

Date: 07-07-2017

KL 2814

Second Year MBBS Examination

II MBBS Pathology Paper 2

Time: 2 hours

Max Marks: 40

Instructions:

1. Answer to the points.
2. Figure to the right indicates marks.
3. Use separate answer books for each section.
4. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
5. Write legibly.

Section 1

1.MCQ (10)

- a. Interstitial pneumonia may be caused by all of the following, EXCEPT: (a) *Pneumococcus pneumoniae* (b) *Mycoplasma* (c) *Pneumocystis carinii* (d) *Chlamydia*
- b. Reticulocytes are stained by: (a) Methyl violet (b) Giemsa stain (c) Crystal violet (d) New methylene blue
- c. Cobweb appearance of CSF is seen: (a) Acute pyogenic meningitis (b) Tubercular meningitis (c) Encephalitis (d) CNS tumours
- d. Most sensitive marker for the diagnosis of acute myocardial infarction is: (a) Creatinine phosphokinase (b) Troponin (c) Lactate dehydrogenase (d) AST
- e. The most common cause of nephritic syndrome in children is: (a) Rapidly progressive glomerulonephritis (b) Focal glomerulosclerosis (c) Minimal change
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glomerulonephritis(d) Acute post-streptococcal glomerulonephritis

- f. Which of the following does not correlate with the severity of acute pancreatitis: (a) Serum calcium (b) Serum glucose (c) AST(d) Serum amylase
- g. Girdle ulcer of intestine is characteristic of:(a) Tubercular ulcer (b) Typhoid ulcer (c) Amoebic ulcer (d) Ulcerative colitis
- h. Which of the following is not elevated in a child with jaundice, pruritus and clay coloured stools?(a) Gamma glutamyl transferase(b)-Alkaline phosphatase(c) Stnucleotidase (d) Glutamate dehydrogenase
- i. Bread and butter appearance" of pericardium is seen in: (a) Uraemia(b) Rheumatic paricarditis(c) Serous pericarditis (d) Systemic lupus erythematosus
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Section 2

2. Write short notes on: (two out of three) (10)

- a. Obstructive jaundice
- b. Diabetic nephropathy
- c. Cells in urinary sediment.

3. Write briefly on: (four out of five) (10)

- a. Causes of generalized lymphadenopathy
- b. Dermoid cyst
- c. Seminoma
- d. CSF findings in tubercular meningitis
- e. Biochemical markers of acute myocardial infarction.

4. Write short notes on: (two out of three) (10)

- a. Amoebic ulcer intestine

b. Complications of lobar pneumonia

c. Types of gall stones.

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