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**B.TECH.** 

# THEORY EXAMINATION (SEM–IV) 2016-17 INFORMATION THEORY AND CODING

## Time : 3 Hours

*Note* : Be precise in your answer. In case of numerical problem assume data wherever not provided.

#### **SECTION – A**

## **1.** Explain the following:

- (a) Draw the block diagram of communication system
- (b) At what condition entropy attains maximum value? Write the expression for source efficiency
- (c) Out of following code which one is non singular?

Source	<b>S</b> <sub>1</sub>	$S_2$	<b>S</b> <sub>3</sub>	<b>S</b> <sub>4</sub>
Code A	00	001	101	110
Code B	00	100	111	00

(d) List out

two important properties of mutual information

- (e) State Shannon Hartley Theorem with expression.
- (f) List out the properties of Block codes.
- (g) Find the hamming weight of two code vectors  $C_1=0001010$ , C2=1010101
- (h) What are convolutional codes? How is it different from block codes?
- (i) Obtain an Expression for zero memory information sources emitting independent sequence of symbols
- (j) Why (23, 12) Golay code is called Perfect code?

# SECTION - B

# 2. Attempt any five of the following questions:

- (a) (i) A source emits one of the four possible messages  $S_1$ ,  $S_2$ ,  $S_3$  and  $S_4$  with probabilities 4/11, 3/11, 2/11 and 2/11 respectively. Find the entropy of the source. List all the elements for the second extension of the source. Hence show that H (S<sup>2</sup>) =2 H(S).
  - (ii) Discuss the properties of Entropy
- (b) (i) Discuss External Property of Entropy with examples
  - (ii) Explain the need for source coding in communication system and discuss about compact code
- (c) (i) Consider the following  $S=\{X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, X_6\}$  with probability  $P=\{0.4, 0.2, 0.2, 0.1, 0.08, 0.02\}$ . Find the code words using Shannon fano Algorithm and efficiency of source
  - (ii) Clearly explain differential entropy of continuous signal. How it is different from entropy of discrete signals?
- (d) (i) Explain the properties of Mutual information.
  - (ii) For a Systematic (7, 4) linear block code, the parity matrix P is given by

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(A) Find all possible code vectors

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#### 5 x 10 = 50

#### $10 \ge 2 = 20$

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Max. Marks : 100



stranker's choice A single error  $\mathbf{R} = [1011100]$ 

- (e) (i) Discuss the data compression techniques
  - (ii) Consider the (4,3,2)code with input sequence  $u^1=(101)$ ,  $u^2=(110)$  and  $u^3=(011)$ . The corresponding input polynomials are  $u^{(1)}(D)=1+D^2$ ,  $u^{(2)}(D)=1+D$ . construct the codeword using transform domain approach.
- (f) (i) A transmitter has symbol consisting of five letters  $\{a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5\}$  and receiver as a symbol of four letters  $\{b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4\}$ . The joint probabilities of the system are given as

$$P(A, B) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.10 & 0.30 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.05 & 0.10 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.05 & 0.1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.05 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute H (A), H (B), H (A, B) and I(A,B).

- (ii) Discuss about (i) priori entropy (ii) Posteriori Entropy (iii) Equivocation
- (g) (i) Explain uniquely decodable code and optimal code.
  - (ii) An information source produces sequences of independent symbols having the following probabilities. Construct ternary code using Huffman coding procedure and find it efficiency.

А	В	С	D	E	F	G
1/3	1/27	1/3	1/9	1/9	1/27	1/27

(h) (i) Explain the Concept of Shortened Cyclic codes and Burst error correcting codes

(ii) A source produces sequence of symbols having the following probabilities.

А	В	С	D	E
0.25	0.25	0.2	0.15	0.15

Construct binary code using Shannon fano Elias coding procedure and find its Length and efficiency.

 $2 \ge 15 = 30$ 

# SECTION - C

# Attempt any two of the following questions:

3. (a) A Binary Symmetric Channel has following matrix with Source probabilities  $P(X_1) = 2/3$ ,  $P(X_2) = 1/3$ . Determine H(X), H(Y), H(Y/X) and Chanel capacity

$$P\left(\frac{Y}{X}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) Consider the four codes listed below. Identify the instantaneous codes using Kraft Mcmilan inequality theorem

Source symbol	Code A	Code B	Code C	Code D
<b>S</b> <sub>1</sub>	0	0	0	0
<b>S</b> <sub>2</sub>	100	10	100	10
<b>S</b> <sub>3</sub>	110	110	110	110
$S_4$	111	11	11	111

4. (a) Write a Short note On:

- (i) BCH codes and RS codes (ii) Golay codes
- (iii) Burst and Random Error correcting codes
- (b) A (6, 3) Linear block code has following check bit C4= $d_1+d_2$ , C<sub>5</sub>= $d_1+d_3$ , C<sub>6</sub>= $d_2+d_3$



5.

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- Discuss about hamming distance and minimum distance with good examples. Consider the (3,1,2) convolution codes with  $g^{(1)}=(110)$ ,  $g^{(2)}=(101)$  and  $g^{(3)}=(111)$ **(a)**
- **(b)** 
  - Draw the encoder diagram and find the generator matrix (i)
  - (ii) Find the codeword corresponding to the information sequence (11101) using time domain approach.

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