

Code: 9A04502 R09

## III B. Tech I Semester (R09) Supplementary Examinations, May 2012

## LINEAR IC APPLICATIONS

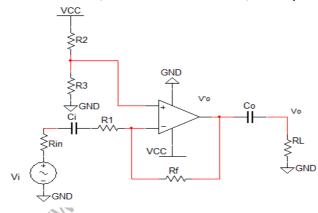
(Electronics & Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 70

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1 (a) Draw the equivalent circuits of emitter coupled differential amplifier from which calculate  $A_d$ .
  - (b) Draw the block diagram of four stage cascaded amplifier. Explain the function of each block.
- 2 (a) Discuss the electrical characteristics of an OP-AMP in detail.
  - (b) Discuss the three basic types of linear IC packages and briefly explain the characteristics of each.
- For the inverting amplifier with a single supply shown below determine:
  - (a) Band width. (b) Maximum ideal voltage swing.
  - (c) Sketch output waveforms  $V_O$  and  $V_O$  if  $V_{in}$  = 200 mV peak sine wave at 1 KHz.

If 
$$R_1 = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$$
,  $R_2 = R_3 = R_f = 100 \text{ K}\Omega$ ,  $C_i = C_O = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ .



- 4 (a) Design a saw tooth wave form generator using OP-AMP and plot the waveforms for the given specifications: frequency: 5 KHz,  $V_{sat}$ = ± 15 V. (Assume necessary data).
  - (b) Explain how an operational amplifier is used as a basic comparator.
- 5 (a) Find the order of a low pass filter which provider -60 dB attenuation at  $w/w_0 = 2$ .
  - (b) Design a third order Butterworth low pass with upper cutoff frequency 1 KHz.
- 6 (a) Configure a 555 timer as a Schmitt trigger and explain.
  - (b) Explain frequency translation and FSK demodulation using 565 PLL.
- 7 (a) Classify commonly available analog to digital converters.
  - (b) Describe the operation of successive approximation type analog to digital converter.
- 8 Derive the output voltage expression for:
  - (i) Analog voltage multiplier circuit. (ii) Analog voltage divider circuit.

\*\*\*\*