

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Books)

Paper ID : 199221

Roll No.

## B. TECH.

## Theory Examination (Semester-II) 2015-16 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

## Section-A

- Q.1 Attempt all parts. All parts carry equal marks. Write answer of each part is Short. (2×10=20)
- a. Boiling Point of water (H<sub>2</sub>O) is higher than that of by dragen Fluoride (HF). Explain why.
- Define the Symmetry elements of a crystal. Explain the lathice plane and the unit cell in sodium chloride crystals.
- c. Account for the fine structure in H-NMR Spectrum of C-H protons in ethanol (CH<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>2</sub> OH).
- d. Natural Rubber needs wuleanizations. Give Reasons.

(1) P.T.O. 2305/**82**/1423/35575

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ww.Firs er.co	Write short note on biomass.	$g$ (i) $S_N^{-1}$ lead by racemic mixture. Where as $S_N^{-2}$ gives rise to inverted product.	COLL
W	Section-B	(ii) Optical isomerism of lactic acid.	
Q.2	2 Attempt any five parts from the following $(10 \times 5 = 50)$	<ul> <li>Define infrared spectroscopy? Describe the various molecular vibrations in the technique.</li> </ul>	SP
COM Rank <sub>p</sub>	The density of Nacl is 2.163 g/cc. Calculate the edge of its cubic cell, assuming that four molecules of Nacl are associated	Section-C	
rstl			
ke oice verir	Calculate the mass of air needed for complete combustion of	Q.3 Attempt any two questions from this section $(15\times2=30)$	
Ran ker's che		<ul><li>(a) What are the fullerenes? Discuss their properties and uses.</li></ul>	
First Firstrank	Explain the corrosion phenomenou involving oxide film growth law.	(b) Calculate the bond order of $N_2$ -, CO, NO, and $O_2^+$ .	
RF	(2)	(3) P.T.O.	
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- Q.4 (a) How is the calorimetes experiments?
  - (b) Why is it conventional of express hardness of water in terms of CaCo<sub>3</sub> at the international level? Write other units also.
- (a) What are corrosion unhibitor? Explain with examples how anodic and cathodic inhibitor provide protection against corrosion.
  - (b) Sample of coal contains C=93%, H=6% and ash=1%. The following data was obtained when the above coal was tested in bomb calorimeter.
    - (i) Wt. of coal burnt=0.92 g
    - (ii) Wt of water taken=2200g.
    - (iii) Water equivalent of bomb calorimetes=550g
    - (iv) Rise in temperature=2.42°C
    - (v) Fuse wire correction = 10.0 cal
    - (vi) Acid correction = 50.0 cal.

Calculate gross and net calorific value of the coal, assuming the latent heat of condensation of steam as 580 cal/g.

(c) Explain Zeolite process of water softering.

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