Printed Pages - 4 NME-701/NPL-701

Paper ID: 2012333 (Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Books) Roll No.

B. TECH.

Regular Theory Examination (Odd Sem-VII), 2016-17

COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN

Time: 3 Hours

Note: i) All symbols have usual meaning.

Max. Marks: 100

ii) Assume any relevent data, if missing.

Section - A

Attempt all parts. All parts carry equal marks. Write answer of each part in short. $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

What are the limitations of CAD in design?

What are the various display technologies used in CAD?

What are the application areas of CAD?

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State the advantages of Bresenham line algorithm.

What is concatenated transformation?

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- What is PDES?
- What is discretization in FEM?
- <u>ಕ</u>ಾರ್ synthetic curves? What do you understand by analytic curves and
- engineering field. States the different types of modeling in mechanical
- Give Euler's formula used in solid modeling

Section - B

Note:

State the various types of output devices used in CAD workstation. Explain, with neat sketch, any two output Attempt any 5 questions from this section. $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

- į Prove the differential scaling and rotation are not commutative, but uniform scaling and rotation are commutative.
- Bresenham's algorithm while generating a line from (1,0) to (10,3). Determine the raster scan locations selected by
- its length. Also determine the coordinates of points 4,6,3). If 'U' at a point is 0 and 1 respectively, determine A line is represented by end points P (5,7,2) and Q (represented by U = 0.4, U = 0.25 and U = 1.5.
- Generate a Bezier curve using the control points: (2,0),(4,3),(5,2),(4,-2),(5,-3) and (6,-2).

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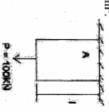
7. What are the various types of sweeps used in solid modeling? Explain with example.

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 $= 0.075 \text{N/cm}^2$. $A = 80 \text{ sq.cm}, I = 300 \text{ cm}, E = 2 \times 10^{7} \text{N/sq.cm}, Density$ middle and end for the following cantilever beam. Take Using FEM methods calculate the deflection at the



situated at 150mm from node 1. Also calculate at nodes 1 and 2 are 100°C and 40°C respectively. Evaluate temperature at point P. temperature to be estimated at point P within the element, the shape functions associated with nodes 1 and 2, if the The 1-D element has a length of 200mm. The temperature

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Section - C

Note: Attempt any two questions from this section (2×15=30)

- A thin steel plate has a uniform thickness t = 1 in, as to a point load P = 100 lb at its midpoint and a traction force T = 36 lb/ft. Determine: and weight density, r=0.2836 lb/in³. The plate is subjected shown in the fig. 2. Its elastic modulus, $E = 30 \times 10^6$ psi, www.FirstRanke.
- Displacement at the mid-point and at the free end
- Normal stresses in the plate, and

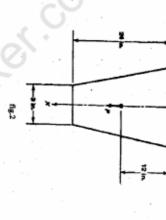
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c Reaction force at the support.



- Explain the B-Rep approach of solid modeling in detail. application? State the advantages and limitations of wire-What is the importance of surface modeling in CAD frame modeling.
- What are the essential elements of typical CAD/CAM about arbitrary line y = 0.4x+2, determine the software? A triangle PQR is having vertices P (10, 15), Q new vertices of the triangle. concatenated transformation matrix and coordinates of (40, 15) and R (30, 50). If the triangle is to be reflected

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