

**R07****Code: R7310405**

B.Tech III Year I Semester (R07) Supplementary Examinations December 2015

**ANTENNAS & WAVE PROPAGATION**

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

(For 2008 regular admitted batch only)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE questions

All questions carry equal marks

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- 1 (a) Define term antenna efficiency. Obtain the expression for antenna efficiency. Write different types of losses in antenna.  
(b) A transmitting antenna has an effective height of 61.4 meter and takes a r.m.s current of 50 A at a wavelength of 625 meter. Find the radiation resistance, radiation power and antenna efficiency if the antenna loss is 5 ohm.
- 2 (a) What is loop antenna? Explain about different types of loop antennas.  
(b) Calculate the rms current required to radiate a power of 150 W at 100 MHz from 0.01 m long infinitesimal dipole. Find the magnitudes of E and H at (100 m, 0 and 90 degrees).
- 3 (a) How an unidirectional pattern is obtained in an end fire array? Explain in detail.  
(b) Derive the expression for HPBW and BWFN in End Fire Array.
- 4 (a) Explain about the following in detail:  
(i) Resonant antenna.  
(ii) Non Resonant antenna.  
(b) Explain about parallel and series connection in rhombic antenna.
- 5 (a) Define the parabola and explain how waves are collimated by a parabola.  
(b) A circular parabolic reflector having the directivity of 20 dB, frequency of 10 MHz and effective aperture 2 m. Calculate the mouth diameter and illumination efficiency.
- 6 (a) Explain the bench set-up required for the antenna measurement.  
(b) Explain the pattern requirements for the antenna measurements.
- 7 (a) Define sky wave propagation and explain its characteristics.  
(b) Derive the expression for the refractive index of ionosphere.
- 8 (a) From the fundamentals, derive the expression for the free-space propagation equation.  
(b) A communication link is to be established between two points separated by 100 km using half wave dipoles for maximum directive gain. The transmitter power is 1 kW and the frequency of operation is 100 MHz. What is the maximum power received by the receiver?

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