



B.Tech I Year II Semester (R15) Regular & Supplementary Examinations May/June 2017

ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS – I

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

PART – A

Max. Marks: 70

(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
 - (a) Three arms of star network has 6 Ω resistance. What is the equivalent delta network arm resistance?
 - (b) Define Faradays laws of electromagnetic induction.
 - (c) Draw voltage current and power waveforms for pure inductive circuit.
 - (d) Draw phasor diagram for simple RC series circuit.
 - (e) Define resonance in electrical circuits.
 - (f) Draw locus diagram for series RL circuit with 'L" as the variable parameters.
 - (g) Define compensation theorem.
 - (h) State Norton's theorem.
 - (i) Define z-parameters.
 - (j) What is the condition of reciprocity and symmetry in ABCD parameters?

PART – B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

- 2 (a) Define coefficient of coupling.
 - (b) An iron ring of 30 cm in diameter and 10 cm² cross-section is wound with 300 turns of wire. For a flux density of 1 Wb/m² and a permeability of 600. Find the exciting current and inductance when there is a 1 mm air-gap.
- 3 Using node voltage analysis for the circuit shown in figure below. Find all the node voltages and currents in all the branches.



- 4 (a) Show that the power through pure inductor when excited with $e = E_m Sin \omega t$ is zero.
 - (b) In a series parallel circuit, the two parallel branches A and B are in series with C. The impedances are $Z_a = 10 + j8$, $Z_b = 9 j6$ and $Z_c = 3 + j2 \Omega$, voltage across Z_c is 100 + j0 V. Find the currents and phase angles.

OR

- 5 (a) A resistor R is connected in series with a capacitor C and the combination is connected across a 100 V,
 50 Hz supply. The voltage drop across the resistor is 60 V, the power dissipated in the resistor is 108 W.
 Find R and C.
 - (b) Define RMS value and Average value.

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UNIT – III

- 6 Draw locus diagrams for series RLC circuit with all parameter variations.
 - OR
- 7 A circuit consists of a 4 μ *F* capacitor in parallel with a coil of resistance 40 Ω and inductance of 0.25H. If the voltage applied to the circuit at this frequency is 250 V. Calculate the current in each branch, supply current and current magnification.

UNIT – IV

8 In the network shown in figure below, what load Z_L will receive maximum power.



9 State and prove Norton's theorem for both AC and DC networks.



10 Derive the relation between transmission parameters and admittance parameters.

OR

11 Determine z-parameters for the given network.

