Code No: RR100104



Max Marks: 80

I B.Tech Year(RR) Supplementary Examinations, May/June 2010 APPLIED CHEMISTRY

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Answer any FIVE Questions

All Questions carry equal marks ${}^{\star\,\star\,\star\,\star\,\star}$

1.	(a) What is corrosion? How is it different from erosion? Explain the term passivity with sui examples.	table [8]
	(b) Give an account of the oxidation corrosion with relevant chemical equations involved.	[8]
2.	(a) Give a brief account of cathodic protection method of preventing corrosion.	[8]
	(b) Write a brief account on anodic coatings.	[8]
3.	Compare the following	
	 (b) Write a brief account on anodic coatings. Compare the following (a) Drying oils with semidrying oils (b) Varnishes with emulsion paints (c) Lacquers with enamels (a) What is natural rubber? (b) How is crude rubber obtained from latex? (c) Write a note on preparation and uses of buna-Scrubber 	[5] [6] [5]
4.	(a) What is natural rubber?(b) How is crude rubber obtained from latex?(c) Write a note on preparation and uses of buna-S rubber.	
5.	(a) Describe a method for estimating temporary hardness of water using Hehner's procedure.	[8]
	(b) Outline the EDTA method for determining the permanent hardness of water.	[8]
6.	(a) What are the important sources of water?	[4]
	(b) Why is rain water the purest form of natural waters?	[2]
	(c) Calculate the temporary, permanent and total hardness in ppm units of a sample of water taining the following salts: $ \text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 = 14.6 \text{ mg/litre}; \text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 = 16.2 \text{ mg/litre}; \\ Mg(\text{HCO}_3)_2 = 13.6 \text{ mg/litre}; \text{NaCl} = 5.85 \text{ mg/litre}; \\ \text{Suspended impurities} = 5.5 \text{ mg/litre}. $	[8]
7.	(a) What are refractories? How are they useful in metallurgical industries?	[8]
	(b) Write a note on various types of gaseous dielectrics.	[8]
8.	(a) What is Portland cement? Why is it so named?	[8]
	(b) Explain the different ingredients of cement.	[8]
