Printed Pages: 4

NEC-702(B)

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Books)

Paper ID: 2290061

Roll No.

#### B.TECH

Regular Theory Examination(Odd Sem-VII), 2016-17 DATA COMMUNICATION NETWORKS

Time: 3 Hours

Note: Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably. Max. Marks: 100

### SECTION-A

- Attempt all question in brief. (10×2=20)
- utilization? What do you mean by transmission system
- Calculate the maximum through put for pure sending message packets of 100 bit long size An ALOHA network uses 19.2 Kbps channel for ALOHA network.

correction are required?

In which layer and why error detection and

- What is Hamming code?
- What is gigabit Ethernet?
- protocol. Write the advantage of carrier sense multiple access

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What is limited - contention protocol?

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- Explain wavelength division multiple access
- What is meaning of 100 BASE-T. Explain each term
- stop and wait give an 50 percent. of 20 msec. What will be the size of frame range A channel has a bit rate 4kbps and propagation delay

#### SECTION-B

## Attempt any three of the following: (3×10=30)

2.

ģ What is modulation? Why modulation is needed? Differentiate between Amplitude modulation, Explain each bock in detail. Draw the block diagram of a communication model

frequency modulation and phase modulation.

- c a and b such that the code has rate 1/2. Use these 9? (iv) Find the E<sub>b</sub>/N<sub>0</sub> threshold for belief values for the remaining parts of the problem. (ii) Consider an irregular LDPC code with propagation over an AWGN channel using the (iii) What fraction of the check nodes have degree What fraction of the variable nodes has degree 4?  $\lambda(x) = 0.3x^2 + 0.1x^3 + 0.6x^4$  and  $p(x) ax^2 + bx^8(i)$  Find Gaussian approximation.
- þ. configuration model in HDLC used by station. What is HDLC? Discuss various type of

Explain static channel allocation and dynamic channel allocation in detail.

### SECTION-C

# Attempt any one of the following:

(1×10=10)

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- and TDMA access technique in detail. What is multiple access technique? Explain FDMA
- Prove that link budget equation

 $P_{RXdBm} + G_{TXdB} + G_{RXdB} - L_{petbdB}(R)$  where  $L_{petbdB}(R)$  is path loss.

## Attempt any one of the following: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

- of noise? Discuss the various form and source of nosie? Discuss the importance of S/N ratio in radio What is noise? What are various form and source
- stochastic signal. Where and how signal is more Explain with proper figure deterministic and affected from noise?

## Attempt any one of the following: (1×10=10)

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- transmitter and receiver. Where OFDM is used? Draw and explain the block diagram of OFDM Explain orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
- Explain the CRC error detection technique generator polynomial x4+x3+1 and data is 11100011

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Attempt any one of the following:

(1×10=10)

frame format for point to point protocol. Explain working of point to point protocol. Discuss

to minimize the BER whenever possible (i) QPSK assuming that the bit-to symbol map is optimized An AWGN channel of bandwidth 3MHz are given. rate, the E<sub>b</sub>/N<sub>o</sub> required for a BER of 10\* and the excess bandwidth of 50%. Find the achievable bit (ii) 8-PSK. receiver sensitivity (assuming a receiver noise figure of 7dB) for the following modulation scheme Assume that implementation constraints dictate an

Attempt any one of the following:

(1×10=10)

maximum efficiency of ALOHA IS 1/e. How do we say collision detection is analog process? Why do we prefer CSMA over ALOHA? Prove that

Prove that the throughput of network using slotted

ALOHA can be given as S=Ge<sup>G</sup> where G is the load

and S is throughput.

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