

QP CODE: 1024

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka MBBS Phase — I (CBME) Degree Examination - 05-May-2022

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 100 Marks

QP Code: 1024 (OP contains three pages)

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- A 10-year-old boy with poor nutritional intake was brought to the ophthalmology OPD with history of difficulty in vision in dim light. Incidentally, on examination, he had few lesions on skin. A provisional diagnosis of vitamin deficiency was made.
 - (a)Name the fat-soluble vitamin deficiency associated with the above case.
 - (b) Write the recommended dietary allowance (RDA) for above vitamin.
 - (c) Explain Wald's visual cycle.
 - (d) Write any two other functions of this vitamin.
- Write the steps in beta-oxidation of palmitic acid. Explain the energetics of the pathway.

SHORT ESSAYS 8 x 5 = 40 Marks

- A known diabetic patient on regular insulin treatment was brought to the casualty in a semi-comatose state. He had history of vomiting and diarrhea for the past two days and his food intake was reduced. His random blood sugar (RBS) on admission was 45mg/dl.
 - (a) Interpret the glucose value in the above case.
 - (b) Explain hormonal regulation of blood glucose level.
- 4. An elderly patient with history of chronic smoking presented to medicine OPD with history of difficulty in breathing. Following respiratory system examination, physician made a diagnosis of chronic obstructive airway disease and his arterial blood was sent for arterial blood gas (ABG) analysis.
 - (a) Write the probable acid-base disorder in the above condition.
 - (b) Mention the compensatory mechanisms for the above acid-base disorder.
 - (c) Write the biological reference interval for:
 - (i) Blood pH (ii) Blood pCO2 (iii) Plasma bicarbonate
- 5. Classify enzymes and give one example to each class.
- 6. Explain the components of electron transport chain.
- 7. Mention the significance of gluconeogenesis. Write the reactions catalyzed by the key enzymes of gluconeogenesis.
- 8 Mention the biological reference interval for serum sodium. Write any three biochemical functions of sodium. List two causes for hyponatremia.
- 9. Explain five factors affecting basal metabolic rate (BMR).
- 10. Explain the regulation of serum calcium level.



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SHORT ANSWERS 10 x 3 = 30 Marks

11. Define respiratory quotient (RQ). Mention the RQ for carbohydrate. Name one condition responsible for decrease in RQ,

- 12. Explain uniport, symport and antiport transport system with one example for each.
- 13. Name any three mucopolysaccharides and write their biological importance.
- 14. Name three therapeutic enzymes and write their uses.
- 15. Name essential fatty acids. Mention two functions of essential fatty acids.
- 16. Mention the metabolic pathways in Liver that are activated during starvation.
- 17. Write the biochemical functions of iodine. Mention the disorder associated with iodine deficiency.
- 18. What is anion gap? Write two conditions associated with high anion gap acidosis.
- 19. Name three enzyme profile in liver diseases and mention their diagnostic significance.
- 20. What is leptin? Mention its biological importance.

Multiple Choice Questions

 $10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks}$

- 21 i) Which one of the following enzymes is present in lysosomes?
 - A. Phospholipase
 - B. Aldolase
 - C. Acetyl CoA carboxylase
 - D. HMG CoA reductase
- 21 ii) Which one of the following is a noncompetitive inhibitor?
 - A. Allopurinol
 - B. Iodoacetate
 - C. Methotrexate
 - D. Lovastatin
- 21 iii) Which one of the following is a dietary fibre?
 - A. Starch
 - B. Heparin
 - C. Pectin
 - D. Dextrin
- 21 iv) Which one of the following is involved in the formation of liposomes?
 - A. Lipoproteins
 - B. Trialvceride
 - C. Free cholesterol
 - D. Phospholipids



- 22 i) Lipoprotein lipase is activated by
 - A. Apo A-I
 - B. Apo B 100
 - C. Apo E
 - D. Apo C II
- 22 ii) Which one of the following is a feature of Ehlers-Danlos syndrome?
 - A. Loose skin
 - B. Poor wound healing
 - C. Ectopia lentis
 - D. Brittle bones
- 22 iii) The daily requirement of vitamin D in adult males is
 - A. 10 microgram
 - B. 20 microgram
 - C. 30 microgram
 - D. 40 microgram
- 22 iv) Which one of the following mineral is present in Vitamin B12?
 - A. Calcium
 - B. Cobalt
 - C. Chromium
 - D. Copper
 - 22 v) An example for cardiac glycoside is
 - A. Digitalis
 - B. Sorbitol
 - C. Glucuronic acid
 - D. Mannosamine