

B.Tech II Year II Semester (R13) Supplementary Examinations May/June 2017

NETWORK ANALYSIS

(Electronics & Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

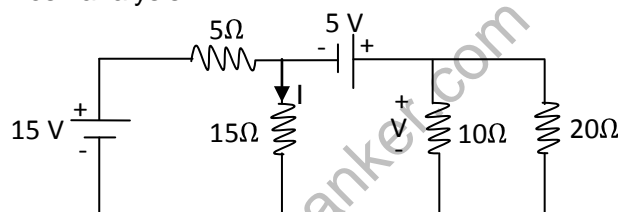
- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
 - (a) State Tellegen's theorem.
 - (b) Define 'Tree' of a graph.
 - (c) Define time constant of RL circuit.
 - (d) What is the difference between average power and apparent power?
 - (e) Define 'Q' factor.
 - (f) What is an ideal transformer?
 - (g) What are the advantages of state variable approach?
 - (h) Express Z_{22} in terms of Y – parameters.
 - (i) List any two properties of symmetrical network.
 - (j) Define neper.

PART - B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

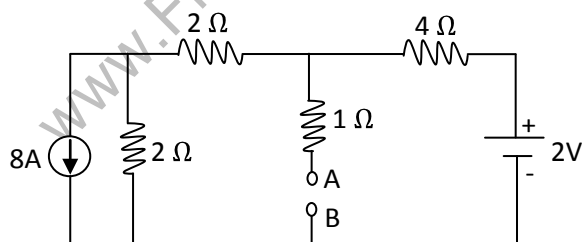
UNIT - I

- 2 Find V and I using mesh analysis.



OR

- 3 Obtain the Thevenin's equivalent for the given circuit.

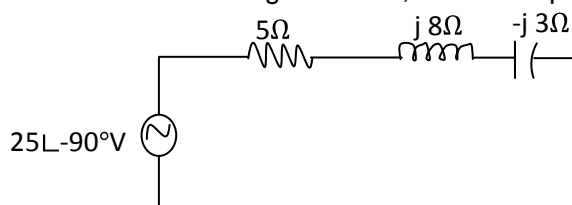


UNIT - II

- 4 An RL series circuit with $R = 300\ \Omega$ and $L = 1\text{H}$ has a sinusoidal voltage $v = 100 \cos(100t + \phi)$ volts. If the switch is closed when $\phi = 45^\circ$, obtain the resulting current $i(t)$.

OR

- 5 For the circuit shown in the figure below, determine power factor, average & apparent power.



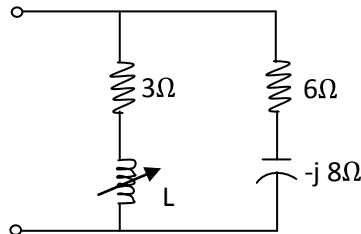
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UNIT - III

- 6 A series RLC circuit with $R = 30 \Omega$, $L = 0.5H$ results in a leading phase angle of 60° at a frequency of 50 Hz. At what frequency will the circuit be resonant?

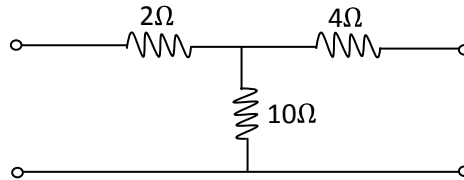
OR

- 7 Determine the value of L for which the circuit shown in figure below is resonant at a frequency of $\omega = 10,000 \text{ rad/sec}$.



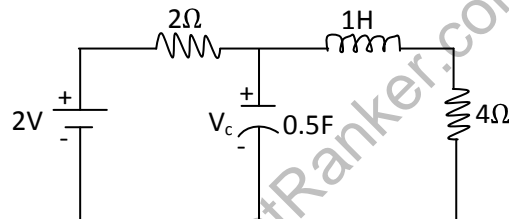
UNIT - IV

- 8 Find the h-parameters for the network shown in figure below.



OR

- 9 Write the state equation for the circuit shown in figure below.



UNIT - V

- 10 Design a constant – K low pass filter, both T and π sections having a cut-off frequency of 2 kHz to operate with a terminated load resistance of 500Ω .

OR

- 11 Design a m-derived high pass filter with a cut off frequency of 10 kHz, design impedance of 600Ω and $m = 0.3$.
