

Code: 13A54101

B.Tech I Year (R13) Supplementary Examinations December/January 2015/2016

MATHEMATICS – I

(Common to all branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
 - (a) Eliminate C from the equation $y = Ce^{\sin^{-1} x}$
 - (b) Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + (\cot x)y = \cos x$.
 - (c) Find C.F $y''' - 7y'' + 14y' - 8y = 0$.
 - (d) Find Particular Integral of $(D^2 + 5D + 6)y = e^x$.
 - (e) If $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$ find $\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, \theta)}$.
 - (f) Explain Stationary points and Stationary Values.
 - (g) Find the Laplace Transform of $e^{-3t}(2\cos 5t - 3\sin 5t)$.
 - (h) Find $L^{-1} \left[\log \frac{1+s}{s^2} \right] = \text{---}$
 - (i) Find Div \vec{f} where $\vec{f} = \text{grad}(x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz)$.
 - (j) State Green's theorem in xy-plane.

PART – B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT - I

- 2 (a) Solve $(1 + y^2) + (x - e^{\tan^{-1} y}) \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$
- (b) A body kept in air with temperature 25°C cools from 140°C to 80°C in 20 min. Find when the body cools down to 35°C .

OR

- 3 (a) Solve $(D^2 + a^2)y = \tan ax$ by method of variation of parameter.
- (b) Solve $y'' + y = e^{-x} + x^3 + e^x \sin x$

UNIT - II

- 4 (a) Verify whether the following functions are functionally dependent, if so, find the relation between them $u = \frac{x+y}{1-xy}$, $v = \tan^{-1} x + \tan^{-1} y$.
- (b) Examine the following function for extreme values $f(x, y) = x^4 + y^4 - 2x^2 + 4xy - 2y^2$

OR

- 5 A rectangular box open at the top is to have volume of 32 cubic feet. Find the dimensions of the box requiring least material for its construction.

UNIT - III

- 6 Trace the curve $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$

OR

- 7 Find the length of arc of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ cut off by the line $3y = 8x$.

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UNIT - IV

8 (a) Find the Laplace Transform of the following:

(i) $\frac{\sin 2t}{t}$, (ii) $\frac{e^{-4t} \sin 3t}{t}$.

(b) Find the inverse Laplace Transform of $\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)^2}$ using Convolution theorem.

OR

9 Solve by Laplace Transform method. $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 4$, where $y(0) = 2$; $y'(0) = 3$.

UNIT - V

10 Verify Stoke's theorem for $F = (x^2 + y^2)i - 2xyj$ taken around the rectangle bounded by the lines $x = \pm a$, $y = 0$, $y = b$.

OR

11 (a) Prove that $\text{div}(\text{grad } r^m) = m(m+1)r^{m-2}$.

(b) Find the directional derivative of $f = xy + yz + zx$ in the direction of vector $i + 2j + 2k$ at the point $(1, 2, 0)$.

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