## B. TECH.

## THEORY EXAMINATION (SEM-II) 2016-17

## ELEMENTARY MATHEMATICS - II

Time : 3 Hours
Max. Marks : 70
Note : Be precise in your answer.

## SECTION - A

1. Attempt all parts of the following questions:
(a) Evaluate $\int\left(x^{2}+1\right) d x$.
(b) Find the order and degree of the differential equation $x \frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+\left(\frac{d y}{d x}\right)^{2}-y \frac{d y}{d x}=0$.
(c) Find unit vector in the direction of the vector $\vec{a}=2 i+3 j+k$.
(d) If a line has direction ratios $2,-1,-2$, determine its direction cosines.
(e) Find magnitude of the vector $\vec{a}=i+j+k$.
(f) $\int_{0}^{1} e^{x} d x$.
(g) Write formula for equation of line passing through a given point and parallel to a given vector.

## SECTION - B

2. Attempt any three parts of the following questions:
(a) Find the area of a triangle having the points, $\mathrm{A}(1,1,1), \mathrm{B}(1,2,3)$ and $\mathrm{C}(2,3,1)$ as its vertices.
(b) Find the solution of the differential equation $\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{1+y^{2}}{1+x^{2}}$.
(c) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{\tan ^{-1} x}{1+x^{2}} d x$.
(d) (d) Find the vector equations of the plane passing through the points $\mathrm{R}(2,5,-3), \mathrm{S}(-2$, $3,5)$ and $T(5,3,-3)$.
(e) Show that the vectors $\vec{a}=2 i-3 j+4 k$ and $\vec{b}=-4 i+6 j-8 k$ are collinear.

## SECTION - C

3. Attempt any two parts of the following:

$$
\left(3_{2}^{1} \times 2=7\right)
$$

(a) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1}\left(x^{\frac{3}{2}}+e^{x}+\sin x\right) d x$.
(b) Evaluate $\int x \log x d x$.
(c) Find the area enclosed by the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}=a^{2}$.
4. Attempt any two parts of the following:

$$
\left(3_{2}^{1} \times 2=7\right)
$$

(a) Verify that $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{e}^{-3 \mathrm{x}}$ is a solution of the differential equation $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+\frac{d y}{d x}-6 y=0$.
(b) Find the general solution of the differential equation $\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{x+1}{2-y}$

5. Attempt any two parts of the following:
(a) Find projection of the vector $\vec{a}=2 i+3 j+2 k$ on the vector $\vec{b}=i+2 j+k$.
(b) Find $\vec{a} \times \vec{b}$ if $\vec{a}=2 i+j+3 k$ and $\vec{b}=3 i+5 j-2 k$.
(c) Find angle between the vectors $\vec{a}=i+j-k$ and $\vec{b}=i-j+k$.
6. Attempt any two parts of the following:
$\left(3_{2}^{1} \times 2=7\right)$
(a) Find the vector equation for the line passing through the points $(-1,0,2)$ and $(3,4,6)$.
(b) Find the equation of the plane with intercepts 2,3 and 4 on the $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ and z -axis respectively.
(c) Find the angle between the two planes $2 \mathrm{x}+\mathrm{y}-2 \mathrm{z}=5$ and $3 \mathrm{x}-6 \mathrm{y}-2 \mathrm{z}=7$ using vector method.
7. Attempt any two parts of the following:
$\left(3_{2}^{1} \times 2=7\right)$
(a) If $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})=\frac{7}{13}, \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})=\frac{9}{13}$ and $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A} \cap \mathrm{B})=\frac{4}{13}$, evaluate $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A} \mid \mathrm{B})$ and $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{AUB})$.
(b) Ten cards numbered 1 to 10 are placed in a box, mixed up thoroughly and then one card is drawn randomly. If it is known that the number on the drawn card is more than 3 , what is the probability that it is an even number?
(c) An unbiased die is thrown twice. Let the event A be 'odd number on the first throw' and $B$ the event 'odd number on the second throw'. Check the independence of the events A and B.

