Code: 9A01606



B.Tech III Year II Semester (R09) Supplementary Examinations May/June 2017

TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1 Explain with the help of neat sketches the significance of obligatory points in finalizing the alignment of a highway.
- 2 (a) What is camber? Why camber is to be provided for a road surface? Explain. Also give the design guidelines for camber to be provided for different types of pavement.
 - (b) What factors influence the geometric design of a highway? Explain.
- 3 (a) Define spot speed. Explain the importance of spot speed and the method of conducting spot speed surveys.
 - (b) With the help of neat diagrams explain the use of histogram and the cumulative speed distribution for explaining spot speed data.
- At a right angled intersection of two roads, Road A has four lanes with a total width of 12.0 m and Road B has two lanes with a total width of 6.6 m. The volume of traffic approaching the intersection during design hour is 900 and 743 PCU/hours on the two approaches of Road A and 278 and 180 PCU/hour on the two approaches of Road B. Design the signal timing as per IRC guidelines.
- 5 (a) Draw a neat sketch of diamond interchange and show the movement of traffic.
 - (b) Explain various limitations of rotary.
- 6 (a) Explain the design procedure of tie bars in a CC pavement.
 - (b) A CC pavement has a thickness of 18 cm and has two lanes of 7.2 m width with a longitudinal joint at the centre. Design the dimensions and spacing of the tie bars using the following data:

Allowable working stress in tension = 1400 kg/cm²

Unit weight of concrete = 2400 kg/ m³

Coefficient of friction = 1.5

Allowable bond stress in deformed bars in concrete = 24.6 kg/cm².

- 7 (a) Discuss about various components of aircraft weight.
 - (b) Discuss about the baggage processing facilities required in an airport terminal.
- The length of a runway under standard conditions is 1640 m. The airport site has an elevation of 280 m and its reference temperature is 33.5°C. If the runway is to be constructed with an effective gradient of 0.20 percent, determine the corrected runway length.
