



PG – 914

I Semester M.B.A. Degree Examination, February 2017

(CBCS)

MANAGEMENT

Paper – 1.3 : Accounting for Managers

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

SECTION – A

Answer any five of the following questions. Each question carries five marks. (5×5=25)

1. What is GAAP ? Explain the need for GAAP.
2. Explain the factors influencing depreciation.
3. Explain various sources of information for decision making to the stake holders of the Company.
4. Explain how product price is fixed under :
 - i) Traditional costing
 - ii) Target costing.

5.	Sales Rs.	Profit Rs.
Year – 1	10,00,000	2,00,000
Year – 2	15,00,000	4,00,000

You are required to calculate :

- i) P.V. Ratio
- ii) Fixed cost
- iii) Break even sales volume
- iv) Sales to earn a profit of Rs. 3,00,000.

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6. From the following data prepare flexible budget for production of 40000 units and 60000 units of product 'X' distinctly showing variable cost and fixed cost as well as total cost.

	100000 units (per unit cost)
Direct Material	90
Direct Labour	45
Direct variable expenses	10
Manufacturing variable overhead	30
Fixed production overhead	10
Administration overhead (fixed)	5

7. Present the following information to show clearly to management :

- a) The marginal product cost and the contribution per unit.
b) The total contribution and profits resulting from each of the following mixtures.

	Product	
	A	B
Direct Material	10	9
Direct wages	3	2
Variable expenses 100% of direct wages for both products		
Selling price	20	15
Fixed expenses 800		

Sales mixtures :

- a) 100 units of product A and 200 of B
b) 150 units of product A and 150 of B
c) 200 units of product A, and 100 of B.

SECTION – B

Answer any three of the following questions. Each question carries 10 marks. (3×10=30)

8. What is window dressing of financial statements ? Explain the motives and forms of window dressing.



9. "Costs may be classified in a variety of ways according to their nature and the information needs of management". Explain and discuss this statement giving examples of classification required for different purposes.
10. A company having a net working capital of Rs. 2,80,000 as 31-3-2015 indicates the following financial ratios and performance figures :
- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|
| Current ratio | 2.4 |
| Liquidity ratio | 1.6 |
| Inventory turnover (on cost of sales) | 8 |
| Gross profit on sales | 20% |
| Credit allowed (months) | 1.5 |
- The company's fixed assets is equivalent to 90% of its net worth (share capital plus reserves) while reserves amounted 40% of share capital. Prepare the imaginary Balance Sheet of a company as on 31-3-2015 showing step by step calculation.
11. From the following information prepare Cash Flow Statement according to A.S – 3 (Indirect Method) :

Comparative Balance Sheet Excellent Ltd.

Liabilities and Capital	As at 31-3-2006 Rs.	As at 31-3-2005 Rs.	Assets	As at 31-3-2006 Rs.	As at 31-3-2005 Rs.
Share capital	50,00,000	40,00,000	Fixed Assets	31,00,000	30,00,000
Reserves and Surplus	15,00,000	5,00,000	Investments	1,50,000	—
Secured Loans	35,00,000	40,00,000	Cash and Bank	2,50,000	1,25,000
Current Liabilities	50,00,000	60,00,000	Balances	2,50,000	1,25,000
			Stocks, Stores,		
			Work-in-Progress	75,00,000	78,75,000
			Sundry Debtors	40,00,000	35,00,000
	1,50,00,000	1,45,00,000		1,50,00,000	1,45,00,000

- i) The net profit for the year after adjustment in respect of provisions for dividends and taxation was Rs. 10,00,000.
- ii) There was addition to Fixed Assets during the year amounting to Rs. 4,00,000 and Depreciation for the year was Rs. 3,00,000.



SECTION – C

12. Case study : Compulsory. (1×15=15)

Prepare a Balance Sheet in a vertical form as at 31-3-2016 from the following information of XYZ Ltd. as required under Part I – B of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013.

Term loans	10,00,000	Sundry debtors	12,25,000
Sundry creditors	11,45,000	Miscellaneous expenses	58,000
Advances	3,72,000	Loans from debtors	2,00,000
Cash and bank balances	2,75,000	Provision for doubtful debts	20,200
Staff advances	55,000	Stores	4,00,000
Provision for taxation	1,70,000	Fixed assets (WDV)	51,50,000
Share premium	4,75,000	Finished goods	7,50,000
Loose tools	50,000	General reserve	20,50,000
Investments	2,25,200	Capital work-in-progress	2,00,000
Loss for the year	3,00,000		

Additional Information :

- 1) Share capital consists of :
 - a) 3,000 equity shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid up.
 - b) 10,000 – 10% redeemable preference shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid up.
- 2) Term loans are secured.
- 3) Depreciation on assets Rs. 5,00,000.