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B.TECH.

THEORY EXAMINATION (SEM-VI) 2016-17 APPROXIMATION AND RANDOMIZED ALGORITHMS

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Note: Be precise in your answer. In case of numerical problem assume data wherever not provided.

SECTION-A

1 Explain the following :

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- a) Define principle of optimality.
- b) Define linear programming
- Solve the recurrence relation, where T(1)=1 and T(n) for n>=2 satisfies T(n)=3T(n/2)+n
- d) What is order of growth?
- e) Define Θ-notation.
- f) Give two examples of randomized algorithms.
- g) What is amortized efficiency?
- State two applications of Approximation algorithms.
- i) What is derandomized algorithms?
- j) What is bin packing?

SECTION-B

2 Attempt any five of the following :

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- a) Explain in detail about simplex method
- Illustrate the steps involved in analyzing algorithm using an example.
- Explain a sorting algorithm that use divide and conquer method.
- Explain P, NP and NP complete problems.
- e) Define Linear Programming
- f) Explain permutation routing in a hypercube.
- g) Discuss Euclidean TSP.
- b) Discuss k-median on a cycle with suitable example.

SECTION-C

Attempt any two of the following:

 $(15 \times 2 = 30)$

- Suggest an approximation algorithm for traveling salesperson problems using Minimum spanning tree algorithm. Assume that the cost function satisfies the triangle inequality.
- Explain in detail about approximation algorithm for the Knapsack problem.
- Discuss some examples of randomized algorithms using basic inequalities and random variables.

