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B. TECH.

THEORY EXAMINATION (SEM-IV) 2016-17 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-III

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

SECTION - A

Attempt all parts of the following question:

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- (a) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{e^z}{z+1} dz$, where C is the circle |z| = 2
- **(b)** Prove that $f(z) = \sinh z$ is analytic
- (c) Prove that Modulation theorem $F\{f(x)\cos ax\} = \frac{1}{2}[f(s+a) + f(s-a)]$
- (d) Solve the Z-transform: $y_{k+2} + y_{k+1} 2y_k = 0$, $y_0 = 4y_1 = 0$
- (e) What is the meaning of Skewness?
- (f) Write Normal equation of $y = a + \frac{b}{x}$
- (g) Prove that $\Delta + \nabla = \frac{\Delta}{\nabla} \frac{\nabla}{\Delta}$
- (h) Find first approximation value of (17)^{1/3} by using Newton Raphson method
- (i) Using Picard's method, find the solution of $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$ upto the third approximation when x(0) = 0
- (j) Find y(0.1) using Euler's method given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \log(x+y)$ y(0) = 1.0

SECTION - B

Attempt any five parts of the following question:

 $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

(a) Prove that the function f(z) defined by $f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3(1+i)-y^3(1-i)}{x^2+y^2} & z \neq 0 \\ 0 & z = 0 \end{cases}$ is continuous

and the C.R. equations are satisfied at the origin, yet f'(0) does not exist.

- (b) Using Cauchy Integral formula to evaluate $\int_{C} \frac{e^{2z}}{(z+1)^4} dz$, where C is the circle |z| = 3.
- (c) Find the Fourier cosine transform of $\frac{1}{1+x^2}$ and then find Fourier sine transform of

$$\frac{x}{1+x^2}$$
.

(d) Find the multiple linear regression of X₁ on X₂ and X₃ from the data relating to three variables:

X_1	7	12	17	20
X_2	4	7	9	12
X3	I	2	- 5	- 8

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Firstranker's choice Find the root of the equation. FirstRanker; comp Regulation. FirstRanker; confour decimal places.

$$2x + 3y + z = 9$$

(f) Apply Crout's method and solve the system of equations x + 2y + 3z = 6

$$3x + y + 2z = 8$$

(g) Find the value y(1.1) using Runge-Kutta method of fourth order, given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = y^2 + xy, y(1) = 1.0, take \quad h = 0.05$

SECTION - C

Attempt any two questions of the following:

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

- 3. (i) Show that the function defined by $f(z) = \sqrt{|xy|}$ is not regular at the origin, although Cauchy-Riemann equations are satisfied
 - (ii) Evaluate: $\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{a + b \sin \theta} \text{ if } a > |b|$
 - (iii) Solve by Z-transform: $y_{k+2} 4y_{k+1} + 3y_k = 5^k$
- 4. (i) Using the convolution theorem, evaluate $Z^{-1}\left\{\frac{z^2}{(z-1)(z-3)}\right\}$
 - (ii) If the θ is the acute angle between the two regression lines in the case of two variables x and y, show that $\tan \theta = \frac{1-r^2}{r} \cdot \frac{\sigma_x \sigma_y}{\sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2}$, where r, σ_x, σ_y have their usual meanings. Explain the significance of the formula when r = 0 and $r = \pm 1$
 - (iii) By using χ²-test, find out whether there is any association between income level and type of schooling:

Social status Health	Poor	Rich	Total
Below Normal	130	20	150
Normal	102	108	210
Above Normal	24	96	120
Total M	256	224	480

(i) Find the missing figure in the following table

х	2	3	4	5	6
f(x)	45	49.2	54.1	?	67.4

(ii) Find a cubic polynomial which approximates the data:

		1.1		
X	-2	-1	2	3
y(x)	-12	-8	3	5

(iii) Find an approximate value of the $\log_e 5$ by calculating to four decimal places by Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rule, given $\int_0^5 \frac{dx}{4x+5}$