

THE TAMIL NADU DR. M.G.R. MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

[MBBS 0324]

MARCH 2024

Sub. Code: 6087

M.B.B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION

(For the candidates admitted from the Academic Year 2019-2020)

THIRD PROFESSIONAL PART II - CBME PAPER I – PAEDIATRICS

Q.P. Code: 526087

Time: 20 Minutes Maximum: 20 Marks

Answer All Questions

Ch ipt. No

I. N	Iultiple Choice Questio	$(20 \times 1 = 20)$			
1.	Commonest type of seizure in newborn is				
	A) Clonic	B) Tonic	C) subtle	D) Myoclonic	
2.	A 2 year old child presents with two weeks history of fever, vomiting and alteration				
	of sensorium. CT scan of brain reveals basal exudates and hydrocephalus. The most likely etiological agent is				
	A) Mycobacterium tuberculosis B) Cryptococcus			neoformans	
	C) Listeria monocyto	ogens	D) Streptococcu	s pneumonia	
3.	The term neonate measures a length of at birt			th	
	A) 60 cms	B) 65 cms	C) 50 cms	D) 40 cms	
4.	The hormone responsible for milk secretion in mother is				
		B) Estrogen	C) Prolactin	D) Progestrone	
5.	Bag and mask ventilation is contraindicated in				
	A) Cleft lip B) Diaphragmat			a	
	C) Choanal atresia D) Bronchogenic cyst				
6.	Most common cause of congenital adrenal hyperplasia is				
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			droxylase deficiency	
				ylase deficiency	
7.	Plethoric lung field is seen in which CHD				
	A) Ebstein's anomal	•	B) Tricuspid atresia		
	C) Ventricular septal	defect I	O) Aortic stenosis		

D) Factor VII deficiency

9. Treatment options in Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura include all except

B) DIC

C) Vitamin K deficiency

B) Fresh frozen plasma

D) Corticosteroids

A) Hemophilia A

C) Anti- D globulin

A) Intravenous immunoglobulin



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10.	Hand and foot syndrome is seen inA) Sickle cell anemiaC) Hereditary spherocytosis	B) G6PD deficiency D) Thalassemia	
11.	A child copies triangle at A) 3 years B) 4 years	C) 5 years	D) 6 years
12.	In girls, the earliest sign of puberty is A) Appearance of pubic hair C) Breast development	B) Menarche D) Increase in uter	rus size
13.	Treatment options for hyperkalemia in A) Nebulized salbutamol C) Ringer lactate	nclude all except B) Insulin D) IV calcium glu	conate
14.	As per WHO classification of xeropht A) X1A B) X1B	halmia , corneal xerosis C) X2	is D) X3A
15.	The characteristic feature of cephalher A) Lies in subcutaneous plane C) Resolves within 2-3 days	matoma is B) Does not cross su D) Maximum size at	
16.	Increased nuchal fold thickness is a fe A) Cri-du-chat syndrome C) Down syndrome	ature of B) Paul Bunnel syndr D) Ataxia telangiecta	
17.	The classical triad of Pellagra include A) Diarrhea B) Diabetes	all except C) Dermatitis	D) Dementia
18.	Steeple sign in neck X-ray is seen in A) Acute pharyngitis C) Acute epiglottitis	B) Acute laryngotracl D) Acute retro pharyn	
19.	Nephrotic range proteinuria is A) 4 mg/m²/hr B) 40 mg/m²/h	r C) 400 mg/m ² /hr	D) 4000 mg/m ² /hr
20.	Egg on side appearance in chest x-ray A) Tetralogy of Fallot (TOF) B) Transposition of Great Arteries (TC) Total Anomalous Pulmonary Venc D) Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD)	GA)	
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