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B.TECH.

THEORY EXAMINATION (SEM–II) 2016-17 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Note: Be precise in your answer. In case of numerical problem assume data wherever not provided.

SECTION - A

1. Explain the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What do you understand by temporary and permanent hardness of water.
- (b) Why β carotene absorbs light in visible region?
- (c) Explain why the value of NCV is greater than GCV.
- (d) Explain the bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals.
- (e) Define polymer and polymerization.
- **(f)** What is unit cell? What are its types?
- **(g)** What is meant by elastomers?
- (h) Calculate the bond order of O_2 ?
- (i) Predict the number of signals in CH₃CH₂OH.
- (j) Explain Priming and Foaming.

SECTION - B

2. Attempt any five of the following questions:

 $5 \times 10 = 50$

- (a) (i) What is metallic bond? Explain it on the basis of Molecular Orbital theory.
 - (ii) With the help of MO diagram, calculate the bond order, nature of the following: $N_2 \& O_2$
- **(b)** (i) Differentiate between addition and condensation polymerization with suitable examples?
 - (ii) Write the method of preparation for the following polymers:
 - (i) PMMA
- (ii) Orlon
- (iii) Polystyrene
- (c) (i) Discuss the Zeolite method for water softening.
 - (ii) The hardness of 1000 liters of a water sample was completely removed by passing it through a zeolite softener. The softener then required 30 liters of NaCl solution containing 1.5 g/l of NaCl for regeneration. Calculate the hardness of the sample of water.
- (d) (i) Write possible optical isomers in tartaric acid.
 - (ii) What is the difference between enantionmers and diastereoisomers?
- (e) (i) Define the terms chromophore and auxochrome in UV spectroscopy.
 - (ii) A compound having concentration 10^{-3} g/l resulted absorbance value 0.20 at λ_{max} 510 nm using 1.0 cell. Calculate it absorptivity and molar absorptivity values. Molecular weight of compound is 400.
- (f) What is electrochemical corrosion? Write down the mechanism involved in electrochemical corrosion. Calculate the amount of rust (Fe₂O₃.3H₂O) formed by complete rusting of 1 kg of iron.
- (g) Describe the structure of graphite. How it acts as conductor of electricity. Show, how does the $\mathbf{S_N}^2$ reaction give rise to inverted product while $\mathbf{S_N}^1$ reaction gives a racemic mixture.
- (h) Show, how does the S_N^2 reaction give rise to inverted product while S_N^1 reaction gives a racemic mixture.



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www.FirstRanker.com $2 \times 15 = 30$

Attempt any two of the following questions:

- What is biogas? How biogas is produced? With the help of diagram, explain Biogas Plant.
 - (ii) What is potable water? What are its chemical requirements?
- 4 (i) What are bio degradable polymers? Discuss their applications?
 - (ii) How do you prepare the following polymers? (a) Bakelite (b) Perspex (c) Cis-1,4-polyisoprene cross linked through non metal
- 5 (i) For a XY_2 bent molecule show various types of stretching and bending vibrations in IR
 - (ii) Calculate temporary and total hardness of a water sample containing: Ca $(HCO_3)_2=17.4$ mg /lit, Mg $(HCO_3)_2=9.3$ mg/lit, CaSO₄ = 12.6 mg/lit and MgCl₂ = 8.7 mg /lit.

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