

R7

B.Tech III Year I Semester (R07) Supplementary Examinations, May 2012 **CONTROL SYSTEMS**

(Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering)

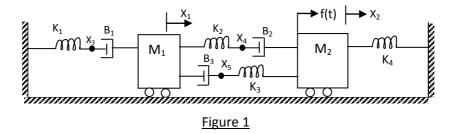
Time: 3 hours

Code: R7 311003

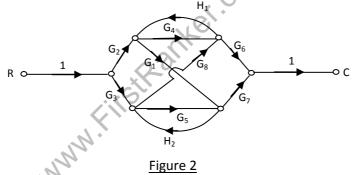
Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1 (a) List the differences between open loop and closed loop control systems.
 - (b) For the mechanical translational system shown below in figure (1). Find transfer function $\frac{X_2(S)}{F(S)}$



2 Find the overall transfer function of the system whose signal flow graph shown in figure (2).



- 3 (a) What are the standard test signals? Give their representations mathematically and graphically.
 - (b) Find the steady state error for unit step, unit ramp and unit parabolic inputs for the system: $G(S) = \frac{1000(S+1)}{(S+10)(S+50)}$
- 4 (a) State and explain Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion.
 - Consider the characteristic equation: $\dot{S}^4 + 2S^3 + 8S^2 + 4S + 3 = 0$, comment on its (b) stability.

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5 (a) Draw the Bode magnitude plot for the system having transfer function:

$$G(S) = \frac{2000(S+1)}{S(S+10)(S+40)}$$

- (b) Explain the significance of Bode plots in stability studies of linear control systems.
- 6 Sketch the Nyquist plot and determine there from the stability of the following open loop transfer function of unity feedback control system: $G(S) H(S) = \frac{K(S+2)}{S^2(S+1)}$.
- 7 Design a lead compensator for a unity feedback system with openloop transfer function $G(S) = \frac{K}{S(S+1)(S+5)}$, to satisfy the following specifications.
 - (a) Velocity error constant, $K_v \ge 50$.
 - (b) Phase margin $\geq 20^{\circ}$.

8 The state model of a system is given by

 $\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u \text{ and } y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}.$

Transform this state model into a canonical state model, also compute the state transition matrix.

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