

B.Tech I Year (R13) Supplementary Examinations June 2016

**ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS**

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

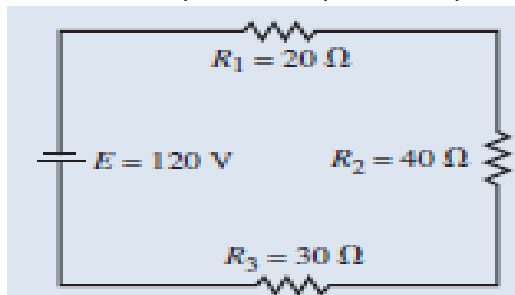
**PART – A**

(Compulsory Question)

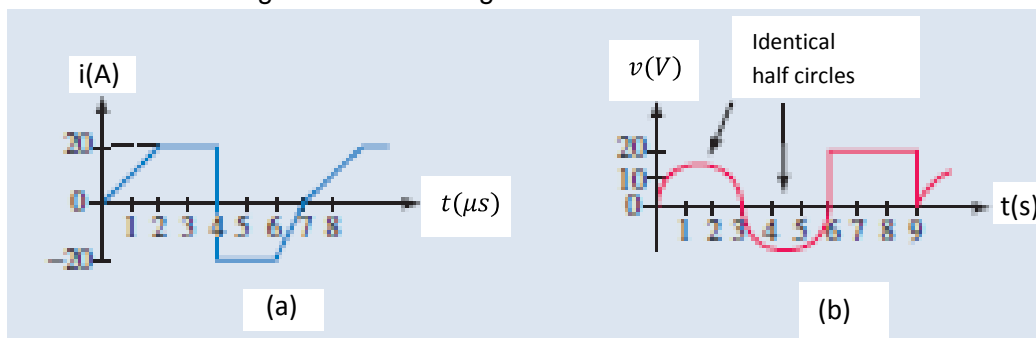
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1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

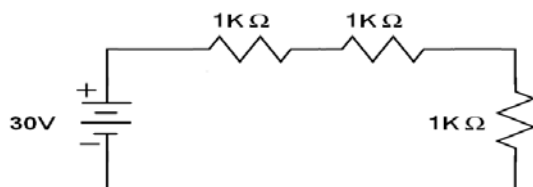
- (a) Show that the power dissipated is equal to the power delivered.



- (b) Define Self inductance.  
(c) A voltage source has internal impedance  $(4+j5)$  ohm. Find the load impedance for maximum power transfer.  
(d) Determine the averages for the circuit given below:



- (e) A resistance 5 ohms, inductance 0.02 H and capacitor  $5\mu\text{F}$  are connected in series. Find the resonance frequency and the power factor at resonance.  
(f) Three identical resistors of  $20\ \Omega$  each are connected in star to a 415 V, 50 Hz, three-phase supply, calculate the total power consumed, If they are connected in delta.  
(g) Obtain the dual circuit for the below figure.



- (h) State Thevenin's theorem.  
(i) Define time constant for RL & RC circuits.  
(j) A series RLC circuit with  $R = 10\ \Omega$ ,  $L = 2\ \text{H}$  and  $C = 1\ \text{F}$  has a constant voltage of 100 V applied at  $t = 0$ . Determine the initial values of  $i(t)$  and  $di(t)/dt$ .

Contd. in page 2

**PART - B**

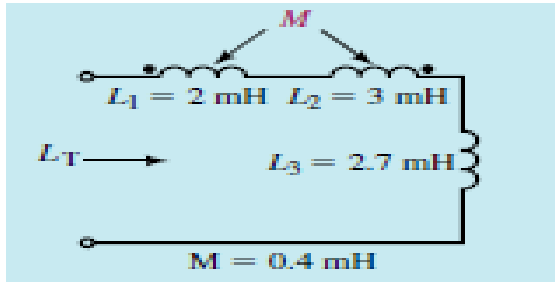
(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

**UNIT - I**

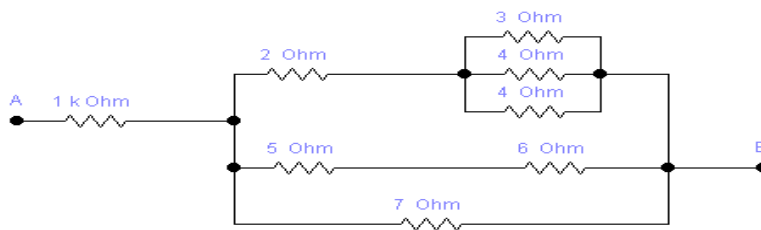
- 2 The number of turns in a coil is 250. When a current of 2 A flows in this coil, the flux in the coil is 0.3 mWb. When this current is reduced to zero in 2 ms, the voltage induced in a coil lying in the vicinity of coil is 63.75 volts. If the coefficient of coupling between the coils is 0.75, find self-inductance of the two coils, mutual inductance and number of turns in the second coil.

**OR**

- 3 (a) Three inductors are connected in series (Figure). Coils 1 and 2 interact, but coil 3 does not.  
(i) Determine the effective inductance of each coil.  
(ii) Determine the total inductance of the series connection.



- (b) Find the equivalent resistance between A & B for the circuit shown in figure below.



**UNIT - II**

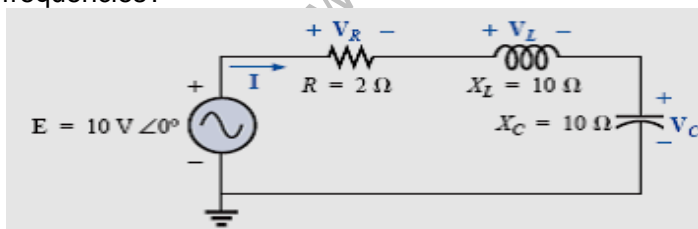
- 4 Derive the expression for RMS value and average value of an AC circuit.

**OR**

- 5 (a) Justify the line current is equal to  $1/\sqrt{3}$  times of phase current under the balanced load condition  
(b) Given  $v = 20\sin(\omega t + 30^\circ)$  and  $i = 18\sin(\omega t - 40^\circ)$ , draw the phasor diagram, determine phase relationships and sketch the waveforms.

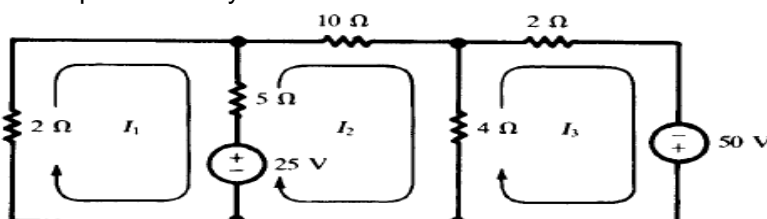
**UNIT - III**

- 6 For the series resonant circuit of figure given below:  
(i) Find  $I$ ,  $V_R$ ,  $V_L$ , and  $V_C$  at resonance. (ii) What is the  $Q_s$  of the circuit? (iii) If the resonant frequency is 5000 Hz, find the bandwidth. (iv) What is the power dissipated in the circuit at the half-power frequencies?



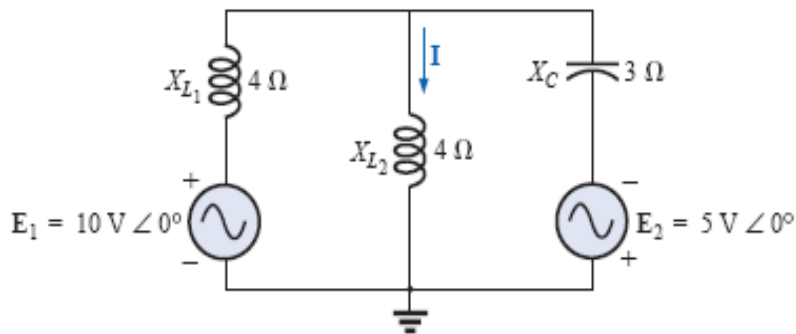
**OR**

- 7 Solve loop currents by the mesh current method.



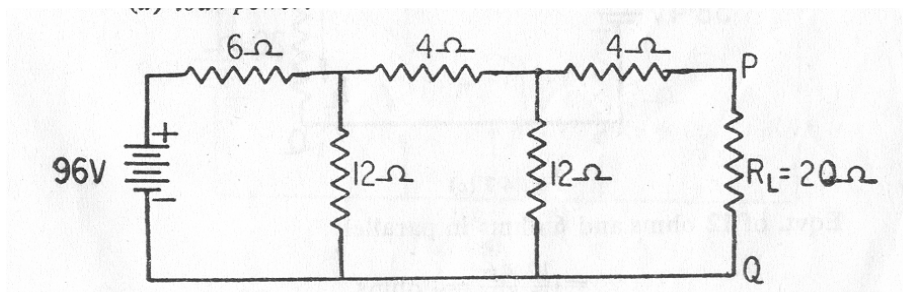
**UNIT - IV**

- 8 Using the superposition theorem, find the current  $I$  through the  $4\Omega$  ( $X_{L2}$ ).



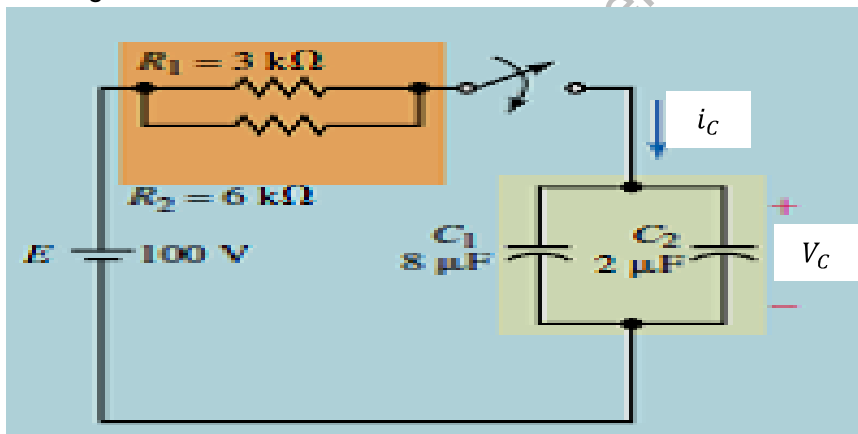
OR

- 9 For the following figure. Find the Thevenin equivalent circuit, load current and power consumed by load.



**UNIT - V**

- 10 For the circuit shown in figure below, determine expressions for  $V_C$  and  $i_C$ . Capacitors are initially uncharged.



OR

- 11 Derive the current response of series RL circuit.

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