Instructions:

CEA 8993

Third Year MBBS Examination

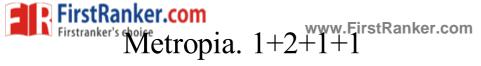
III MBBS Part 1 Ophthalmology

Time: 2 hours

- 1. Answer to the points.
- 2. Figure to the right indicates marks.
- 3. Use separate answer books for each section.
- 4. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

Max Marks: 40 Ma 1.A Long Question: (any 2 out of 3) (10)

- a. What is the D/D for Acute Red Eye. Describe Clinical Feature and Management of Acute Anterior Uveitis. 2+2+1
- b. Define Hyper Metropia. Enumerate the types, Clinical Picture and Management of Hyper



c. Discuss the Etiology, Features and Management of Primary open Angle Glaucoma. 1+1+3

2. Answer any three short questions: 3x4=12 (12)

- a. WHO Grading System for Trachoma.
- b. Post Operative Complication of Cataract Surgery.
- c. Mydriatics & Cycloplegics 2+2
- d. Causes & Management of Geographical Ulcer. 2+2

3. Write any three short notes: 3x4=12(12)

- a. Types of Astigmatism & Management
- b. Field Defect in Primary Open Angle Glaucoma
- c. Draw layers of Tear Film & write functions of each layer.2+2
- d. Lens Induced Glaucoma: Type & Management 2+2

4. Write MCQ/SQ: (any six) (6)

- a. In Blow Out Fracture, Commonest Bone Of Fracture(a) Maxillary (Floor)(b) Zygomatic (lateral Wall)(c) Frontal (Roof) (d) Ethmoidal (Medial Wall)
- b. Young boy presented in emergency with watering and Photophobia with history of trauma with nail.

 Which test 1s appropriate? (a) Schirmer Test(b)



Tear Break Up Time (c) Flouroscine Staining(d)
Applanation Tonometry

- c. Calculation of TOL Power is called (a)Biometryb) Keretometry (c) Ophthalmoscopy (d)Pachymetry
- d. Two Syndromes associated with Retinitis Pigmentosa
- e. Two advantages of Indirect Ophthalmoscopy.
- f. Two Causes of Complicated Cataract.
- g. Two Uses of Ultrasound in Ophthalmology.
- h. What you mean by 6/60 visual acuity?

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