## Topic:- GEO MSC S2

1) Most minerals melt to form a liquid of the same composition as the solid. The process is called [Question ID = 2041]
1. Incongruent melting [Option ID = 8158]
2. Congruent melting [Option ID $=8159$ ]
3. Fractional melting [Option ID $=8160$ ]
4. Fractional crystallization [Option ID $=8161]$

Correct Answer :-

- Congruent melting [Option ID = 8159]

2) A concordant intrusive body with a flat base and domed mushroom shaped roof is called
[Question ID = 2042]
1. Dyke [Option ID $=8162$ ]
2. Laccolith [Option ID $=8163$ ]
3. Lopolith [Option ID $=8164$ ]
4. Batholith [Option ID $=8165$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Laccolith [Option ID = 8163]

3) Widmanstatten exsolution pattern is common in

## [Question ID = 2043]

1. Iron meteorites [Option ID $=8166$ ]
2. Chondrites [Option ID $=8167$ ]
3. Stony iron meteorites [Option ID $=8168$ ]
4. Basalts [Option ID $=8169$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Iron meteorites [Option ID = 8166]

4) Soret Effect is a term associated with
[Question ID = 2044]
1. Viscosity [Option ID $=8170$ ]
2. Diffusion [Option $I D=8171$ ]
3. Melting [Option ID = 8172]
4. Buoyancy [Option ID $=8173$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Diffusion [Option ID = 8171]

5) During crystallization of a melt plagioclase become richer in
[Question ID = 2045]
1. $\mathrm{Sr}[$ Option $\mathrm{ID}=8174]$
2. $\mathrm{Na}[$ Option ID $=8175]$
3. Ca [Option ID $=8176]$
4. Ba [Option ID $=8177]$

Correct Answer :-

- Na [Option ID = 8175]

6) What is the most dominant rock type of Deccan traps?
[Question ID = 2046]
1. volcanic tuff [Option ID $=8178$ ]
2. basalts [Option ID $=8179$ ]
3. Bole bed [Option ID $=8180$ ]
4. rhyolite [Option ID = 8181]

## Correct Answer :-

- basalts [Option ID = 8179]

7) What is the effect of water on mineral-melting at a given pressure?
4. None of these
[Option ID = 8185]

## Correct Answer :-

- Water lowers melting temperature
[Option ID = 8182]

8) Which of the following Nesosilicates is a common constituent of basalt?
[Question ID = 2048]
1. Garnet [Option ID $=8186$ ]
2. Olivine [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8187$ ]
3. Silimanite [Option ID $=8188$ ]
4. Zircon [Option ID $=8189$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Garnet [Option ID = 8186]

9) The acute bisectrix figure is observed on a crystal plate
[Question ID = 2049]
1. Cut normal to obtuse bisectrix [Option ID $=8190$ ]
2. Cut normal to acute bisectrix [Option ID = 8191]
3. Cut parallel to optic axes [Option ID $=8192$ ]
4. Cut parallel to acute bisectrix [Option ID $=8193$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Cut normal to acute bisectrix [Option ID = 8191]


## 10) Jadeite is a type of

[Question ID = 2050]

1. Olivine [Option ID = 8194]
2. Mica [Option ID $=8195$ ]
3. Pyroxene [Option ID $=8196$ ]
4. Amphibole [Option ID $=8197$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Pyroxene [Option ID = 8196]

11) If in a deforming rock body, stress is found to be proportional to strain rate, the material (rock) behaviour is called [Question ID = 2051]
1. Elastic [Option ID $=8198$ ]
2. Plastic [Option ID $=8199$ ]
3. Elastico-viscous [Option ID $=8200$ ]
4. Viscous [Option ID $=8201$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Viscous [Option ID = 8201]

12) If a stretching lineation is found on a cleavage plane, the direction of maximum shortening is likely to be: [Question ID = 2052]
1. Parallel to the lineation, on the cleavage plane [Option ID $=8202$ ]
2. Perpendicular to the lineation, on the cleavage plane [Option ID $=8203$ ]
3. Perpendicular to the cleavage, parallel to the lineation [Option ID $=8204$ ]
4. Perpendicular to both the cleavage plane and the lineation. [Option ID = 8205]

## Correct Answer :-

- Perpendicular to both the cleavage plane and the lineation. [Option ID = 8205]


## 13) A rock shows very well developed foliation, but no distinct lineation (S-tectonite). The type of strain most likely representative of the deformation is

[Question ID = 2053]

1. Pure flattening [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8206$ ]
2. General flattening [Option ID $=8207]$
3. Plane strain [Option ID $=8208$ ]
4. Pure constriction. [Option ID $=8209]$

## Correct Answer :-

- Pure flattening [Option ID = 8206]

3. Reverse faulting [Option ID $=8212$ ]
4. Wrench faulting. [Option $I D=8213$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Normal faulting [Option ID $=8211$ ]

15) A fault plane strikes $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{S}$ and dips $70^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$. On the fault plane, the slickenside lineations show a pitch of $65^{\circ}$ northerly. Which of the following interpretations is correct?

## [Question ID = 2055]

1. It is an oblique-slip reverse fault with sinistral sense wrench component
[Option ID = 8214]
2. It is an oblique-slip normal fault with sinistral sense wrench component
[Option ID = 8215]
3. It is an oblique slip normal fault with a dextral sense wrench component
[Option ID = 8216]
4. It is a strike-slip fault with sinistral wrench component.
[Option ID = 8217]

## Correct Answer :-

- It is an oblique-slip normal fault with sinistral sense wrench component
[Option ID = 8215]

16) Humans dispersed out from ----- center of origin
[Question ID = 2056]
1. African [Option ID $=8218$ ]
2. Asian [Option ID $=8219$ ]
3. European [Option ID $=8220$ ]
4. American. [Option ID $=8221$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- African [Option ID $=8218$ ]


## 17) Glossopteris became less diverse in

[Question ID = 2057]

1. Permian
[Option ID = 8222]
2. Cretaceous
[Option ID = 8223]
3. Triassic
[Option ID = 8224]
4. Jurassic
[Option ID = 8225]
Correct Answer :-

- Triassic
[Option ID = 8224]

18) Mesozoic reefs are formed primarily by
[Question ID = 2058]
1. Sponges
[Option ID = 8226]
2. Archaeocyathids
[Option ID = 8227]
3. Rugose corals
[Option ID = 8228]
4. Scleractinian corals
[Option ID = 8229]
Correct Answer :-

- Scleractinian corals

1. Zombie taxon [Option ID $=8230$ ]
2. Ghost taxon [Option ID = 8231]
3. Elvis taxon [Option ID $=8232$ ]
4. Lazarus taxon [Option ID $=8233$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Lazarus taxon [Option ID = 8233]

20) Pascichnia is term used for [Question ID = 2060]
1. Grazing traces [Option ID $=8234$ ]
2. Crawling traces [Option ID $=8235$ ]
3. Resting traces [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8236$ ]
4. Dwelling traces [Option ID $=8237$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Grazing traces [Option ID = 8234]

21) When an organism achieves sexual maturity as a juvenile, the heterochronic change is termed as
[Question ID = 2061]
1. Pedomorphosis
[Option ID = 8238]
2. Peramorphosis
[Option ID = 8239]
3. Atavism
[Option ID = 8240]
4. None of these
[Option ID = 8241]
Correct Answer :-

- Pedomorphosis
[Option ID = 8238]

22) Hyalophane is a
[Question ID = 2062]
1. Mica [Option ID $=8242$ ]
2. Feldspar [Option ID $=8243$ ]
3. Feldspathoid [Option ID $=8244$ ]
4. Amphibole [Option ID = 8245]

Correct Answer :-

- Feldspar [Option ID = 8243]

23) Choose the correct option from the following:
[Question ID = 2063]
1. Parallelism of internal and external schistosity implies syn-deformation growth of porphyroblast [Option ID $=8246$ ]
2. Poikilitic texture is a metamorphic texture [Option ID = 8247]
3. Antiperthite is an exsolution texture [Option ID $=8248$ ]
4. Granofels are associated with regional metamorphism [Option ID $=8249$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Antiperthite is an exsolution texture [Option ID = 8248]

24) Which amongst the following is a $1: 1$ phyllosilicate?
[Question ID = 2064]
1. Illite
[Option ID = 8250]
2. Kaolinite
[Option ID = 8251]
3_Mantmorillonite
25) Closest packing of equal sized spheres of cations and anions will lead to coordination number of
[Question ID = 2065]
1. 6 [Option ID $=8254$ ]
2. 12 [Option ID $=8255$ ]
3. 4 [Option ID $=8256$ ]
4. 8 [Option ID $=8257]$

Correct Answer :-

- 12 [Option ID = 8255]


## 26) Monticellite is a

[Question ID = 2066]

1. Single chain silicate [Option ID $=8258$ ]
2. Nesosilicate [Option ID = 8259]
3. Double chain silicate [Option ID $=8260$ ]
4. Tectosilicate [Option ID = 8261]

## Correct Answer :-

- Nesosilicate [Option ID = 8259]


## 27) Khetri copper belt is part of [Question ID = 2067]

1. South Delhi Fold Belt [Option ID $=8262$ ]
2. Aravalli Supergroup [Option ID $=8263$ ]
3. North Delhi Fold Belt [Option ID $=8264$ ]
4. Marwar Group [Option ID $=8265$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Aravalli Supergroup [Option ID $=8263$ ]


## 28) Abukama facies series is a

[Question ID = 2068]

1. High P-low T series
[Option ID = 8266]
2. Low P-high T series
[Option ID = 8267]
3. Intermdiate PT series
[Option ID = 8268]
4. None of these
[Option ID = 8269]
Correct Answer :-

- Low P-high T series
[Option ID = 8267]

29) Reaction "cummingtonite = orthopyroxene + quartz $+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ " indicates that
[Question ID = 2069]
1. It is a hydration reaction [Option ID $=8270$ ]
2. It is an ion-exchange reaction [Option ID $=8271$ ]
3. Cummingtonite has high alumina content [Option ID $=8272$ ]
4. Cummingtonite contains low to no alumina [Option ID = 8273]

Correct Answer :-

- Cummingtonite contains low to no alumina [Option ID = 8273]

30) When all four oxygens in silicon tetrahedral are shared, the structure is known as

## [Question ID = 2070]

1. Chain silicates [Option ID $=8274$ ]
2. Ring silicates [Option ID $=8275$ ]
3. Framework silicates [Option ID $=8276$ ]
4. Cyclosilicates [Option ID $=8277$ ]


## Correct Answer :-

- The tilt of the Earth's axis [Option ID = 8284]


## 33) Knob and kettle topography forms when [Question ID = 2073]

1. Blocks of ice get buried by till, and then melt. [Option ID = 8286]
2. The glacier flows over sediment and molds it into streamlined hills. [Option ID = 8287]
3. Ice plucks chunks off of bedrock and leaves an indentation. [Option ID = 8288]
4. Rocks embedded in the base of the glacier gouge out deep depressions into bedrock [Option ID =8289]

## Correct Answer :-

- Blocks of ice get buried by till, and then melt. [Option ID = 8286]

34) The sluggish wind system in the equatorial areas is known as?
[Question ID = 2074]
1. Westerlies [Option ID $=8290$ ]
2. Trades [Option ID $=8291$ ]
3. Doldrums [Option ID $=8292$ ]
4. Monsoon [Option ID = 8293]

## Correct Answer :-

- Doldrums [Option ID = 8292]

35) The Digboi Oil Field is associated with rocks of [Question ID = 2077]
1. Eocene age [Option ID $=8300$ ]
2. Miocene age [Option ID = 8302]
3. Pleistocene age [Option ID $=8303$ ]
4. Pliocene age [Option ID $=8305$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Miocene age [Option ID = 8302]

36) The Ninety East Ridge is present in which of the following oceans
[Question ID = 2078]
1. Atlantic [Option ID $=8306$ ]
2. Indian [Option ID $=8308]$
3. Pacific [Option ID $=8310$ ]
4. Arctic [Option ID $=8311$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Indian [Option ID = 8308]


## 37) What are ophiolite suites?

[Question ID = 2080]

1. Fragments of oceanic lithosphere emplaced on a continent [Option ID $=8314$ ]
2. Groups of seafloor magnetic anomalies [Option ID $=8315$ ]
3. Wedge-shaped packages of sediments that form at passive margins [Option ID = 8317]
4. Rocks with ophitic texture [Option ID $=8318$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Fragments of oceanic lithosphere emplaced on a continent [Option ID = 8314]

38) Which of the following deep sea sediments is often part of ophiolite suites
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[Option ID = 8325]
3. Radiolarian chert
[Option ID = 8327]
4. Pteropod ooze
[Option ID = 8329]
Correct Answer :-

- Radiolarian chert
[Option ID = 8327]

39) When does the Intertropical convergence Zone reach its most northerly location?
[Question ID = 2084]
1. July [Option ID $=8330$ ]
2. April [Option ID $=8332$ ]
3. January [Option ID = 8334]
4. October [Option $I D=8336$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- July [Option ID = 8330]

40) Ocean acidification is gradually increasing with time as a result of
[Question ID = 2087]
1. Photosynthesis [Option ID $=8340$ ]
2. Increasing pollution [Option ID $=8343$ ]
3. Upwelling [Option ID $=8344$ ]
4. Increasing atmospheric $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ concentrations [Option ID = 8345]

## Correct Answer :-

- Increasing atmospheric $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ concentrations [Option ID $=8345$ ]

41) The Ice-rafted debris-rich layers in the North Atlantic during Quaternary are referred to

## [Question ID = 2088]

1. ENSO events
[Option ID = 8346]
2. Monsoonal events
[Option ID = 8347]
3. Heinrich events
[Option ID = 8349]
4. Interstadial events
[Option ID = 8351]
Correct Answer :-

- Heinrich events
[Option ID = 8349]

42) Because of difference in density, Icebergs float for a distance of several kilometers in sea before its gets completely melted. The difference in density between ice formed of pure water and sea water is
[Question ID = 2090]
1. $0.005 \mathrm{gm} / \mathrm{cc}$
[Option ID = 8354]
2. $0.105 \mathrm{gm} / \mathrm{cc}$
[Option ID = 8356]
3. $01.05 \mathrm{gm} / \mathrm{cc}$
[Option ID = 8358]
4. $0.015 \mathrm{gm} / \mathrm{cc}$
[Option ID = 8359]

## Correct Answer :-

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4. A bell-shaped curve [Option ID $=8368$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- A high-gradient straight line [Option ID = 8367]

44) Sandy coastline with an extensive area of beach directly adjacent to the coastal plain is termed a
[Question ID = 2094]
1. Shoreface [Option ID $=8370$ ]
2. Chenier [Option ID $=8371$ ]
3. Foreshore [Option ID $=8372$ ]
4. Strand plain [Option ID = 8374]

Correct Answer :-

- Strand plain [Option ID = 8374]

45) We get botryoidal cement geometry in carbonate that has gone through
[Question ID = 2096]
1. Vadose diagenesis [Option ID $=8378$ ]
2. Deep burial diagenesis [Option ID $=8379$ ]
3. Phreatic diagenesis [Option ID $=8380$ ]
4. Sea floor diagenesis [Option ID $=8381$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Sea floor diagenesis [Option ID = 8381]


## 46) We get grain flows commonly in

[Question ID = 2097]

1. Moderately sorted granular sediments [Option ID $=8382$ ]
2. Ill sorted granular sediments [Option ID = 8383]
3. Well sorted granular sediments [Option ID $=8384$ ]
4. Clayey sediments [Option ID $=8385$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Well sorted granular sediments [Option ID = 8384]

47) If ' $F$ ' represents direction of Earth's magnetic field at any station, the local magnetic meridian at that station will be [Question ID = 2098]
1. A plane assuming an angle between ' $F$ ' and its horizontal projection ' H ' [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8386$ ]
2. A vertical plane passing through ' $F$ ' and its horizontal projection ' H ' [Option ID $=8387$ ]
3. A plane that holds ' $F$ ' [Option $I D=8388$ ]
4. A plane that passes through ' $F$ ' and magnetic north of the Earth [Option ID $=8389$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- A vertical plane passing through ' $F$ ' and its horizontal projection 'H' [Option ID = 8387]

48) We call a flow 'in phase' flow when
[Question ID = 2099]
1. Reynold number of flow is $>2000$
[Option ID = 8390]
2. Reynold number of flow is $<2000$
[Option ID = 8391]
3. Froud number of flow is $<1$
[Option ID = 8392]
4. Froud number of flow is $>1$
[Option ID = 8393]

## Correct Answer :-

- Froud number of flow is >1
[Option ID = 8393]

49) We can expect forearc sandstones as
[Question ID = 2100]
2. Quartzofeldspathic in nature [Option ID = 8395]
3. Quartzolithic in nature [Option ID $=8396$ ]
4. Feldspathic in nature [Option ID = 8397]
 the two can be best described as
[Question ID = 2101]
5. Nonconformity [Option ID $=8398$ ]
6. Paraconformity [Option ID $=8399$ ]
7. Disconformity [Option ID $=8400$ ]
8. Angular unconformity [Option ID $=8401$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Nonconformity [Option ID = 8398]

51) 

Question ID = 2102]

1. Convolute lamination and overturned cross-stratification [Option ID $=8402$ ]
2. Load cast and convolute lamination [Option ID $=8403$ ]
3. Flame structure and overturned cross-stratification [Option ID $=8404$ ]
4. Load cast and Flame structure [Option ID = 8405]

## Correct Answer :-

- Convolute lamination and overturned cross-stratification [Option ID = 8402]

52) When streams appear to be far too small with respect to their valley, they are called as
[Question ID = 2103]
1. Paleochannel [Option ID $=8406$ ]
2. Inland stream [Option ID $=8407$ ]
3. Misfit stream [Option ID $=8408$ ]
4. Seasonal stream [Option ID $=8409$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Misfit stream [Option ID = 8408]

53) Fracturing of the ground by thermal contraction at sub-freezing temperature is called as
[Question ID = 2104]
1. Fracking [Option ID $=8410$ ]
2. Desiccation cracking [Option ID = 8411]
3. Frost cracking [Option ID $=8412$ ]
4. Dilation cracking [Option ID $=8413$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Frost cracking [Option ID = 8412]

54) Which of the following features could help you identify the presence of glaciers in a region in the past?
[Question ID = 2105]
1. Chatter marks
[Option ID = 8414]
2. Terminal moraine
[Option ID = 8415]
3. Drumlins
[Option ID = 8416]
4. All of these
[Option ID = 8417]
Correct Answer :-

- All of these
[Option ID = 8417]

55) Which of the following statements is true?
[Question ID = 2106]
1. Sand has higher porosity than clay
[Option ID = 8418]
2. Mud has higher porosity than sand
[Option ID = 8419]
3. Mud has higher permeability than sand
[Option ID = 8420]
4. None of these

Option ID $=8420$ ]
56) The increase in velocity leads to a drop in pressure above the grain and is known as the [Question ID = 2107]

1. Bernoulli effect [Option ID $=8422$ ]
2. Stokes effect [Option ID $=8423$ ]
3. Chezy's effect [Option ID $=8424$ ]
4. Mannings effect [Option ID $=8425$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Bernoulli effect [Option ID $=8422$ ]


## 57) Darcy law states that

[Question ID = 2108]

1. Velocity is inversely proportional to hydraulic gradient [Option ID $=8426$ ]
2. Velocity is directly proportional to hydraulic gradient [Option ID $=8427$ ]
3. Velocity is not related to the hydraulic gradient [Option ID = 8428]
4. Velocity is proportional to specific yield [Option ID $=8429$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Velocity is directly proportional to hydraulic gradient [Option ID = 8427]


## 58) In which environment will you find maximum soil thickness?

[Question ID = 2109]

1. Temperate
[Option ID = 8430]
2. Semi-arid
[Option ID = 8431]
3. Tropical
[Option ID = 8432]
4. None of these
[Option ID $=8433$ ]
Correct Answer :-

- Tropical
[Option ID = 8432]

59) UTM in GIS stands for
[Question ID = 2110]
1. Universal Transverse Mercator
[Option ID = 8434]
2. Unclassified Thematic Map
[Option ID = 8435]
3. Universal Tasseled Map
[Option ID = 8436]
4. None of these
[Option ID = 8437]
Correct Answer :-

- Universal Transverse Mercator
[Option ID = 8434]

60) The dimension of Storativity is
[Question ID = 2111]
1. $\mathrm{LT}^{-1}$ [Option ID $=8438$ ]
2. $L^{2} T^{-1}$ [Option ID $\left.=8439\right]$
3. $\mathrm{L}^{3} \mathrm{~T}^{-1}[$ Option ID $=8440]$
4. Dimensionless [Option ID $=8441$ ]


## 63) Bijli rhyolite is associated with

[Question ID = 2114]

1. Singhbhum craton [Option ID $=8450$ ]
2. Bastar craton [Option ID $=8451$ ]
3. Dharwar craton [Option ID $=8452$ ]
4. Aravalli craton [Option ID $=8453$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Bastar craton [Option ID = 8451]

64) Best quality of Indian coking coal is produced from:
[Question ID = 2115]
1. Jharia coalfield [Option ID $=8454$ ]
2. Bokaro coalfield [Option ID $=8455$ ]
3. Raniganj coalfield [Option ID $=8456$ ]
4. Jabalpur coalfield [Option ID $=8457$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Raniganj coalfield [Option ID = 8456]

65) Graptolites disappeared at the end of:
[Question ID = 2116]
1. Cambrian [Option ID $=8458$ ]
2. Silurian [Option ID $=8459$ ]
3. Ordovician [Option ID $=8460$ ]
4. Carboniferous [Option ID $=8461$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Silurian [Option ID = 8459]

66) Taphonomy is the science dealing with
[Question ID = 2117]
1. Study of the conditions of burial of fossils [Option ID $=8462$ ]
2. Reconstruction of paleoenvironment by means of fossils [Option ID $=8463$ ]
3. Mode of preservation of fossils [Option ID $=8464$ ]
4. Study of fossil spore and pollens [Option ID $=8465$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Mode of preservation of fossils [Option ID = 8464]

67) Which of the following biostratigraphic zone shows time correlative plane?
[Question ID = 2118]
1. Acme biozone [Option ID $=8466$ ]
2. Interval biozone [Option ID $=8467$ ]
3. Lineage biozone [Option ID $=8468$ ]
4. Assemblage biozone [Option ID $=8469$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Lineage biozone [Option ID = 8468]


## 68) A disconformity indicates

## [Question ID = 2119]

1. A rock unit that does not contain fossils [Option ID $=8$ WOWW.FirstRanker.com
2. An erosional surface between igneous and metamorphic rocks [Option ID = 8471]
3. An erosional surface between different rock types [Option ID $=8472$ ]
70) Stratigraphic succession in Deccan trap is erected with the help of
[Question ID = 2121]
1. Giant plagioclase laths in basalt
[Option ID = 8478]
2. Inter-trappean and bole beds
[Option ID = 8479]
3. Magnetic reversal record in basalt
[Option ID = 8480]
4. All of these
[Option ID = 8481]
Correct Answer :-

- All of these
[Option ID = 8481]

71) An influent stream has
[Question ID = 2122]
1. Water in the stream at higher elevation than water table elevation [Option ID $=8482$ ]
2. Water in the stream at lower elevation than water table elevation [Option ID = 8483]
3. Water in the stream at equal elevation to the water table elevation [Option ID = 8484]
4. No water flows on either side [Option ID $=8485$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Water in the stream at higher elevation than water table elevation [Option ID = 8482]

72) The $\sim 30 \%$ of the sedimentary shell of Earth is marked by
[Question ID = 2123]
1. Shale [Option ID $=8486$ ]
2. Sandstone [Option ID $=8487$ ]
3. Conglomerate [Option ID $=8488$ ]
4. Limestone [Option ID = 8489]

Correct Answer :-

- Sandstone [Option ID = 8487]

73) The incipient stage weathering is marked by
[Question ID = 2124]
1. Smectite-Vermiculite
[Option ID = 8490]
2. Illite-Chlorite
[Option ID = 8491]
3. Illite-Kaolinite
[Option ID = 8492]
4. Kaolinite-chlorite
[Option ID = 8493]
Correct Answer :-

- Smectite-Vermiculite

Correct Answer :-

- Antidune [Option ID = 8496]

75) Which of the following statement is related to the formation of polymictic conglomerate?

## [Question ID = 2126]

1. Many single types of clasts [Option ID $=8498$ ]
2. Continuous recycling [Option ID = 8499]
3. Rapid erosion, transportation and deposition [Option ID $=8500$ ]
4. Quartzose conglomerates [Option ID = 8501]

## Correct Answer :-

- Rapid erosion, transportation and deposition [Option ID = 8500]

76) The lateral accretion in a meandering channel refers to
[Question ID = 2127]
1. Overbank depositions, [Option ID $=8502$ ]
2. Levees formation [Option ID $=8503$ ]
3. Point bar formation [Option ID $=8504$ ]
4. Formation of soils [Option ID $=8505$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Point bar formation [Option ID $=8504$ ]

77) Which of the following plant fossil is found in Upper Gondwana?

## [Question ID = 2128]

1. Glossopteris [Option ID $=8506$ ]
2. Schizoneura [Option ID $=8507$ ]
3. Nilssonia [Option ID $=8508$ ]
4. Vertebraria [Option ID $=8509$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Nilssonia [Option ID = 8508]


## 78) The Kosi alluvail fan is a:

[Question ID = 2129]

1. Small arid alluvail fan [Option ID $=8510$ ]
2. Large arid alluvail fan [Option ID $=8511$ ]
3. Very large humid alluvail fan [Option ID $=8512$ ]
4. Very small humid alluvail fan [Option ID $=8513$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Very large humid alluvail fan [Option ID = 8512]

79) The youngest of the major thrust sheets across the Himalaya is
[Question ID = 2130]
1. MBT [Option ID $=8514$ ]
2. MCT [Option ID $=8515$ ]
3. ITSZ [Option ID $=8516$ ]
4. MFT [Option ID $=8517$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- MFT [Option ID = 8517]

80) The plagioclase with $\mathrm{An}_{10}$ to $\mathrm{An}_{30}$ is known as
[Question ID = 2131]
1. Albite [Option ID $=8518$ ]
2. Oligoclase [Option ID $=8519$ ]
3. Andesine [Option ID $=8520$ ]
4. Anorthite [Option ID $=8521$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Oligoclase [Option ID = 8519]

81) Which of the following is not a monoclinic pyroxene?
[Question ID = 2132]
1.ـDiopside [Option_1D = 8522]
2. Spodumene [Option ID = 8523]
3. Enstatite [Option ID = 8524]
4. Jadeite [Option ID $=8525$ ]

[Question ID = 2133]
5. $4 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8526$ ]
6. $8 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ [Option ID $=8527$ ]
7. $12 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ [Option ID $=8528$ ]
8. $16 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ [Option ID $=8529$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- $4 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ [Option ID $=8526$ ]

83) The Toba ash after the large volcanic eruption in Sumatra occurred at
[Question ID = 2134]
1. 10 ka [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8530$ ]
2. 25 ka [Option ID $=8531$ ]
3. 50 ka [Option ID $=8532$ ]
4. 75 ka [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8533$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- 75 ka [Option ID = 8533]

84) The youngest Stage on the geological time scale is defined by
[Question ID = 2135]
1. Greenlandian [Option ID $=8534$ ]
2. Meghalayan [Option ID $=8535$ ]
3. Northgrippian [Option ID $=8536$ ]
4. Calabrian [Option ID $=8537$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Meghalayan [Option ID = 8535]

85) The Archaean-Proterozoic transition is marked at
[Question ID = 2136]
1. 4000 Ma [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8538$ ]
2. 3000 Ma [Option ID $=8539$ ]
3. 2500 Ma [Option ID $=8540$ ]
4. 1000 Ma [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8541$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- 2500 Ma [Option ID = 8540]

86) Permian- Triassic extinction occurred at about
[Question ID = 2137]
1. 250 Ma [Option ID $=8542$ ]
2. 350 Ma [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8543$ ]
3. 450 Ma [Option ID $=8544$ ]
4. 200 Ma [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8545$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- 250 Ma [Option ID $=8542$ ]

87) The average depth of the oceans is about
[Question ID = 2138]
1. 1.5 km [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8546$ ]
2. 2.5 km [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8547$ ]
3. 3.5 km [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8548$ ]
4. 4.5 km [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8549$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- 3.5 km [Option ID = 8548]

88) Which of the following tectonic units separates the Vindhyan supergroup and the Archaean supracrustal in the north western India?
[Question ID = 2139]
1. Main Central Thrust (MCT) [Option ID $=8550$ ]
2. Himalayan Frontal Thrust (HFT) [Option ID = 8551]
3. Central India Tectonic Zone (CITZ) [Option ID $=8552$ ]
4. Great Boundary Fault (GBF) [Option ID $=8553$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Rohtas Formation [Option ID $=8554$ ]

90) The Polarity chron C29R/C29N transition is related to
[Question ID = 2141]
1. K-T Boundary [Option ID $=8558$ ]
2. P-T Boundary [Option ID $=8559$ ]
3. Jurassic-Cretaceous boundary [Option ID $=8560$ ]
4. P-C boundary [Option ID $=8561$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- K-T Boundary [Option ID = 8558]

91) Which of the following is not related to Kimberlite?
[Question ID = 2142]
1. Wajrakurur [Option ID $=8562$ ]
2. Behradih [Option ID $=8563$ ]
3. Majhgawan [Option ID $=8564$ ]
4. Ambadonger [Option ID $=8565$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- Ambadonger [Option ID = 8565]

92) An aquifer bounded on top and bottom by impervious layers is:
[Question ID = 2143]
1. Semiconfined aquifer [Option ID $=8566$ ]
2. Unconfined aquifer [Option ID = 8567]
3. Confined aquifer [Option ID $=8568$ ]
4. Perched [Option ID = 8569]

Correct Answer :-

- Confined aquifer [Option ID $=8568$ ]

93) The polymetallic nodules at the abyssal floor are dominated by
[Question ID = 2144]
1. Mn -Fe [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8570$ ]
2. $\mathrm{Cu}-\mathrm{Ni}$ [Option ID $=8571$ ]
3. $\mathrm{Pb}-\mathrm{Zn}[$ Option $\mathrm{ID}=8572$ ]
4. Co-Ni [Option ID = 8573]

Correct Answer :-

- Mn-Fe [Option ID = 8570]

94) The average salinity of the oceans is about
[Question ID = 2145]
1. $1.0 \%$ [Option ID $=8574$ ]
2. $2.0 \%[$ Option $\mathrm{ID}=8575]$
3. $3.5 \%[$ Option ID $=8576$ ]
4. $5.0 \%[$ Option ID $=8577]$

## Correct Answer :-

- $3.5 \%$ [Option ID $=8576$ ]

95) Which of the following is true for the river water?
[Question ID = 2146]
1. $\mathrm{HCO}_{3}>\mathrm{SO}_{4}>\mathrm{Cl}$
[Option ID $=8578$ ]
2. $\mathrm{HCO}_{3}=\mathrm{SO}_{4}=\mathrm{Cl}$
[Option ID = 8579]
3. $\mathrm{HCO} 3<\mathrm{SO} 4<\mathrm{Cl}$
4. $\mathrm{Cl}>\mathrm{HCO}_{3}>\mathrm{SO}_{4}$
www.FirstRanker.com
96) Which of the following is true for the ocean water?
[Question ID = 2147]
1. $\mathrm{Ca}>\mathrm{Na}>\mathrm{Mg}$ [Option ID $=8582$ ]
2. $\mathrm{Na}>\mathrm{Mg}>\mathrm{Ca}$ [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8583$ ]
3. $\mathrm{Mg}>\mathrm{Ca}>\mathrm{Na}$ [Option ID $=8584$ ]
4. $\mathrm{Ca}>\mathrm{Mg}>\mathrm{Na}$ [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8585$ ]

Correct Answer :-

- $\mathrm{Na}>\mathrm{Mg}>\mathrm{Ca}$ [Option $\mathrm{ID}=8583]$

97) Calcite is a uniaxial (-ve) mineral, because for calcite
[Question ID = 2148]
1. $\mathrm{nE}<\mathrm{nO}$
[Option ID = 8586]
2. $\mathrm{nE}=\mathrm{nO}$
[Option ID = 8587]
3. $\mathrm{nE}>\mathrm{nO}$
[Option ID = 8588]
4. $n E \gg n O$
[Option ID = 8589]
Correct Answer :-

- $\mathrm{nE}<\mathrm{nO}$
[Option ID = 8586]


## 98) Nicol prism is characterized by

## [Question ID = 2149]

1. Total reflection of extra-ordinary rays but transmission of ordinary ray [Option ID = 8590]
2. Total reflection of ordinary rays but transmission of extra- ordinary ray [Option ID $=8591$ ]
3. Total reflection of both ordinary ray and the extra-ordinary ray [Option ID $=8592$ ]
4. Transmission of both ordinary ray and the extra-ordinary ray [Option ID $=8593$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- Total reflection of ordinary rays but transmission of extra- ordinary ray [Option ID = 8591]

99) A fluvial system in general is defined by

## [Question ID = 2150]

1. Catchment [Option ID $=8594$ ]
2. Transport [Option ID $=8595$ ]
3. Deposition [Option $I D=8596$ ]
4. Catchment + Transport + Deposition [Option ID = 8597]

## Correct Answer :-

- Catchment + Transport + Deposition [Option ID = 8597]


## 100) The PETM event is defined by [Question ID = 2151]

1. $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ rise in temperature at 55 Ma [Option ID $=8598$ ]
2. $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ cooling in temperature at 65 Ma [Option ID $=8599$ ]
3. $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $16{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ rise in temperature at 55 Ma [Option ID $=8600$ ]
4. $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $16{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ cooling in temperature at 65 Ma [Option ID $=8601$ ]

## Correct Answer :-

- $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $6{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ rise in temperature at 55 Ma [Option ID $=8598$ ]

