

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Books)

Paper ID : 140855

Roll No.

B.TECH.

Theory Examination (Semester-VIII) 2015-16

SIX SIGMA METHODS & APPLICATIONS

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Q1. Attempt all question

(2×10=20)

- What are the differences between 'services' and 'products'?
- How do you visualize quality in the service sector?
- What is inferential statistics?
- Define median, range, standard deviation and kurtosis.
- Differentiate between Normal and Binomial distribution.
- What is histogram? How is it constructed?
- What is SIPOC?

(1)

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- (b) What is meant by defects? Explain how you will classify defects in qualitative measurements case. Also explain the importance of having 'sigma' as a metric in denoting performance of a product, service or system.
- (c) Discuss the box-plot vis-a-vis a histogram. Can we call a Pareto chart a histogram? Justify your answer.
- (d) A battery manufacturer was considering changing suppliers for a particular part. The purchasing manager required that the average cost of the part be less than or equal to Rs 320 in order to stay within budget. A sample of the 32 initial deliveries had a Mean of the new product upgrade price of Rs 280 with an estimated Standard Deviation of Rs 30. Based on the data provided, compute the value of Z for the data assuming a Normal Distribution.

(2)

in Six Sigma. Give a brief review of reinforcement and control procedures

Attempt any two

(2×15=30)

- Q3. What are QFD (Quality function deployment) and Failure Modes & Effects Analysis' (FMEA)? How to perform FMEA?
- Q4. A process produces 40,000 pencils. Three type of defects can occur. The number of occurrence of each defect type are : Blurred printing (as pencil slips in the fixture) = 36
Wrong dimension (at three independent place) = 118
Rolled ends (at top and/or bottom) = 11
Find out DPMO
- Q5. Explain three basic approaches for implementing six sigma.

(3)