B.Tech I Year (R07) Supplementary Examinations December/January 2015/2016

MATHEMATICAL METHODS

(Common to EEE, ECE, ME, CSE, EIE, IT, E.Con.E, ECC & CSS)

(For 2008 Regular admitted batch only)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- Investigate for what value of λ and μ the system of simultaneous equations: x + y + z = 6; x + 2y + 3z = 10; $x + 2y + \lambda z = \mu$ has:
 - (a) No solution.
 - (b) A unique solution.
 - (c) An infinite number of solutions.
- 2 Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
 - (a) Satisfies its characteristic equation
 - (b) Find A^{-1} .
- 3 Let the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3+4i \\ 3-4i & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ then:
 - (a) Show that 'A' is hermitian.
 - (b) Find its Eigen vectors.
- 4 (a) Evaluate the root of equation $e^x = 4x$, which is approximately 2 correct to three decimal places.
 - (b) Given f(x) = 168,192,336 at x = 1,7,15 respectively use Lagrange's formula and find the value of f(10).
- 5 (a) Fit a second degree parabola to the following data:

Х	0	1	2	3	4
У	1	1.8	1.3	2.5	6.3

- (b) Calculate the value $\int_0^6 \frac{x}{1+x} dx$ correct up to three significant figures taking six intervals by trapezoidal rule.
- 6 (a) Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^3 + y$, y(0) = 1 compute y(0.2) by Euler's method taking h = 0.01.
 - (b) Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$, with the initial condition that y = 1 when x = 0 compute y(0.1) correct to four places of decimal by using Taylor's series method.
- Obtain Fourier series expansion for the function f(x) given by $f(x) = 1 + \frac{2x}{\pi}$, $-\pi \le x \le 0$. Hence deduce that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$.
- 8 (a) Form a partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary ϕ from $z = x^2 \phi(x y)$.
 - (b) If $Z[\{f(n)\}] = \frac{3z^2 4z + 7}{(z-1)^3}$. Find the values of f(0), f(1), f(2) and f(3).