

B.Tech III Year II Semester (R13) Regular & Supplementary Examinations May/June 2017

POWER SYSTEM PROTECTION
(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART - A
(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- What is "Sensitivity" and "Selectivity" of a relay?
 - What is distance protection?
 - List out the common types of generator faults.
 - What is inter-turn fault protection?
 - What is unit type protection?
 - What are the main elements of current carrier protection?
 - What is meant by making capacity of a circuit breaker?
 - What is current chopping?
 - What is meant by voltage surge?
 - What is the advantage of oxide film arrester?

PART - B
(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT - I

- 2 What is universal torque equation? Using this equation derive the impedance relay and reactance relay characteristics and indicate clearly the zones of operation and no-operation.

OR

- 3 What is comparator? Explain with phasor diagrams, characteristics of multi-input comparators.

UNIT - II

- 4 Describe various protection schemes of an alternator for different faults and abnormal running conditions.

OR

- 5 (a) What is magnetic inrush current?
(b) A 3-phase $\Delta - Y$ connected 30 mVA, 33/11 kV transformer is protected by a simple differential relaying scheme the CT ratio on the primary side is 500 : 5 and that on the secondary side is 2000 : 5. Sketch the CT connection diagram for the relay scheme. Also calculate the relay current setting for fault drawing up to 200% of rated current.

UNIT - III

- 6 Explain the zonal protection scheme for feeder. Describe the reactance relay characteristics for 3-zone protection. Also draw the contact circuit for the same.

OR

- 7 Describe the principle of bus-bar protection based on voltage differential systems. How does it overcome the problems of saturation of CT's?

UNIT - IV

- 8 Explain current chopping phenomenon associated with air blast circuit breaker and explain the working of an air blast circuit breaker with the help of suitable circuit diagrams.

OR

- 9 (a) Write short notes on capacitive current breaking.
(b) A 50 Hz, 11 kV, 3-phase alternator with earthed neutral has a resistance of 6 ohms per phase and is connected to a bus bar through a circuit breaker. The distributed capacitance up to circuit breaker between phase and neutral is $0.02 \mu F$. Determine: (i) Peak restriking voltage across the contacts of the breaker. (ii) Frequency of oscillations (iii) The average rate of rise of restriking voltage up to the first peak.

UNIT - V

- 10 (a) What is voltage surge? Draw typical lightning voltage surge.
(b) Discuss the causes of over voltages.

OR

- 11 Describe the construction, principle of operation and applications of: (i) Rod gaps. (ii) Expulsion gaps. (iii) Value type lightning arresters.
