

Sl. No. of Ques. Paper

: 7090

FC-2

Unique Paper Code

: 2341601

Name of Paper

: Microprocessors

Name of Course

: B.Tech. (Computer Science) (Erstwhile FYUP)

Semester

Duration:

: 3 hours

Maximum Marks

: 75

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Attempt all questions from Section A and any four questions from Section B. Attempt all parts of a question together.

Section A

Q1.(a)	In the real mode, determine the starting and ending address of stack memory if the stack segment register holds the value 1234H	3
(b)	What are program invisible registers? What is the purpose of GDTR?	3
(c)	What is the purpose of granularity bit?	3
(d)	The 8086 LOOP instruction decrements a register and tests it for a 0 to decide if a jump occurs. Name the register. Also perform the same task using conditional jump.	3
(e)	Contrast the operation of JMP [DI] with a JMP FAR PTR [DI].	3
(f)	Explain the function of RET instruction.	3
(g)	List the differences between the 8086 and the 8088 microprocessors.	3
(h)	Evaluate the address lines and data lines required to map 32K x 8 memory.	3
(i)	What is the purpose of the OE pin on a memory device?	3
(j)	Design a Control Word for 82C55 to set Port A as Input Port, Port B as Output Port in Mode 0 operation.	3
(k)	The instruction MOV AL, [2000H] is used to access a peripheral. Comment on the kind of peripheral and the width of its data lines.	3
(1)	Which microprocessor pin and its status forces it to go into wait state?	2

Section B

P.T.O

0.0		
(b)	Explain with example the instruction LDS BX,[DI].	4
(c)	What does the instruction STOS do?	2
Q3.(a)	Identify the addressing mode of each of the following instructions: (i) MOV AL, [1234H] contains?	4
	(ii) MOV EAX, [BX] (ii) MOV EAX, [BP + 200H] (iii) MOV DH, [EBX + 4*EAX +1000H]	
(b)	Consider the instruction JMP [10000H] and given that opcode for far jump instruction is EA, write the 5-byte machine language version of the instruction.	4
(c)	What are the default segment registers assigned to DI and BP registers?	2
Q4.(a)	of memory addressed by SOURCE into an area of memory addressed by DEST.	ea 4
(b)	Describe the operations of PUSHFD. Let the current value of SP=1000H. What will be the value of SP after the PUSHFD instruction is executed?	4
(c)	Which flag bit is tested by JA instruction?	2
Q5.(a)	Explain the READ operation with the help of bus timing cycle.	4
(b)	Explain the function of the microprocessor pins: ALE, S ₄ , S ₃ and DEN.	4
(c)	A 15MHz crystal is attached to the 8284A clock generator, what is the operating frequency of the 8086 microprocessor?	i) 2
Q6.(a)	Design a decoder circuit to map F4000-F5FFF on 8K x 8 memory	4
(b)	Write the control word for the 8254 interval timer and explain it.	4
(c)	Why does 8086 need two memory banks?	2
Q7(a)	Explain the interrupt instructions BOUND and INTO.	4
(b)	Explain how the 8237 DMA controller performs the read and write operations.	4
(c)	How and when is the NMI interrupt requested?	2
	2	000



www.FirstRanker.com

[This question paper contains 6 printed pages.]

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 7091

F-6

Your Roll No.....

Unique Paper Code

: 2341602

Name of the Paper

: System Programming and Compiler Design

Name of the Course

: B.Tech. (Computer Science)

Semester

: VI

Duration: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

- 2. The Question paper consists of two sections.
- 3. Section A is compulsory.
- 4. Attempt any four questions from Section B.

SECTION A

- (a) List the major data structures used during assembly process. Explain the structure of any one of them.
 - (b) Give disadvantages of a single pass assembler over two-pass assembler. (2)
- 2. (a) Differentiate between static and shared libraries.

(3)

(b) What is the difference between a compiler and an interpreter?

(2)

- 3. Describe the languages denoted by the following regular expressions
 - (a) 0 (0|1)*0

P.T.O.



0

7091

2

- (b) $((\epsilon|0)1^*)^*$
- (c) (0|1)*0(0|1)(0|1)

(1+2+2)

4. Write the actions of an LR parse for the following string, for the grammar and parse table shown below:

aa1bbbb

Grammar:

- (1) $S \rightarrow A$
- (2) $S \rightarrow B$
- (3) $A \rightarrow a A b$
- (4) A $\rightarrow 0$
- (5) $B \rightarrow a B bb$
- (6) $B \rightarrow 1$

	ACTION					GOTO		
State	a	b	0	1	\$	S	A	В
0	S1		S2	S3		11	4	5
1	S1		S2	S3	203		6	7
2		r4	r4		r4			
3	r6	r6	r6	r6 -	r6			
4	r1	r1	rl		r1			
5	r2	r2	r2	r2	r2			
6		S8						
7		S9						
8		r3						
9		S10						
10		r5			r5			
11					acc			

Symbols used in the above table have their usual meaning.

- (5)
- 5. (a) What are the advantages of LALR over Canonical LR parsers?
- (2)
- (b) Differentiate between synthesized and inherited attributes.

(3)



www.FirstRanker.com

7091

3

- 6. What do you mean by Intermediate code generation? List various intermediate code generation schemes. (2+3)
- 7. Briefly explain the structure of an activation record.

(5)

SECTION B

8. (a) Given the following section tables for two object files a obj and b obj, explain the linking process and show the layout of the final executable module. (7)

Name	Size	Align
.text	200	16
.data	60	4
.data1	75	4

Name	Size	Align
.text	100	16
.data	155	4
.data2	300	4

Section Table for a.obj

Section Table for b.obj

- (b) Briefly explain the Intel hex format for storing object files.
- (3)
- (a) What is relocation? Explain the different ways by which an assembler can pass relocation information to the linker.
 - (b) Assume the following description:

Token	Informal Discription		
if	charactersi, f		
else	characters e, 1, s, e		
comparison	<or> <pre><or></or></pre></or>		
id	letter followed by letters and digits		
number	A numeric constant		
literal	anything but ", surrounded by " 's		
Ass op	=		



0

7091

1

Generate the appropriate tokens, lexemes and attribute values for every token that can be generated for the following c++ code fragment:

if (x < y)

c=10;

else

c=20; (7)

10. Consider the following context-free grammar:

 $S \rightarrow Sa$

 $S \rightarrow bS$

 $S \rightarrow c$

- (i) Write the canonical collections of LR(1) items for this grammar. (6)
- (ii) Identify all conflicting items, and the types of the conflicts. (4)
- 11. (a) What are the differences between Panic mode error recovery and Phrase level error recovery in LR parsing? (3)
 - (b) Consider the following grammar:

 $S \rightarrow SS +$

 $S \rightarrow S S *$

 $S \rightarrow a$

Show by constructing a SLR parsing table whether the above grammar is SLR or not. (7)

- 12. (a) Translate the arithmetic expression a*(b+c) into:
 - (i) Quadruples
 - (ii) Triples
 - (iii) Indirect triples

(6)



7091

5

- (b) Write type expressions for the following:
 - (i) A two-dimensional array of integers (i.e., an array of arrays) whose rows are indexed from 0 to 9 and whose columns are indexed from -10 to 10.
 - (ii) Functions whose domains are functions from integers to pointers to integers and whose ranges are records consisting of an integer and a character.
- 13. (a) Consider the following Syntax directed Definition:

	PRODUCTION	SEMANTIC RULES
1)	$T \to F T'$	T'.inh = F.val T.val = T'.syn
2)	$T' \to *FT'_1$	$T'_1.inh = T'.inh \times F.val$ $T'.syn = T'_1.syn$
3)	$T' o \epsilon$	T'.syn = T'.inh
4)	$F \to \mathbf{digit}$	F.val = digit.lexval

Draw an annotated parse tree for the string: 9*6*7 (4)

(b) Show the stack with all activation record instances, including all the links, when execution reaches position 1 in the following skeletal program. (6)

```
void f3()

{
....
}

void f2()

{
....
f3();\rightarrow \rightarrow(1)
```

6

www.FirstRanker.com www.FirstRanker.com

7091 void f1() f2(); void main() f1();

(2000)