

Code: 9A04603

R9

B.Tech IV Year I Semester (R09) Supplementary Examinations, May 2013

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 70

Answer any FIVE questions
All questions carry equal marks

- Check for causality and stability of following systems:
 - $y(n) = x(n) + x(n-1) + x(n-2)$.
 - $y(n) - 2y(n-1) = x(n)$.
- Determine the circular convolution of the following sequences and compare the results with linear convolution.

$$x(n) = \{1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1\}$$

$$h(n) = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 3, 2, 1\}$$
- Given the sequences $x_1(n)$ and $x_2(n)$ below, compute the circular convolution using DIF-FFT algorithm.

$$x_1(n) = \{2, 1, 1, 2\} \quad x_2(n) = \{1, -1, -1, 3\}$$
- State and prove following properties of z-transform:
 - Time reversal.
 - Time convolution.
 - Differentiation in z-domain.
- Convert the following analog filter transfer function using backward difference method and impulse invariant method.

$$H(s) = 1/(s+2)(s+4)$$
- A low pass filter has the desired frequency response as given by:

$$H_d(e^{j\omega}) = e^{-j\omega} \quad -\pi/4 \leq \omega \leq \pi/4$$

$$= 1 \quad \pi/4 \leq |\omega| \leq \pi$$

Determine the filter coefficients $h_d(n)$ if the window function is used is

$$w(n) = 1 \quad 0 \leq \omega \leq 5$$

$$= 0 \quad \text{otherwise}$$

Also determine the frequency response $H(e^{j\omega})$ of the designed filter.
- The spectrum of a signal $x(n)$ is symmetrical triangular pulse with amplitude of '2' and frequency boundaries are -0.25 to 0.25. Sketch the spectrum and sketch spectrums of:
 - The zero interpolated signal $y(n) = x(n/2)$.
 - The decimated signal $d(n) = x(2n)$.
 - The signal $g(n)$ that equals to $x(n)$ for even n , and zero for odd n .
- With the help of block diagram, explain about signal compression system
