

Code: R7210202

B.Tech II Year I Semester (R07) Supplementary Examinations December 2015 FLUID MECHANICS & HYDRAULIC MACHINERY

(Electrical & Electronics Engineering) (For 2008 Regular admitted batch only)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- (a) A plate has an area of 1 m². It slides down on inclined plane having angle of inclination 45° to the horizontal with a velocity of 0.5 m/s. The thickness of oil film between the plane and the plate is 1 mm. Find the viscosity of the fluid if the weight of the plate is 70.72 N.
 - (b) Explain Piezometer and U-tube manometer briefly.
- 2 (a) Derive continuity equation for one dimensional flow.
 - (b) Water is flowing through a tapering pipe having diameters 300 mm and 150 mm at sections 1 and 2 respectively. The discharge through the pipe is 40 lps. The section 1 is 10 m above datum and section 2 is 6 m above datum. Find the intensity of pressure at section 2 if that at section 1 is 400 kN/m².
- 3 At a sudden enlargement of a water main from 240 mm to 480 mm diameter, the hydraulic gradient rises by 10 mm. Estimate the rate of flow.
- A jet of water having a velocity of 15 m/s strikes a curved vane which is moving with a velocity of 5 m/s in the same direction as that of the jet at inlet. The vane is so shaped that the jet is deflected through 135°. The diameter of the jet is 100 mm. Assuming the vane to be smooth find force exerted by the jet on the vane in the direction of motion, power exerted on the vane and efficiency of the vane.
- 5 What are the various types of hydropower plants? Explain in detail.
- A Francis turbine with an overall efficiency of 70% is required to produce 147.15 kW. It is working under a head of 8 m. The peripheral velocity = $0.30\sqrt{2gH}$ and the radial velocity of flow at inlet is $0.96\sqrt{2gH}$. The wheel runs at 200 r.p.m and the hydraulic losses in the turbine are 20% of the available energy. Assume radial discharge, determine the guide blade angle, the wheel vane angle at inlet and diameter of the wheel at inlet and width of wheel at inlet.
- 7 (a) A Pelton wheel develops 5520 kW under a head of 240 m at an overall efficiency of 80% when revolving at a speed of 200 r.p.m. Find the unit discharge, unit power and unit speed. Assume peripheral coefficient = 0.46. If the head on the same turbine falls during the summer season to 160 m, find the discharge, power and speed for this head.
 - (b) Explain the term 'Cavitation' with respect to turbines.
- 8 (a) A double acting reciprocating pump having piston area 0.1 m² has a stroke 0.30 m long. The pump is discharging 2.4 m³ of water per minute at 457 pm, through a height of 10 m. Find the slip of the pump and the power required to drive the pump.
 - (b) Give the classification of centrifugal pumps.

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