

Printed Pages: 4			427	EEC-301
(Fo	llow	ing Paper ID	and Roll N Answer B	o. to be filled in your ook)
Paper 1D : 131321			Roll No.	
_			B.Tech.	
	(SE	M. III) THEO	RYEXAMI	NATION, 2015-16
F	U <b>ND</b>	AMENTALS	OF ELECT	TRONICS DEVICES
[Time:3 hours]			1 12	[Total Marks:100]
			Section-A	
1.	Attempt all parts. All parts carry equal marks. Wri answer of each part in short. (2x10=20)  (a) What is degenerate semiconductor?			
	(b) Why metal semiconductor contacts are faster that that of conventional diode?			
	(c) Differentiate direct and indirect band g semiconductors.			
(d) What is ionized impurity scattering.			scattering.	
	(e)	How the effect of ionized impurity scattering is minimized in high electron mobility transistors?		
	(f)	Why 4th quad	rant is pref	erred for solar cells?
	(g)	What is flore	escence?	
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**a**)

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 $\Xi$ Comment over the conductivity of semiconductor

Define minority carrier diffusion length

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9 Why Fermi energy level moves toward the middle of energy gap with increasing temperature

## Section-B

Attempt any five Questions from this section. (10×5=50)

- current  $(I_x)$  are 12.5V and 1mA respectively. Magnetic Describe the Hall experiment in detail. Consider a Calculate the majority carrier concentration and mobility thickness 10-3 cm. External applied voltage and resulting semiconductor bar of length 10-1 cm, width 10-2 cm and field applied in z-direction have intensity of 5×10-2 tesla
- if Hall voltage is V<sub>H</sub>=-6.25mV.
- mechanism under the influence of electric field. Derive the equation governing the carrier flow

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- power incident on sample is 10mW, Calculate: hv=2ev. The absorption coefficient  $\alpha$  is  $5\times10^4$ cm<sup>-1</sup>. The of GaAs is illuminated with monochromatic light transmitted and absorbed power. A  $0.46 \mu$  m thick sample excitation in semiconductors. Derive the relation of Describe the excess carrier generation through photonic
- total energy absorbed by sample per second

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electrons to the lattice before recombination. Rate of excess thermal energy given up by

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number of photons per second given off from efficiency. recombination events, assuming perfect quantum

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- coefficient of semiconductor sample. derive the equation relation the mobility and diffusion Derive the diffusion current density equation. Also,
- With the help of neat diagram describe the operation of
- a square wave. minority carrier profile for a P+N diode if it is exited by Describe the transient variation of currrent, voltage and
- With the help of neat diagram describe the operation of I unnel diode.
- of photodiode? the significance of third and fourth quadrant operation Explain the V-I characteristics of a photodiode. What is

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## Section-C

Attempt any two questions from this section. (15x2=30)

Discuss the formation of PN junction diode. Derive the equation of contact potential and depletion region width for P\*N diode.

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- Describe the constructional feature of Bipolar Junction
   Transistor. Describe various current components and amplifiation ratios. Also, mention the base current controls mechanism.
- Describe in detail the operation of Shockley diode. Also, describe various triggering mechanism.

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