



Max. Marks: 70

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R13) Supplementary Examinations May/June 2017

# ANALOG COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

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# PART – A

### (Compulsory Question)

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- Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
  - (a) Define modulation.
  - (b) State the difference between single side band and vestigial side band transmission system.
  - (c) Differentiate phase and frequency modulation.
  - (d) What are the applications of phase locked loop?
  - (e) Define signal to noise ratio.
  - (f) What is thermal noise?
  - (g) What is meant by figure of merit of a receiver?
  - (h) What is the purpose of preemphasis and deemphasis in FM?
  - (i) Define channel capacity of the discrete memory less channel.
  - (j) What is entropy?

### PART – B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

## UNIT – I

2 Analyze the concepts of AM modulation and derive the equation of an AM wave. Also draw the modulated AM wave for various modulation index.

#### OR

3 Explain about balanced modulator to generate DSB-SC signal.

# UNIT – II

4 Derive the expression for the frequency modulated signal. Explain what is meant by narrowband FM and wideband FM.

## OR

- 5 An angle modulated signal with carrier frequency  $\omega_c = 2\pi X \, 10^5$  is described by the equation  $\varphi_{EM}(t) = 10 \cos(\omega_c t + 5 \sin 3000 t + 10 \sin 2000 \pi t)$ .
  - (a) Find the power of the modulated signal.
  - (b) Find the frequency deviation  $\Delta f$ .
  - (c) Find the deviation ratio  $\beta$ .
  - (d) Estimate the bandwidth of  $\varphi_{EM}(t)$ .

### UNIT – III

OR

6 Explain noise in FM and PM systems.

7 Explain the following:

(b)

(a) Time domain representation of narrow band noise.

Quadrature representation of narrow band noise.

# UNIT – IV

- 8 Explain pulse position modulation in detail.
- 9 Write short notes on: (i) Sensitivity. (ii) Selectivity. (iii) Fidelity in radio receiver measurements.
- 10 (a) A discrete source emits one of five symbols once every millisecond. The symbol probabilities are  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{16}, and \frac{1}{16}$  respectively. Find the source entropy and information rate?
  - (b) A binary source is emitting an independent sequence of 0's and 1's with probabilities 'p' and '1-p' respectively. Plot the entropy of the source versus 'p' (0<p<1).

## OR

11 Discuss source coding theorem, www.Firstaranyesracomsadvantages of channel coding in detail.