

Date: 03-03-2022

Instructions:

CEA 8993

Third Year MBBS Examination

III MBBS Part 1 Ophthalmology

Time: 2 hours

1. Answer to the points.
 2. Figure to the right indicates marks.
 3. Use separate answer books for each section.
 4. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
 5. Write legibly.
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Section 1

Max Marks: 40

1.A Long Question: (any 2 out of 3) (10)

- a. What is the D/D for Acute Red Eye. Describe Clinical Feature and Management of Acute Anterior Uveitis. 2+2+1
 - b. Define Hyper Metropia. Enumerate the types, Clinical Picture and Management of Hyper
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Metropia. 1+2+1+1

- c. Discuss the Etiology, Features and Management of Primary open Angle Glaucoma. 1+1+3

2. Answer any three short questions: 3x4=12 (12)

- a. WHO Grading System for Trachoma.
- b. Post Operative Complication of Cataract Surgery.
- c. Mydriatics & Cycloplegics 2+2
- d. Causes & Management of Geographical Ulcer. 2+2

3. Write any three short notes: 3x4=12 (12)

- a. Types of Astigmatism & Management
- b. Field Defect in Primary Open Angle Glaucoma
- c. Draw layers of Tear Film & write functions of each layer. 2+2
- d. Lens Induced Glaucoma: Type & Management 2+2

4. Write MCQ/SQ: (any six) (6)

- a. In Blow Out Fracture, Commonest Bone Of Fracture (a) Maxillary (Floor) (b) Zygomatic (lateral Wall) (c) Frontal (Roof) (d) Ethmoidal (Medial Wall)
- b. Young boy presented in emergency with watering and Photophobia with history of trauma with nail. Which test is appropriate? (a) Schirmer Test (b)

- Tear Break Up Time (c) Fluorescein Staining (d)
Applanation Tonometry
- c. Calculation of TOL Power is called (a)
Biometry (b) Keratometry (c) Ophthalmoscopy (d)
Pachymetry
 - d. Two Syndromes associated with Retinitis
Pigmentosa
 - e. Two advantages of Indirect Ophthalmoscopy.
 - f. Two Causes of Complicated Cataract.
 - g. Two Uses of Ultrasound in Ophthalmology.
 - h. What you mean by 6/60 visual acuity?

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