



B.Tech III Year II Semester (R13) Regular & Supplementary Examinations May/June 2017 MICROWAVE ENGINEERING

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

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PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

- Answer the following: $(10 \times 02 = 20 \text{ Marks})$
 - (a) What is a dominant mode?
 - (b) For a cavity of dimensions 3 cm x 2 cm x 7 cm filled with air and made of copper, find the resonant frequency.
 - (c) Why H-plane T junction called as current junction?
 - (d) What is the coupling factor of a directional coupler?
 - (e) What is bunching process?
 - (f) What is a slow wave structure? Write two examples.
 - (g) What is a cross field tube?
 - (h) What is population inversion in Gunn diode?
 - (i) What are different methods used for power calculation.
 - (j) What is a double minimum method?

PART – B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

- 2 (a) Enumerate the basic advantages of microwaves.
 - (b) Draw the EM spectrum and list all the frequency ranges involved in microwave bands.
 - (c) Briefly explain the applications of microwaves.

OR

3 Deduce the electromagnetic field relations for the dominant mode in a rectangular waveguide from the Maxwell's equations.

UNIT – II

4 What is a magic Tee junction. Derive the S matrix of a magic Tee.

OR

5 (a) Explain the operation of circulator with a neat diagram.(b) A signal power 32mW is fed into one of the collinear ports of loss less H-Plane Tee. Determine the

UNIT – III

powers in the remaining ports when other ports are terminated by means of matched load.

6 Explain the construction, operation, operating characteristics of reflex klystron oscillator with a neat diagram.

OR

7 With a neat sketch, explain the structure and principle of operation of TWT Amplifier.

UNIT – IV

8 What are the bulk properties of GUNN diode that give rise to negative resistance?

OR

9 Why pi-mode operation is preferred in cylindrical type magnetron? Give its working principle with neat sketches.

UNIT – V

10 Give the measurement procedure for Q factor of a resonant cavity and attenuation constant at microwave frequencies.

OR

(a) Draw a neat sketch of a MW test bench for impedance measurements using reflectometer.
(b) Two identical directional are used in a waveguide to sample the incident and reflected powers. The output of the two coupler is found to be 2.5mW and 0.15mW. Find the values of VSWR in the wave guide.

Max. Marks: 70