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- (b) A unit feedback system is characterized by an open-loop transfer function G (s) $=\frac{K}{S(S+5)}$. Determine the gain K so that the system will have a damping ratio of 0.5. For this value of K determine settling time, peak overshoot and times to peak overshoot for a unit-step input.
- 4 (a) How the roots of the characteristic equation are related to stability?
 - (b) The open loop transfer function of negative unity feedback system is given by $G(s) = \frac{K}{S(S^2+6s+10)}$. Sketch the root locus for K > 0. Determine the range of K for which the system is stable. Also find the value of K for which the system oscillates and frequency of oscillation.
- 5 (a) Explain the correlation between time and frequency response of a system.
 - (b) Explain the frequency response specifications.
- 6 (a) Draw & explain polar plots for type -0, type -1 & type -2 systems.
 - (b) Write a note on relation between root loci & Nyquist plots.

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1

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- 7 A unity feedback system has an open loop transfer function G (s) $=\frac{K}{S(1+2s)}$. Design a suitable log compensator so that phase margin is 40[°] and the steady error for ramp input is less than or equal to 0.2.
- 8 (a) Consider the network shown in figure 2 and obtain the state variable form:



Figure 2

(b) Explain properties and significance of state transition matrix.

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II B. Tech II Semester (R09) Regular Examinations, April/May 2012 CONTROL SYSTEMS (Electronics & Computer Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 70

2

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

1 (a) Explain the difference between open loop and closed loop systems.

Disc

(b) Derive the transfer function for the following rotational mechanical systems shown in figure1

 $K\theta$ Shaft $K\theta$ Stiffness KT
Viscous fluid
Rotational
Figure 1

- 2 (a) Explain the need of Mason's gain formula for any system reduction.
 - (b) Obtain the transfer function of $\frac{E_o(s)}{E_i(s)}$ of the electrical network shown in figure 2



- 3 (a) Explain error constants K_p , K_v , K_a for type -1 system.
 - (b) The open loop transfer of a unity feedback control system is given by G (s) $=\frac{K}{S(TS+1)}$ where K and T are positive constants. By what factor should the amplifier gain be reduced so that the peak overshoot of unit step of the system is reduced from 75% to 25%.

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2

- A unity feedback control system is characterized by the open-loop transfer function 4 (a) G (s) = $\frac{K(s+13)}{S(s+3)(S+7)}$.
 - (i) Using the Routh's criterion, determine the range of values of K for the system to be stable.
 - (ii) Check if for K = 1, all the roots of the characteristic equation of the above system have damping factor greater than 0.5.
 - Calculate the values of K and for the point in S-plane at which the root locus of (b) G(s) H(s) = $\frac{K}{S(S+2)(S^2+2S+2)}$ intersects the imaginary axis.
- 5 Draw the bode plots and find the gain margin and phase margin of a system represented by G(s) H(s) = $\frac{10 (s+1)}{s(s+0.05)(s+3)(s+5)}$

What is Nyquist path? Plot Nyquist stability for $G(s)H(s) = \frac{20}{s(1+0.1s)(1+0.5s)}$ 6

- For the unity feedback control system forward path transfer function G(s) = $\frac{\kappa}{S(S+4)(S+20)}$. 7 Design a lag-lead compensator so that $PM \ge 40^{\circ}$ and steady state error for unit ramp input ≤ 0.04 rad.
- Define state, state variable and explain the significance of state variable analysis. 8 (a)

A system is described by: (b)

ankerch $\dot{\mathbf{I}} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -4 & -1 \\ -1 & -6 & -2 \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_1 \\ \mathbf{x}_2 \\ \mathbf{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}.$

Mond?

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \cdots \\ \cdots \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the transfer function and construct the signal flow graph.

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b



Figure 1

- Explain the differences between AC servomotor and DC servomotor. (a)
 - (b) Determine the transfer function C(s)/R(s) for the following block diagram (figure 2)



Define time constant and explain its importance. 3 (a)

2

(b) For a negative feedback control system having forward path transfer function: $G(s) = \frac{\kappa}{s(s+6)}$ and H(s) = 1, determine the value of gain K for the system to have damping Κ

For this value of gain K, determine the complete time response ratio of 0.8. specifications.

- 4 (a)
- Define the terms: (i) Absolute stability (ii) Marginal stability (iii) Conditional stability. Plot the root loci for the closed loop control system with $G(s) = \frac{K}{S(S+1)(S^2+4s+5)} H(s) = 1$. (b)
- 5 Show that in bode magnitude plot the slope corresponding to a quadratic factor is -40 (a) dB/dec.
 - Explain with the help of examples: (i) Minimum phase function (b) (ii) Non minimum phase function (iii) All pass function.

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- 6 (a) Explain Nyquist stability criterion.
 - (b) A unity feedback control system has an open loop transfer function given by $G(s) H(s) = \frac{100}{(s+5)(s+2)}$. Draw the Nyquist diagram and determine its stability.

7 For G(S) = $\frac{K}{S(S+2)(S+20)}$. Design a lag compensator given phase margin $\ge 35^{\circ}$ and $K_v \le 20$.

8 Write the state equations of the system shown in figure 3 in which X_1 , X_2 and X_3 constitute the state vector. Determine whether the system is completely controllable and observable.





3



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II B. Tech II Semester (R09) Regular Examinations, April/May 2012 CONTROL SYSTEMS (Electronics & Computer Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

1

Max Marks: 70

4

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- (a) Explain with example, the use of control system concepts to engineering and non engineering fields.
- (b) For the mechanical system figure 1 given, write down the differential equations of motion and hence determine the $\frac{y_2(s)}{F(s)}$.



- 2 (a) Derive the transfer function for the field controlled d.c. servomotor with neat sketch.
 - (b) Explain the advantages and features of transfer function.
- 3 (a) Derive the time response of second order under damped system due to unit step input.
 (b) The unit step response of a second order linear system with zero initial state is given by c(t) = 1+1.25 e^{-6t} (sin 8 t-tan⁻¹ 1.333). Determine the damping ratio, undamped natural frequency of oscillations and peak overshoot.
- 4 (a) Show that the Routh's stability criterion and Hurwitz stability criterion are equivalent.
 - (b) Draw the root locus diagram for a feedback system with open-loop transfer function $G(s) = \frac{K(S+5)}{S(S+3)}$ following systematically the rules for the construction of root locus. Show that the root locus in the complex plane is a circle.
- 5 (a) Define bandwidth and derive the expression for the bandwidth of a second order system.
- (b) Bring out the correlation between time response & frequency response and hence show that the correlation exists for the range of damping ration $0 < \zeta < 0.707$.
- 6 The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback control system is $G(s) = \frac{10}{S(S+1)(S+5)}$. Draw its polar plot and hence determine its phase margin and gain margin.
- 7 The uncompensated open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is $G(s) = \frac{K}{S(1+0.5s)}$. Design a phase-lead compensator to meet the specifications: (i) For a unit ramp-input the steady state error should be less than or equal to 0.1 units. (ii) Phase margin of the system be greater than 40° .
- 8 (a) Define controllability and observability.
 - (b) Consider now that the system has forcing function and is represented by the following non homogeneous state equation $\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$ where u is the step function. Compute the solution of this equation assuming the initial state vector is $\mathbf{x}_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
