

## B.Tech III Year I Semester (R13) Supplementary Examinations June 2017

## LINEAR IC APPLICATIONS

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

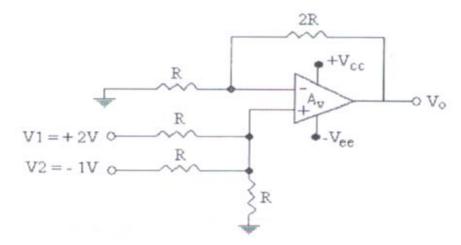
Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

## PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

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- 1 Answer the following:  $(10 \times 02 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 
  - (a) Draw the ideal voltage transfer curve of op amp.
  - (b) What are the ideal characteristics of op amp?
  - (c) Derive the expression for the gain for inverting amplifier with feedback.
  - (d) Define slew rate.
  - (e) Calculate the output voltage  $V_0$  for the following non-inverting op amp summer.



- (f) List out the advantages of active filter.
- (g) Draw the output wave form for non-inverting comparator with negative reference.
- (h) List out the applications of analog multiplier.
- (i) Define resolution and accuracy.
- (j) Compare successive approximation, dual slope and flash type ADC's.

## PART - B

(Answer all five units,  $5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$ )

UNIT – I

- 2 (a) Draw the JFET input operational amplifier using dual Op-amp and explain its operation.
  - (b) Draw and describe the various functional blocks of an operational amplifier IC. Explain each block.

**OR** 

- 3 (a) Write the small signal analysis of differential amplifier.
  - (b) Derive CMRR from the above analysis.

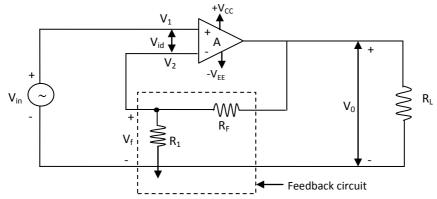
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UNIT – II

- 4 (a) List out the four negative feedback configurations. How does negative feedback effect on the performance of inverting amplifier? Explain.
  - (b) Explain internally compensated op amp with the help of frequency response.

OR

5 (a) The 741C Op-amp having the following parameters is connected as a non inverting amplifier show in figure below, with  $R_1$  = 1 k $\Omega$ ,  $R_F$  = 10 k $\Omega$ , A = 2000,  $R_i$  = 1 M $\Omega$ ,  $R_0$  = 75 k $\Omega$ ,  $f_0$  = 5 Hz. Compute the values of  $A_F$ ,  $R_{iF}$ ,  $R_{0F}$ ,  $f_F$ .



(b) Define stability? Explain clearly about the stability of an Op-amp

UNIT – III

- 6 (a) Draw and explain the circuit diagram of instrumentation amplifier and derive the expression for gain.
  - (b) Design an Op-amp differentiator that will differentiate an input signal with  $f_{max} = 100 \text{ Hz}$ .

OR

- 7 (a) Design a second order low pass filter at high cutoff frequency of 1 kHz.
  - (b) Draw the frequency response of the network in part (a).

UNIT - IV

- 8 (a) Draw the circuit diagram of Wein Bridge oscillator. Derive the expression for its gain and frequency of oscillations.
  - (b) A 555 timer Astable multi vibrator uses  $R_A = 6.8 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_B = 3.3 \text{ k}\Omega$  and  $C = 0.1 \mu F$ . Calculate the free running frequency of oscillations.

OF

- 9 (a) Draw the block diagram of PLL. Explain one of the applications of PLL.
  - (b) Derive the Equation for the gate width of 555 monostable multivibrator with neat sketches.

UNIT – V

- 10 (a) Draw & explain the circuit diagram of successive approximation ADC. Write down its limitations.
  - (b) Calculate the values of the LSB, MSB and full scale output for an 8 bit DAC for the 0 to 10 V range.

OR

- 11 (a) Draw the circuit diagram of inverted R-2R ladder DAC network. Explain its working. List out the advantages over R-2R ladder network.
  - (b) Discuss about the over sampling in A/D converters.

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