at crossovers and the deepest section at bends [Option ID = 8770]

43) Facies analysis of the gravel dominated braided rivers shows

[Question ID = 2195]

1. St as the main facies [Option ID = 8774]

2. Gm as the main facies [Option ID = 8775]

www.FirstRanker.com

• Gm as the main facies [Option ID = 8775]

44) The meandering rivers are characterized by

[Question ID = 2196]

1. Sinuosity >1.3 and bed load <11%

[Option ID = 8778]

2. Sinuosity <1.3 and bed load >11%

[Option ID = 8779]

3. Sinuosity >1.3 and bed load >11%

[Option ID = 8780]

4. Sinuosity <1.3 and bed load <11%

[Option ID = 8781]

Correct Answer :-

Sinuosity >1.3 and bed load <11%

[Option ID = 8778]

45) In braided rivers, the width/depth ratio is and the bed load is

[Question ID = 2197]

1. Width/Depth ratio <40 and bead load <11%

[Option ID = 8782]

2. Width/Depth ration >40 and bead load >11%

[Option ID = 8783]

3. Width/Depth ratio <40 and bead load >11%

[Option ID = 8784]

4. Width/Depth ratio > 40 and bead load <11%

[Option ID = 8785]

Correct Answer :-

• Width/Depth ration >40 and bead load >11%

[Option ID = 8783]

46) The longitudinal/medial bars in braided rivers occur as [Question ID = 2198]

- 1. Bar deposits elongated transvers to the flow direction [Option ID = 8786]
- 2. Bar deposits elongated parallel to the flow directions [Option ID = 8787]
- 3. Bar deposits along the convex side of the of the banks [Option ID = 8788]
- 4. Bar deposits along the concave side of the banks [Option ID = 8789]

Correct Answer :-

• Bar deposits elongated parallel to the flow directions [Option ID = 8787]

47) Which of the following geophysical method is most suitable for groundwater exploration?

[Question ID = 2199]

1. Resistivity

[Option ID = 8790]

2. Magnetic

[Option ID = 8791]

3. Sonic

[Option ID = 8792]

4. Gravity

[Option ID = 8793]

Correct Answer :-

Resistivity

[Option ID = 8790]

www.FirstRanker.com 48) Theim's equation for steady state radial flow to a tubewell in confined aquifer can be used to estimate:

Correct Answer :-

• Transmissivity only [Option ID = 8794]

49) The major ions considered for hydrochemical facies analysis using trilinear plot are [Ouestion | D = 2201]

- 1. Sodium, Potassium, Phosphorus, Magnesium, Chloride, Sulphate, Carbonate and Nitrate [Option ID = 8798]
- 2. Sodium, Potassium, Calcium, Magnesium, Chloride, Sulphate, Carbonate and Bicarbonate [Option ID = 8799]
- 3. Arsenic, Potassium, Calcium, Lead, Fluoride, Sulphate, Carbonate and Bicarbonate [Option ID = 8800]
- 4. Zinc, Mercury, Calcium, Magnesium, Aluminium, Sulphate, Carbonate and Bicarbonate [Option ID = 8801]

Correct Answer :-

• Sodium, Potassium, Calcium, Magnesium, Chloride, Sulphate, Carbonate and Bicarbonate [Option ID = 8799]

50) Rainwater harvesting and artificial recharge to groundwater is generally done in [Question ID = 2202]

- 1. Shallow groundwater level areas [Option ID = 8802]
- 2. In wetlands [Option ID = 8803]
- 3. In areas with deeper water levels, where water table is declining heavily [Option ID = 8804]
- 4. In areas along and close to water bodies [Option ID = 8805]

Correct Answer :-

• In areas with deeper water levels, where water table is declining heavily [Option ID = 8804]