Code: R7310104

R7

B.Tech III Year I Semester (R07) Supplementary Examinations, May 2013 WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

> Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- Explain weighing bucket rain gauge with neat sketch. 1 (a)
 - (b) Give the advantages and disadvantages of recording rain-gauges.
- 2 Explain water balance and energy balance methods of evaporation measurement.
- 3 From the topographical map of a drainage basin the following quantities are measured. A = 3480 km^2 , L = 148 km and L_c = 74 km. The 12h unit hydrograph derived for the basin has a peak ordinate of 155 m³/sec occurring at 40h. Find the coefficients C_t and C_p for the synthetic unit hydrograph of the basin.
- 4 (a) Explain the principle of discharge measurement in the electromagnetic induction and ultrasonic method
 - (b) How are the discharges adjusted when they are measured under unsteady flow conditions?
- For conducting permeability tests in a well penetrating an unconfined aguifer, two observation well A and B are located at distances 15 and 30 m respectively from the centre of the well. When the well is pumped at a rate of 5 lps, it is observed that the elevations of the water table above the impervious layer, up to which the well extends are 12.0 and 12.5 respectively and A and B. Calculate the permeability of the aguifer in m/day.
 - (b) A 4.5 m diameter open well has a discharge of 30.0 m³/h with a drawdown of 2.0 m. Estimate the:
 - (i) Specific capacity per unit well area of the aquifer and
 - (ii) Discharge from a 5.0 m open well in this aguifer under a depression head of 2.5 m.
- 6 (a) What are the different types of irrigation systems? Discuss each of these systems briefly.
 - (b) Describe layout of fields, irrigation and drainage systems.
- 7 (a) Describe with the help of sketch various forms of soil moisture. Which of these soil moistures is mainly available for utilization by the plants?
 - (b) Find the field capacity of a soil for the following data:

(i) Depth of root zone = 2 m

= 6% (ii) Existing water content

 $= 1400 \text{ kg/ m}^3$ (iii) Dry density of soil $= 500 \text{ m}^3$ (iv) Water applied to soil

(v) Water lost due to evaporation and deep percolation = 10 %

 $= 1000 \text{ m}^2$ (vi) Area of land irrigated

Derive an expression for the silt transporting capacity of a channel according to Kennedy's theory. 8 Describe Lacey's theory for the design of irrigation channel in alluvial soil.