Total No. of Pages: 4
Register Number:
Name of the Candidate:

# M.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, May 2015 <br> (SECOND YEAR) <br> (GROUP -A) 

640: ADVANCED CORPORATE ACCOUNTING
(Old Regulations)
[Common with M.Com. C.A(OR)]
Time: Three hours
Maximum: 100 marks

## SECTION - A <br> Answer any FIVE questions

$(5 \times 8=40)$

1. Define debenture Explain the different classification of Debentures.
2. The following are the balances extracted from the company records. Calculate the remuneration of the managing director at $5 \%$ of the Net profit, after charging such commission.

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Net profit | $₹$ |
| Items considered for arriving at the above net profit | 38,786 |
| a) Provision for taxation | 39,000 |
| b) Managing Director's remuneration paid | 12,000 |
| c) Formation expenses written off | 4,000 |
| d) Directors fees | 2,500 |
| e) Provision for doubtful debts | 1,200 |
| f) Depreciation allowable as per income tax rules | 12,000 |
| g) Depreciation written off | 12,880 |
| h) Ex-gratia payment to employee | 2,000 |

3. Explain the various methods of ascertaining purchase consideration.
4. Give a new proforma of profit and loss account and balance sheet of a Banking Company.
5. A life Assurance company prepared its revenue a/c for the year ended 31.3.2007 and ascertained its life assurance fund to be ₹ $18,35,000$. It was found later that the following had been omitted from the accounts.
a) Interest accrued on investment $₹ 39,000$; Income tax liable to be deducted thereon is estimated to be ₹ 10,500 .
b) Outstanding premium ₹ 32,800
c) Bonus utilized in reduction of premium ₹ 17,400 .
d) Claims intimated but not admitted ₹ 17,400
e) Claims covered under reinsurance ₹6,500

Find out the true life Assurance fund?
6. What is double account system? What are the advantages and disadvantages of double account system?
7. The balance sheet of H ltd., and S ltd., as at 31st December, 2008 are as follows:

| Liabilities | H Ltd. <br> $₹$ | $\mathbf{S}$ Ltd <br> $₹$ | Assets | $\mathbf{H}$ Ltd <br> $₹$ | $\mathbf{S}$ Ltd <br> $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Share capital <br> (₹ 10 each) | $2,00,000$ | $1,00,000$ | Sundry Assets | $1,30,000$ | $1,35,000$ |
| General <br> Reserve | 18,000 | 20,000 | Goodwill |  | -- |
| Profit \& Loss <br> a/c | 24,500 | 23,000 | Shares in S <br> Ltd. at cost | $1,40,000$ | -- |
| Creditors | 27,500 | 12,000 |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{2 , 7 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 5 , 0 0 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 , 7 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 5 , 0 0 0}$ |

In the case of S 1td., profit for the year ended 31st December 2008 is ₹ 12,000 and transfer to reserve is ₹5,000. The holding of H ltd., in S Ltd., is $90 \%$ acquired on 30th June 2008.
Draft a consolidated Balance Sheet.
8. List out the objectives and Assumptions of Human Resource Accounting.

## SECTION - B <br> Answer any THREE questions ( $3 \times 20=60$ )

9. HCL Ltd., Makes an issue of 20,000 equity shares of $₹ 10$ each at ₹ 11 on $1^{\text {st }}$ March, 2007 payable as follows.
₹2 on Application
₹ 3 on Allotment
₹ 6 on first and final call(3 months after allotment)
Applications were received for 26,000 shares. The directors made the allotment in full to the applicants demanding 10 or more shares and returned money to the applicants for 6,000 shares.
One share-holder who was allotted 40 shares paid the first and final call money along with allotment money and another share-holder who was allotted 60 shares did not pay allotment money but paid along with first and final call money. The directors decided to charge and allow interest, as the case may be, on calls-inadvance and calls -in-arrears.
Give journal entries in the books of the company.
10. TV Ltd., absorbed the business of Radio ltd., as a going concern on 31st March 2004. The Balance sheets of the two companies, on that date, being as under.

| Liabilities | TV Ltd., | Radio <br> Ltd., | Assets | TV Ltd. ₹ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Radio } \\ \text { Ltd., } \\ ₹ \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Share Capital | 20,00,000 | 6,00,000 | Goodwill | -- | 1,00,000 |
| Paid up Capital | 10,00,000 | 6,00,000 | Building | 5,00,000 | -- |
| Reserves | 1,20,000 | --- | Stock | 1,40,000 | 2,60,000 |
| Creditors | 20,000 | 1,00,000 | Debtors | 2,80,000 | 2,00,000 |
| Bank Overdraft | -- | 1,00,000 | Investments | 1,20,000 | -- |
|  |  |  | Bank | 1,00,000 | -- |
|  |  |  | Profit and | -- | 2,40,000 |
|  | 11,40,000 | 8,00,000 |  | 11,40,000 | 8,00,000 |

The Purchase consideration was agreed upon at ₹4,00,000 payable as to $₹ 2,00,000$ in cash and the balance by issue of 16,000 equity shares of $₹ 10$ each fully paid in TV ltd at an agreed value of ₹ 12.50 per share. The sale was completed and Radioltd., then went intoliquidation. Pass journal entries in the books of TV ltd., and prepare the Balance Sheet of TV Ltd.,
11. From the following figures extracted from the books of East India Assurance Company Ltd., prepare the Revenue Account for the year ending 31st March 2008.

|  | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Life Assurance Fund on April 1, 2007 | $10,36,000$ |
| Premiums | $7,03,600$ |
| Re assurance premiums | 33,500 |
| Consideration for Annuities granted | 87,330 |
| Interest and Dividend | $2,89,600$ |
| Income tax on dividends | 35,190 |
| Assignment and other fees | 490 |
| Miscellaneous Receipts | 6,540 |
| Claims by death | $3,04,980$ |
| Claims by maturity | 68,670 |
| Surrenders | 67,550 |
| Reduction of premiums by bonus | 612 |
| Annuities | 21,460 |
| Commission | 30,230 |
| Expenses of Management | 40,030 |
| Income Tax | 5,750 |
| Dividends | 21,140 |
| Bad Debts | 20 |
| Loss on Investments | 740 |
| Amount written off - Investment | 83,920 |

## 6670

12. Electric Supply Ltd., re-built and re-equipped one of their mains at a cash cost of $₹ 40,00,000$. The cost of old main was ₹ $15,00,000$. ₹ 90,000 was realized from sale of old materials. Four old motors valued at ₹ $1,60,000$ salvaged from the old main were used in the reconstruction. The cost of labour and materials is respectively $20 \%$ and $15 \%$ higher now than when the old main was built. The proportion of labour to materials in the main then and now is $1: 2$.
Show the journal entries for recording the above transactions, if the accounts are maintained under Double Account system.
13. A company went in liquidation on 31.03 .2008 when the following balance sheet was prepared.

| Liabilities | ₹ | Assets | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Share capital: |  | Goodwill | 60,000 |
| 19,500 shares of ₹10 each | $1,95,000$ | Building | 48,000 |
| Sundry Creditors: |  | Machinery | 65,500 |
| Partly secured <br> (on Buildings) | 53,310 | Stock | 56,800 |
| Unsecured creditors | 99,790 | Sundry de btors | 48,820 |
| Preferential creditors | 24,200 | Cash | 2,500 |
| Bank ove rdraft | 8,000 | Profit \& Loss A/c | 98,680 |
|  | $\mathbf{3 , 8 0 , 3 0 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{3 , 8 0 , 3 0 0}$ |

Assets realised as follows:
Building ₹ 35,000
Machinery ₹ 51,000
Stock ₹ 39,000
Debtors 58,500
Cash 2,500
The expenses of liquidation amounted to ₹ 1000 . The liquidator's remuneration was agreed at $2.5 \%$ on the amount realized (including cash) and $2 \%$ on the amount paid to unsecured creditors.
Prepare liquidator's final statement of account.
\$\$\$\$\$\$

