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FINAL EXAM JUNE 2013 NATIONAL BOARD OF EXAMINATIONS

RADIODIAGNOSIS

PAPER - II

Please read carefully the important instructions mentioned on Page '1'

PART B

Enumerate the causes of a solitary lytic lesion in the skull. Describe the distinguishing radiological features of any three.	4+6
Enumerate the common causes of obstructive jaundice. Discuss the role of various imaging modalities in its diagnosis.	2+8
The Child Welfare Board has referred an accused to you for estimation of age. Being a radiologist, how would you carry out this assignment? Discuss in brief the variables that can affect the estimated age.	6+4
Discuss the technique and role of CT in evaluation of acute pancreatitis.	2+8
A 40 year old male presents with a lump in the right iliac fossa. What would be your approach as a radiologist to help come to a diagnosis? Discuss the characteristic radiological features of any three pathologies, presenting with right iliac fossa lump.	1+9
	Enumerate the common causes of obstructive jaundice. Discuss the role of various imaging modalities in its diagnosis. The Child Welfare Board has referred an accused to you for estimation of age. Being a radiologist, how would you carry out this assignment? Discuss in brief the variables that can affect the estimated age. Discuss the technique and role of CT in evaluation of acute pancreatitis. A 40 year old male presents with a lump in the right iliac fossa. What would be your approach as a radiologist to help come to a diagnosis? Discuss the characteristic radiological features of any three pathologies,

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