

Code: 13A04404

B.Tech III Year II Semester (R13) Regular & Supplementary Examinations May/June 2017

ANALOG COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A
(Compulsory Question)

1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

- (a) What is the need for modulation?
- (b) Define amplitude modulation.
- (c) Compare WBFM and NBFM.
- (d) Define phase modulation.
- (e) What is white noise?
- (f) Define noise equivalent bandwidth.
- (g) State sampling theorem.
- (h) Draw the PPM waveforms.
- (i) Define Shannon's channel coding theorem.
- (j) Summarize the properties of entropy.

PART – B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

2 Explain envelope detector with neat block diagram. Analyze when negative peak clipping takes place in envelope detector.

OR

3 Explain super heterodyne AM receiver with a neat block diagram.

UNIT – II

4 Draw and explain block diagram of Armstrong indirect FM transmitter.

OR

5 Describe the concept of Preemphasis and Deemphasis in FM broadcasting.

UNIT – III

6 Explain noise in DSB and SSB systems.

OR

7 Write short notes on:

- (a) Signal to noise ratio.
- (b) Probability of error.
- (c) Noise equivalent bandwidth.
- (d) Noise figure.

UNIT – IV

8 Explain Pulse amplitude modulation in detail.

OR

9 Write short notes on:

- (a) Natural and flat top sampling.
- (b) Radio receiver measurements.

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UNIT – V

- 10 (a) A source emits an independent sequence of symbols from a alphabet consists of five symbols A, B, C, D and E with symbol probabilities $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{3}{16}$ and $\frac{5}{16}$ respectively .Find the entropy of the source.
- (b) The output of an information source consists of 128 symbols, 16 of which occur with a probability of 1/32 and the remaining 112 occur with a probability of 1/224. The source emits 1000 symbols/sec. Assuming that the symbols are chosen independently. Find the average information rate of this source.
- OR**
- 11 Discuss about:
- (a) Rate of information over a discrete channels
- (b) Capacity of discrete memory less channels.

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