

**B.TECH
(SEM VIII) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19
EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT DESIGN OF STRUCTURES**

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.

2 x10=20

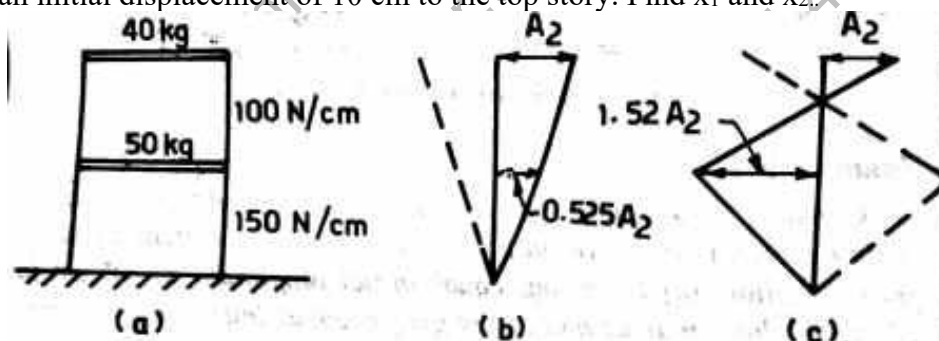
- Define earthquake resistant design philosophies.
- What factors of earthquake forces in a structure ?
- Define isoseismals of an earthquake.
- What are the dynamic behavior of soil?
- Define radiation damping.
- List out methods of modeling soil.
- Define spring models.
- Write spring models limitation.
- Define lap splices.
- Define restrotation.

SECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following:

10x3=30

- Describe types and characteristics of typical dynamic loading with examples and essential characteristics of dynamic problem.
- What are the plate tectonics and how they are related to continental drift and sea floor spreading.
- Consider a two storied structure shown in figure. Let the system be given free vibration by giving an initial displacement of 10 cm to the top story. Find x_1 and x_2 .



- What is response spectra and explain the importance of seismic design of a structure ?
- Describe the development of mass spring dashpot model from elastic half space theory.

SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following:

- Describe effects of earthquake. and also define moment magnitude.
- Distinguish between the following (a) Body ways and surface ways (b) lithosphere and asthenosphere.

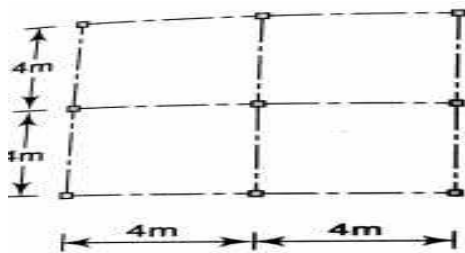
4. Attempt any one part of the following:

- An SDOF system consist of a mass with weight of 175 kg and a spring costant $k=530$ kN/m . While testing the system a relative velocity of 30 cm/s was observed on application of a force of 450 N. Determine the damping ratio, damped frequency of vibration, logarithmic decrement, and the ratio of two consecutive amplitudes.

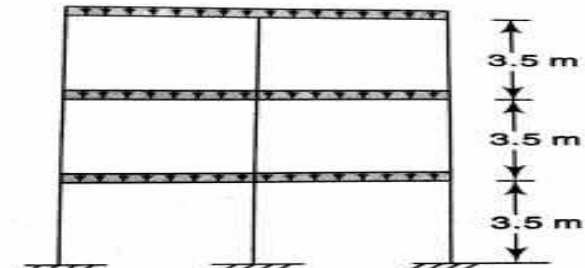
- b. Derive a mathematical expression defining the dynamic displacements using d'Alembert's principle.

5. Attempt any one part of the following:

- a. Describe the various earthquake –resistant features that can be introduced in a masonry building to make it earthquake resistant.
- b. The plan and elevation of a three – storied RCC building shown in figure . the building is located in seismic zone V. The type of soil encountered is medium stiff and is proposed to design the building with a special moment –resisting frame. The intensity of DL is 10 kN/m^2 and the floors are to cater to an IL of 3 kN/m^2 . Determine the design seismic loads on the structure by static analysis.



(a) Plan



(b) Elevation

6. Attempt any one part of the following:

- a. Determine the frequency and design seismic coefficient for an ordinary masonry shear wall in a school building at Allahabad. For the given following data . Roof load $P=15 \text{ kN/m}$, Height of wall $h=3.0 \text{ m}$, Width of wall $b=0.2 \text{ m}$. Unit weight of wall $w=19.2 \text{ kN/m}^2$, soil is medium.
- b. Define bands. At what levels in a masonry building would you provide them? Give justifications for each of them

7. Attempt any one part of the following:

- a. Starting from fundamentals derive the expression for natural frequencies and amplitudes for block foundation subjected to horizontal forces $F_x \sin \omega t$ and a moment $M_y \sin \omega t$ at the combined center of gravity of machine and foundation.
- b. Determine the lateral forces on a two-storey unreinforced brick masonry building as shown in figure sustained near Zone III for following data . Plan size $=18 \text{ m} \times 8 \text{ m}$, total height of building $=6.2 \text{ m}$, storey height $=3.1 \text{ m}$, weight of roof $=2.5 \text{ kN/m}^2$, weight of wall $=5 \text{ kN/m}^2$, live load on roof $=0$, live load at floor $=1.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$, Zone factor $=1.0$, importance factor $=1.0$, Response reduction factor $=1.5$, soil (Type III) medium soil.

