

| Printed Pages: 4 | AS-203 |
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| (Following Paper II) | and Roll No. to be filled in your answer Books) |
| Paper ID: 199203 | Roll No. |
| | в.тесн. |
| Theory Examin | nation (Semester-II) 2015-16 |
| ENGINE | ERING CHEMISTRY |
| Time: 3 Hours | Max. Mar : 100 |
| | Section-A |
| O.1 Attempt all parts. | All parts carry equal marks. |

 $(2\times10=20)$

- On the basis of MOT, prove that the molecule of oxygen is a. paramagnetic in nature.
- Describe the isomerism exhibited by maleic and fumaric acids. b.
- What is chemical shift? Explain. c.
- d. Define the terms chromosphere and auxochrome in UV shectroscopy.

1 (1) P.T.O.



- e. What is inductive effect? Give any two examples where this effect is operative.
- f. Explain why benzyl carbonium ion is more stable than ethyl carbonium ion is more stable than ethyl carbonium ion.
- g. Define reverse ormosis and calgon conditioning.
- h. What are disadvantages of scale formation?
- i. How will you synthesise or/on from acetylene?
- Differentiate between addition holymerisation and condensation holymerisation with suitable examples.

Section-B

- 2. Attempt any five parts from this section. $(10 \times 5 = 50)$
- With the help of molecular orbital diagram, calculate the bond order of the following:-

$$He^{2+}$$
, O_2^{2-} , NO, HF and N_2^{2-}

- Discuss in detail the case of an organic compound with two chiral centres.
- 1 (2) P.T.O.

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- c. What is Beer Lambert law in UV-Vis-abrorption shectroscopy? A compound having concentration 10⁻³ gll resulted abserbance value 0.20 at the λmax 510 nm using 1.0 cm. cell. Calculate its abrorhtivity and molar abserptivity values. Molecular weight of compound is 400/200.
- Give the mechanism of SN¹ and SN² organic reaction.
- Describe ion-exchange process of softening of water.
- f. Write note no:-
 - Reverse ormosis
 - (ii) Boiler corrosion
- g. Describe the process of galvanization of iron. How does it prevent the corrosion of iron?
- What is ziegler-Natta catalyst-? What is its significance in polymerization.

Section-C

Attempt any two questions from this section.

 $(15 \times 2 = 30)$

- Q.3 (a) What are carrosion inhibitar? Explain with examples how anodic and cathodic inhibitar provide protection against carrosion.
- 1 (3) P.T.O.

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