Code No: R7210101

Time: 3 hours

II B.Tech I Semester(R07) Supplementary Examinations, May/June 2010 MATHEMATICS-II

(Common to Civil Engineering and Bio-Technology)

Max Marks: 80

[8+8]

Answer any FIVE Questions

All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) Find the rank of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 \\ 16 & 17 & 18 & 19 \end{bmatrix}$ by reducing the matrix to echelon form.
 - (b) Solve completely the system of equations. $x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 + 3x_4 = 0$ $x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 0$ $4x_1 + x_2 - 5x_3 + 8x_4 = 0$ $5x_1 - 7x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4 = 0$
- 2. (a) Show that the sum of eigen values of a square matrix A is trace A and the product of eigen values is det A.

(b) If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
, find A², A³, A⁻¹, A⁻² using Cayley-Hamilton theorem. [8+8]

3. Reduce the quadtratic form
$$x^2 - 4y^2 + 6z^2 + 2xy - 4xz + 2w^2 - 6zw$$
 into sum of squares. [16]

4. (a) Obtain the fourier series expansion of f(x) = x in 0 < x < L

(b) Find the fourier half-range sine series expansion of the function $\begin{array}{l}
f(x) &= \frac{\pi x}{4} & for \quad 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \\
&= \frac{\pi}{4} (\pi - x) & for \quad \frac{\pi}{2} < x \leq \pi
\end{array}$ [8+8]

5. (a) Derive the partial differential equation by eliminating the constants from the equation $2z = \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2}$ (b) solve the PDE : $z^2 = 1 + p^2 + q^2$

- (c) Find the complete integral of $pe^y = qe^x$ [5+6+5]
- 6. An insulated rod of length l has its ends A and B maintained at 0° and 100° c respectively until steady state conditions prevail. If B is suddenly reduced to 0° c, find the temperature at a distance x from A at time t. [16]
- 7. (a) Evaluate $F_c[x^{n-1}]$ if 0 < n < 1. Deduce that $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ is self reciprocal under fourier cosine transform.

(b) Find the finite fourier cosine transform of f(x) if f(x) =
$$\begin{cases} 1 & if \ 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ -1 & if \ \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

- 8. (a) If $Z\{u_n\} = \overline{u}(z)$, then prove that $Z(u_{n-k}) = Z^{-k} \overline{u}(z)$ (k>0) (b) If $Z\{u_n\} = \overline{u}(z)$, then prove that $Z(nu_n) = -Z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \{u(\overline{z})\}$
 - (c) Find $Z^{-1}\left\{\frac{z}{(z-1)(z-2)}\right\}$ [5+5+6]
